

Direction:

Answer the questions on the basis of the information given below.

Seven persons – P, Q, R, S, T, U and V like different pet animal – Dog, Cat, Cow, Rabbit, Goat, Horse and Duck but not necessarily in the same order. They hold different positions – AM (Assistant Manager), MG (Manager), DGM (Deputy General Manager), GM (General Manager), CGM (Chief General Manager), ED (Executive Director) and CEO (Chief Executive Officer). The positions given are in increasing order of seniority. AM is the least junior and the CEO is the most senior.

- (i) P is senior to only three persons. Person who likes Dog is senior to GM. R is junior to the one who likes Cow and senior to DGM.
- (ii) The one who is a DGM does not like Horse. The person who likes Cow is not the most senior. Q is junior to P but not the least junior and likes Horse.
- (iii) U is senior to one who likes Horse and junior to one who likes Dog. T is junior to GM. The one who likes Rabbit is junior to V and senior to DGM who likes Duck. U does not like Cow. S likes Cat.
- Question No. 1

The person who is a Manager likes which of the following animal?

Options:

1. Goat

2. Rabbit

3. Horse

4. Cat

5. None of these

Answer: Horse

Direction:

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(Deputy General Manager), GM (General Manager), CGM (Chief General Manager), ED (Executive Director) and CEO (Chief Executive Officer). The positions given are in increasing order of seniority. AM is the least junior and the CEO is the most senior.

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- (ii) The one who is a DGM does not like Horse. The person who likes Cow is not the most senior. Q is junior to P but not the least junior and likes Horse.
- (iii) U is senior to one who likes Horse and junior to one who likes Dog. T is junior to GM. The one who likes Rabbit is junior to V and senior to DGM who likes Duck. U does not like Cow. S likes Cat.



- 2. Deputy General Manager
- 3. Gen<mark>eral</mark> Manager
- 4. Assistant Manager
- 5. None of these

Answer: Assistant Manager

Direction:

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- (ii) The one who is a DGM does not like Horse. The person who likes Cow is not the most senior. Q is junior to P but not the least junior and likes Horse.
- (iii) U is senior to one who likes Horse and junior to one who likes Dog. T is junior to GM. The one who likes Rabbit is junior to V and senior to DGM who likes Duck. U does not like Cow. S likes Cat.

Who among the following likes Rabbit?

Options:

1. P
2. T
3. Q
4. U
5. S

Answer: P

Direction:

Answer the questions on the basis of the information given below.

Seven persons – P, Q, R, S, T, U and V like different pet animal – Dog, Cat, Cow, Rabbit, Goat, Horse and Duck but not necessarily in the same order. They hold different positions – AM (Assistant Manager), MG (Manager), DGM (Deputy General Manager), GM (General Manager), CGM (Chief General Manager), ED (Executive Director) and CEO (Chief Executive Officer). The positions given are in increasing order of seniority. AM is the least junior and the CEO is the most senior.

- (i) P is senior to only three persons. Person who likes Dog is senior to GM. R is junior to the one who likes Cow and senior to DGM.
- (ii) The one who is a DGM does not like Horse. The person who likes Cow is not the most senior. Q is junior to P but not the least junior and likes Horse.
- (iii) U is senior to one who likes Horse and junior to one who likes Dog. T is junior to GM. The one who likes Rabbit is junior to V and senior to DGM who likes Duck. U does not like Cow. S likes Cat.



The person who is a General Manager likes which of the following animal?

Options:

- 1. Rabbit
- 2. Horse
- 3. Cow
- 4. Dog
- 5. None of these

Answer: Rabbit

Direction:

Answer the questions on the basis of the information given below.

Seven persons – P, Q, R, S, T, U and V like different pet animal – Dog, Cat, Cow, Rabbit, Goat, Horse and Duck but not necessarily in the same order. They hold different positions – AM (Assistant Manager), MG (Manager), DGM (Deputy General Manager), GM (General Manager), CGM (Chief General Manager), ED (Executive Director) and CEO (Chief Executive Officer). The positions given are in increasing order of seniority. AM is the least junior and the CEO is the most senior.

- (i) P is senior to only three persons. Person who likes Dog is senior to GM. R is junior to the one who likes Cow and senior to DGM.
- (ii) The one who is a DGM does not like Horse. The person who likes Cow is not the most senior. Q is junior to P but not the least junior and likes Horse.
- (iii) U is senior to one who likes Horse and junior to one who likes Dog. T is junior to GM. The one who likes Rabbit is junior to V and senior to DGM who likes Duck. U does not like Cow. S likes Cat.
- Question No. 5

Which of the following is correctly matched?

Options:



	1. I	ED	– S –	Ral	b	bi	it
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2. ED - P - Dog

3. MG - Q - Horse

4. CEO - V - Cow

5. DGM - R - Horse

Answer: MG - Q - Horse

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Seven persons T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who all are staying in a seven storey building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered 1, and the topmost floor is numbered 7. They buy different Food ingredients i.e. Oil, Butter, Rice, Breadcrumbs, Pasta, Cornstarch and Oats but not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) More than three persons lives above V. Only one person lives between V and W.
- (ii) Only three persons lives between the one who buys Butter and the one who buys Oats, who lives on an odd numbered floor but below the one who buys Butter. V does not buy Oats. T buys Breadcrumbs and lives on the topmost floor of the building.
- (iii) More than three persons lives between T and the one who buys Cornstarch. Only one person lives between X and Y, who buys Rice. W does not buy Butter.
- (iv) The one who buys Oil lives on one of the floor above the one who buys Pasta but not immediately above. W does not buy Pasta. U lives on one of the odd numbered floor above Z.
- Question No. 6

Who among the following lives immediately below the one who buys Cornstarch?

Options:

1. T

2. The one who buys Rice



3. The one who buys Oats.

4. W

5. Both 3 and 4

Answer: Both 3 and 4

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Seven persons T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who all are staying in a seven storey building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered 1, and the topmost floor is numbered 7. They buy different Food ingredients i.e. Oil, Butter, Rice, Breadcrumbs, Pasta, Cornstarch and Oats but not necessarily in the same order.

(i) More than three persons lives above V. Only one person lives between V and W.

(ii) Only three persons lives between the one who buys Butter and the one who buys Oats, who lives on an odd numbered floor but below the one who buys Butter. V does not buy Oats. T buys Breadcrumbs and lives on the topmost floor of the building.

(iii) More than three persons lives between T and the one who buys Cornstarch. Only one person lives between X and Y, who buys Rice. W does not buy Butter.

(iv) The one who buys Oil lives on one of the floor above the one who buys Pasta but not immediately above. W does not buy Pasta. U lives on one of the odd numbered floor above Z.

• Question No. 7

Who among the following buys Oil?

Options:

1. X

2. U

3. T

4. Y

5. None of these



Answer: X

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Seven persons T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who all are staying in a seven storey building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered 1, and the topmost floor is numbered 7. They buy different Food ingredients i.e. Oil, Butter, Rice, Breadcrumbs, Pasta, Cornstarch and Oats but not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) More than three persons lives above V. Only one person lives between V and W.
- (ii) Only three persons lives between the one who buys Butter and the one who buys Oats, who lives on an odd numbered floor but below the one who buys Butter. V does not buy Oats. T buys Breadcrumbs and lives on the topmost floor of the building.
- (iii) More than three persons lives between T and the one who buys Cornstarch. Only one person lives between X and Y, who buys Rice. W does not buy Butter.
- (iv) The one who buys Oil lives on one of the floor above the one who buys Pasta but not immediately above. W does not buy Pasta. U lives on one of the odd numbered floor above Z.

• Question No. 8 POOKE DO FOSTEK

Who among the following lives on the fifth floor?

Options:

- 1. Y
- 2. W
- 3. U
- 4. T
- 5. None of these

Answer: U

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:



Seven persons T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who all are staying in a seven storey building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered 1, and the topmost floor is numbered 7. They buy different Food ingredients i.e. Oil, Butter, Rice, Breadcrumbs, Pasta, Cornstarch and Oats but not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) More than three persons lives above V. Only one person lives between V and W.
- (ii) Only three persons lives between the one who buys Butter and the one who buys Oats, who lives on an odd numbered floor but below the one who buys Butter. V does not buy Oats. T buys Breadcrumbs and lives on the topmost floor of the building.
- (iii) More than three persons lives between T and the one who buys Cornstarch. Only one person lives between X and Y, who buys Rice. W does not buy Butter.
- (iv) The one who buys Oil lives on one of the floor above the one who buys Pasta but not immediately above. W does not buy Pasta. U lives on one of the odd numbered floor above Z.
- Question No. 9

Who among the following buys Pasta?

Options:

Prepare 50% Faster

- 1. Z
- 2. W
- 3. U
- 4. V
- 5. None of these

Answer: V

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Seven persons T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z who all are staying in a seven storey building but not necessarily in the same order. The lowermost floor of the building is numbered 1, and the topmost floor is numbered 7. They buy different Food ingredients i.e. Oil, Butter, Rice, Breadcrumbs, Pasta, Cornstarch and Oats but not necessarily in the same



order.

- (i) More than three persons lives above V. Only one person lives between V and W.
- (ii) Only three persons lives between the one who buys Butter and the one who buys Oats, who lives on an odd numbered floor but below the one who buys Butter. V does not buy Oats. T buys Breadcrumbs and lives on the topmost floor of the building.
- (iii) More than three persons lives between T and the one who buys Cornstarch. Only one person lives between X and Y, who buys Rice. W does not buy Butter.
- (iv) The one who buys Oil lives on one of the floor above the one who buys Pasta but not immediately above. W does not buy Pasta. U lives on one of the odd numbered floor above Z.
- Question No. 10

Who among the following lives on second floor?

Options:

1. W

2. Z

Prepare 50% Fa

4. V

5. Y

Answer : Z

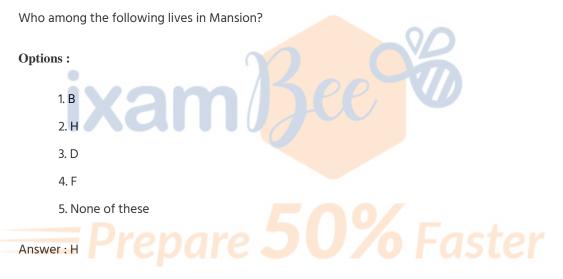
Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on the square table but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons are sitting at the corner of the table and facing away from the center. Four persons are sitting at the middle of the table and facing towards the center. The persons are sitting at the corner of the table lives in different types of houses viz. Apartment, Bungalow, Castle and Mansion. The persons are sitting at middle of the table lives in different house number viz. 101, 102, 103 and 104. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.



- (i) B sits third to the right of F. One person sits between B and H. The one who lives in house no.103 sits third to the left of H. One who sits second to the right of the one who lives in house no.103 is facing E. The one who lives in house no.104 sits second to the left of the one who lives in house no.101.
- (ii) The person A is the immediate neighbor of the one who lives in house no. 102 and F. There are as many persons sit between G and D as between G and C. The one who lives in Mansion sits third to the right of D.
- (iii) The one who lives in house no.103 and one who lives in Mansion are not immediate neighbors. A lives in Apartment. C and the one who lives in Bungalow are not immediate neighbours.



Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on the square table but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons are sitting at the corner of the table and facing away from the center. Four persons are sitting at the middle of the table and facing towards the center. The persons are sitting at the corner of the table lives in different types of houses viz. Apartment, Bungalow, Castle and Mansion. The persons are sitting at middle of the table lives in different house number viz. 101, 102, 103 and 104. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

(i) B sits third to the right of F. One person sits between B and H. The one who lives in house no.103 sits third to the left of H. One who sits second to the right of the one who lives in house no.103 is facing E. The one who lives in house no.104 sits second to the left of the one who lives in house no.101.



- (ii) The person A is the immediate neighbor of the one who lives in house no. 102 and F. There are as many persons sit between G and D as between G and C. The one who lives in Mansion sits third to the right of D.
- (iii) The one who lives in house no.103 and one who lives in Mansion are not immediate neighbors. A lives in Apartment. C and the one who lives in Bungalow are not immediate neighbours.
- Question No. 12

F lives in which of the following house number?

Options:

1.101

2.102

3.103

4.104

5. None of these

Answer: 103

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on the square table but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons are sitting at the corner of the table and facing away from the center. Four persons are sitting at the middle of the table and facing towards the center. The persons are sitting at the corner of the table lives in different types of houses viz. Apartment, Bungalow, Castle and Mansion. The persons are sitting at middle of the table lives in different house number viz. 101, 102, 103 and 104. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) B sits third to the right of F. One person sits between B and H. The one who lives in house no.103 sits third to the left of H. One who sits second to the right of the one who lives in house no.103 is facing E. The one who lives in house no.104 sits second to the left of the one who lives in house no.101.
- (ii) The person A is the immediate neighbor of the one who lives in house no. 102 and F. There are as many persons sit between G and D as between G and C. The one who lives in Mansion sits third to the right of D.

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- (iii) The one who lives in house no.103 and one who lives in Mansion are not immediate neighbors. A lives in Apartment. C and the one who lives in Bungalow are not immediate neighbours.
- Question No. 13

Who among the following sits exactly between C and the one who lives in house no. 102?

Options:

- 1. The person who lives in Apartment
- 2. The person who lives in Mansion
- 3. The person who lives in Castle
- 4. The person who lives in Bungalow
- 5. None of these

Answer: The person who lives in Castle

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on the square table but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons are sitting at the corner of the table and facing away from the center. Four persons are sitting at the middle of the table and facing towards the center. The persons are sitting at the corner of the table lives in different types of houses viz. Apartment, Bungalow, Castle and Mansion. The persons are sitting at middle of the table lives in different house number viz. 101, 102, 103 and 104. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) B sits third to the right of F. One person sits between B and H. The one who lives in house no.103 sits third to the left of H. One who sits second to the right of the one who lives in house no.103 is facing E. The one who lives in house no.104 sits second to the left of the one who lives in house no.101.
- (ii) The person A is the immediate neighbor of the one who lives in house no. 102 and F. There are as many persons sit between G and D as between G and C. The one who lives in Mansion sits third to the right of D.
- (iii) The one who lives in house no.103 and one who lives in Mansion are not immediate neighbors. A lives in Apartment. C and the one who lives in Bungalow are not immediate neighbours.



Which of the following pair of persons facing the centre?

Options:

1. F, H

2. A, C

3. B, E

4. D, E

5. A, D

Answer: D, E

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons namely A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H are sitting on the square table but not necessarily in the same order. Four persons are sitting at the corner of the table and facing away from the center. Four persons are sitting at the middle of the table and facing towards the center. The persons are sitting at the corner of the table lives in different types of houses viz. Apartment, Bungalow, Castle and Mansion. The persons are sitting at middle of the table lives in different house number viz. 101, 102, 103 and 104. All the above information is not necessarily in the same order.

- (i) B sits third to the right of F. One person sits between B and H. The one who lives in house no.103 sits third to the left of H. One who sits second to the right of the one who lives in house no.103 is facing E. The one who lives in house no.104 sits second to the left of the one who lives in house no.101.
- (ii) The person A is the immediate neighbor of the one who lives in house no. 102 and F. There are as many persons sit between G and D as between G and C. The one who lives in Mansion sits third to the right of D.
- (iii) The one who lives in house no.103 and one who lives in Mansion are not immediate neighbors. A lives in Apartment. C and the one who lives in Bungalow are not immediate neighbours.
- Question No. 15

Which of the following pairs are the immediate neighbours of the one who lives in Apartment?



Options:

- 1. The one who lives in house no. 102 and 103.
- 2. The one who lives in house no. 101 and 104.
- 3. The one who lives in house no. 103 and 104.
- 4. The one who lives in house no. 101 and 102.
- 5. The one who lives in house no. 101 and 103.

Answer: The one who lives in house no. 102 and 103.

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W live on 3 different floors such that the lowermost floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on. There are 3 flats on each floor numbered 1, 2, and 3 from left to right. One of the flats is vacant. They like different cars - Scorpio, Bolero, Baleno, Ciaz, Qualis, Tigor, Toyota, and Nissan but not necessarily in the same order.

R lives in flat 1 on an even-numbered floor but does not like Baleno. V lives immediately above W who likes Qualis. Both Q and U live in even-numbered flats. The one who likes Qualis does not live on the same floor on which person who likes Tigor lives. S lives in flat 1, who likes Bolero. T lives in flat 1 on the lowermost floor but does not like Toyota and he lives on the same floor on which Q lives. W lives on an odd numbered floor in an odd-numbered flat. Q likes neither Bolero nor Scorpio. U likes Nissan. P and R live on the same floor. Persons who like Toyota and Tigor live on the same floor. V likes Ciaz. Persons who like Toyota is to the west of the person who likes Tigor.

• Question No. 16

How many flats are between R and Q?

Options:

- 1. Four
- 2. One
- 3. Three
- 4. Two
- 5. None of these



Answer: Three

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W live on 3 different floors such that the lowermost floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on. There are 3 flats on each floor numbered 1, 2, and 3 from left to right. One of the flats is vacant. They like different cars - Scorpio, Bolero, Baleno, Ciaz, Qualis, Tigor, Toyota, and Nissan but not necessarily in the same order.

R lives in flat 1 on an even-numbered floor but does not like Baleno. V lives immediately above W who likes Qualis. Both Q and U live in even-numbered flats. The one who likes Qualis does not live on the same floor on which person who likes Tigor lives. S lives in flat 1, who likes Bolero. T lives in flat 1 on the lowermost floor but does not like Toyota and he lives on the same floor on which Q lives. W lives on an odd numbered floor in an odd-numbered flat. Q likes neither Bolero nor Scorpio. U likes Nissan. P and R live on the same floor. Persons who like Toyota and Tigor live on the same floor. V likes Ciaz. Persons who like Toyota is to the west of the person who likes Tigor.

• Question No. 17

In which direction is U's flat with respect to W's flat?

Options:

1. North

- 2. South
- 3. South-east
- 4. North-west
- 5. None of these

Answer: North-west

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W live on 3 different floors such that the lowermost floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on. There are 3 flats on each floor numbered 1, 2, and 3 from left to right. One of the flats is vacant. They like different cars - Scorpio, Bolero, Baleno, Ciaz, Qualis, Tigor, Toyota, and Nissan but not necessarily in the same order.

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R lives in flat 1 on an even-numbered floor but does not like Baleno. V lives immediately above W who likes Qualis. Both Q and U live in even-numbered flats. The one who likes Qualis does not live on the same floor on which person who likes Tigor lives. S lives in flat 1, who likes Bolero. T lives in flat 1 on the lowermost floor but does not like Toyota and he lives on the same floor on which Q lives. W lives on an odd numbered floor in an odd-numbered flat. Q likes neither Bolero nor Scorpio. U likes Nissan. P and R live on the same floor. Persons who like Toyota and Tigor live on the same floor. V likes Ciaz. Persons who like Toyota is to the west of the person who likes Tigor.

• Question No. 18

V lives on which of the following floor?

Options:

- 1. First
- 2. Second
- 3. Third
- 4. Cannot be determined
- 5. None of these

Answer: Second

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W live on 3 different floors such that the lowermost floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on. There are 3 flats on each floor numbered 1, 2, and 3 from left to right. One of the flats is vacant. They like different cars - Scorpio, Bolero, Baleno, Ciaz, Qualis, Tigor, Toyota, and Nissan but not necessarily in the same order.

R lives in flat 1 on an even-numbered floor but does not like Baleno. V lives immediately above W who likes Qualis. Both Q and U live in even-numbered flats. The one who likes Qualis does not live on the same floor on which person who likes Tigor lives. S lives in flat 1, who likes Bolero. T lives in flat 1 on the lowermost floor but does not like Toyota and he lives on the same floor on which Q lives. W lives on an odd numbered floor in an odd-numbered flat. Q likes neither Bolero nor Scorpio. U likes Nissan. P and R live on the same floor. Persons who like Toyota and Tigor live on the same floor. V likes Ciaz. Persons who like Toyota is to the west of the person who likes Tigor.



Who lives on flat number 2 of floor number 2?

Options:

- 1. P
- 2. The one likes Toyota.
- 3. The one likes Tigor.
- 4. R
- 5. Both 1 and 3

Answer: Both 1 and 3

Direction:

Study the information and answer the given questions:

Eight persons P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, and W live on 3 different floors such that the lowermost floor is numbered 1 and the floor above it is numbered 2 and so on. There are 3 flats on each floor numbered 1, 2, and 3 from left to right. One of the flats is vacant. They like different cars - Scorpio, Bolero, Baleno, Ciaz, Qualis, Tigor, Toyota, and Nissan but not necessarily in the same order.

R lives in flat 1 on an even-numbered floor but does not like Baleno. V lives immediately above W who likes Qualis. Both Q and U live in even-numbered flats. The one who likes Qualis does not live on the same floor on which person who likes Tigor lives. S lives in flat 1, who likes Bolero. T lives in flat 1 on the lowermost floor but does not like Toyota and he lives on the same floor on which Q lives. W lives on an odd numbered floor in an odd-numbered flat. Q likes neither Bolero nor Scorpio. U likes Nissan. P and R live on the same floor. Persons who like Toyota and Tigor live on the same floor. V likes Ciaz. Persons who like Toyota is to the west of the person who likes Tigor.

• Question No. 20

R lives on

Options:

- 1. Flat number 2 of floor number 2
- 2. Flat number 1 of floor number 2



- 3. Flat number 3 of floor number 1
- 4. Flat number 1 of floor number 3
- 5. None of these

Answer: Flat number 1 of floor number 2

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Eight persons S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z lives in three different cities i.e. Mumbai, Jaipur and Delhi. Each of them likes different fruits i.e. Mango, Apple, Guava, Orange, Banana, Kiwi, Papaya and Pear but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than three person lives in the same cities.

- (i) The persons who lives in Jaipur do not like Kiwi and Guava. U likes Banana and lives in Mumbai. X likes Papaya and lives in Delhi. Z and Y lives in same cities.
- (ii) S does not live in same cities in which Z and U lives. V likes Kiwi. Z and W do not like Apple. Y does not like Orange and Apple. The one who likes Apple lives in Jaipur.
- (iii) The one who likes Pear lives in the same cities with only one person who likes Papaya.

• Question No. 21

Who among the following person likes Apple?

Options:

1. S

2. V

3. T

4. U

5. None of these

Answer: T

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:



Eight persons S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z lives in three different cities i.e. Mumbai, Jaipur and Delhi. Each of them likes different fruits i.e. Mango, Apple, Guava, Orange, Banana, Kiwi, Papaya and Pear but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than three person lives in the same cities.

- (i) The persons who lives in Jaipur do not like Kiwi and Guava. U likes Banana and lives in Mumbai. X likes Papaya and lives in Delhi. Z and Y lives in same cities.
- (ii) S does not live in same cities in which Z and U lives. V likes Kiwi. Z and W do not like Apple. Y does not like Orange and Apple. The one who likes Apple lives in Jaipur.
- (iii) The one who likes Pear lives in the same cities with only one person who likes Papaya.



Answer: None of these

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Eight persons S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z lives in three different cities i.e. Mumbai, Jaipur and Delhi. Each of them likes different fruits i.e. Mango, Apple, Guava, Orange, Banana, Kiwi, Papaya and Pear but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than three person lives in the same cities.

- (i) The persons who lives in Jaipur do not like Kiwi and Guava. U likes Banana and lives in Mumbai. X likes Papaya and lives in Delhi. Z and Y lives in same cities.
- (ii) S does not live in same cities in which Z and U lives. V likes Kiwi. Z and W do not like Apple. Y does not like Orange and Apple. The one who likes Apple lives in Jaipur.



(iii)	The one who	likes Pear	lives in	the same	cities with	only one	person wh	o likes Papa	ya.

Who among the following person likes Orange?

Options:

- 1. Z
- 2. S
- 3. T
- 4. U
- 5. None of these

Answer: Z

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Eight persons S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z lives in three different cities i.e. Mumbai, Jaipur and Delhi. Each of them likes different fruits i.e. Mango, Apple, Guava, Orange, Banana, Kiwi, Papaya and Pear but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than three person lives in the same cities.

- (i) The persons who lives in Jaipur do not like Kiwi and Guava. U likes Banana and lives in Mumbai. X likes Papaya and lives in Delhi. Z and Y lives in same cities.
- (ii) S does not live in same cities in which Z and U lives. V likes Kiwi. Z and W do not like Apple. Y does not like Orange and Apple. The one who likes Apple lives in Jaipur.
- (iii) The one who likes Pear lives in the same cities with only one person who likes Papaya.
- Question No. 24

Which of the following pair lives in Mumbai cities?

Options:

1. T, Z, Y



2. U, V, W

3. S, U

4. U, Z, S

5. None of these

Answer: U, V, W

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

Eight persons S, T, U, V, W, X, Y and Z lives in three different cities i.e. Mumbai, Jaipur and Delhi. Each of them likes different fruits i.e. Mango, Apple, Guava, Orange, Banana, Kiwi, Papaya and Pear but not necessarily in the same order. Not more than three person lives in the same cities.

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- (ii) S does not live in same cities in which Z and U lives. V likes Kiwi. Z and W do not like Apple. Y does not like Orange and Apple. The one who likes Apple lives in Jaipur.
- (iii) The one who likes Pear lives in the same cities with only one person who likes Papaya.

• Question No. 25 repare 2 // Faster

Which of the following combination is true?

Options:

1. U - Banana - Jaipur

2. V – Kiwi - Mumbai

3. W - Banana - Delhi

4. X - Papaya - Jaipur

5. None is true

Answer: V – Kiwi - Mumbai

Direction:

Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II. Give answer



Statement: Should officers accepting bribe be punished?

Arguments:

- I. No. Certain circumstances may have compelled them to take bribe.
- II. Yes. They should do the job they are entrusted with, honestly.

Options:

- 1. if only argument I is strong
- 2. if only argument II is strong
- 3. if either I or II is strong
- 4. if neither I nor II is strong
- 5. if both I and II are strong.

Answer: if only argument II is strong

Direction:

Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II. Give answer

• Question No. 27 repare 5 / Faster

Statement: Should India become a permanent member of UN's Security Council?

Arguments:

- I. Yes. India has emerged as a country which loves peace and amity.
- $\mathbf{II.}$ No. Let us first solve problems of our own people like poverty, malnutrition.

Options:

- 1. if only argument I is strong
- 2. if only argument II is strong
- 3. if either I or II is strong
- 4. if neither I nor II is strong
- 5. if both I and II are strong.



Answer: if only argument I is strong

Direction:

Each of the following questions consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II. Give answer

• Question No. 28

Statement: Should the persons below the age of 18 years be allowed to join armed forces?

Arguments:

I. No. Persons below the age of 18 do not attain both physical and mental maturity to shoulder such burden.

II. Yes, this can makes our army more powerful.

Options:

- 1. if only argument I is strong
- 2. if only argument II is strong
- 3. if either I or II is strong
- 4. if neither I nor II is strong
- 5. if both I and II are strong.

Answer : if only argument I is strong

• Question No. 29

Statement: The Captain Amarinder Singh-led government in Punjab has announced free education for girls in government schools and colleges from Nursery to Ph.D.

I. Good social welfare law. It is initially for girls as they are comparatively disadvantaged. Hopefully, it will soon be followed by free education for everyone.

II. It is gender biased if a poor or average person wants to educate his son for higher education he has to pay higher bills. If you are introducing a law/scheme /bill under no circumstance it should not favour any particular gender, if they are concerned about education.

III. Do not differentiate a poor or average person on gender. A poor boy or man should also get free education as well.



Which of the following arguments holds strong for the given statement?

Options:

- 1. Only I and II
- 2. Only II
- 3. Only III
- 4. Only II and III
- 5. All of the above

Answer : Only II and III

Direction:

Each question below is followed by two arguments numbered I and II. You have to decide which of the arguments is 'strong'.

• Question No. 30

Statement: Should state police or central police be banned from firing indiscriminately on the rampant mob in a trouble-torn area?

Arguments

I. Yes, humans should always be treated in a humanitarian way.

II. No, this is the only way to restrict the rampant mob from indulging in illegal activities.

Options:

- 1. if only argument I is strong.
- 2. if only argument II is strong.
- 3. if either I or II is strong.
- 4. if neither I nor II is strong.
- 5. if both I and II are strong.

Answer: if only argument I is strong.

Direction:

Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference.



Mark answer

Introduction: Inference is a conclusion drawn on the basis of knowledge of facts available. In questions on INFERENCES, a paragraph is followed by few Paragraphs. On the basis of the information given in the passage, we have to check the truthfulness or falsity of the given Paragraph. Each Paragraph can be put into one of the four categories.

definitely true

probably true

probably false

definitely false

Paragraph:

The India Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA) has revised compensation guidelines for cancelling a flight or denying boarding to a flier. From August 1, an airline will have to pay up to Rs10,000 to a passenger if a flight is cancelled or delayed beyond two hours, while the compensation for not allowing a passenger to board the flight is up to Rs20,000. Today, airlines only offer up to Rs4,000 for both denied boarding and cancelling a flight.

• Question No. 31
Inferences: The place of t

There have been many customer complaints about delay of flights.

Options:

- 1. if you think that the answer is definitely true.
- 2. if you think that the answer is probably true.
- 3. if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.
- 4. if the answer is definitely false.
- 5. if the answer is probably false.

Answer: if you think that the answer is probably true.

Direction:



Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference.

Mark answer

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• Question No. 32

Inferences:

Even if you are not carrying valid documents and you have been denied boarding you can claim the compensation.

Options:

- 1. if you think that the answer is definitely true.
- 2. if you think that the answer is probably true.
- 3. if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.
- 4. if the answer is definitely false.
- 5. if the answer is probably false.

Answer: if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.



Direction:

Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference.

Mark answer

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• Question No. 33

Inferences:

The airline is not liable to pay any compensation if they arrange for an alternate flight scheduled to depart within one hour of the originally scheduled departure time.

Options:

- 1. if you think that the answer is definitely true.
- 2. if you think that the answer is probably true.
- 3. if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.
- 4. if the answer is definitely false.



5. if the answer is probably false.

Answer: if you think that the answer is probably true.

Direction:

Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference.

Mark answer

Introduction: Inference is a conclusion drawn on the basis of knowledge of facts available. In questions on INFERENCES, a paragraph is followed by few Paragraphs. On the basis of the information given in the passage, we have to check the truthfulness or falsity of the given Paragraph. Each Paragraph can be put into one of the four categories.

definitely true

probably true

probably false

definitely false

Paragraph:

The India Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA) has revised compensation guidelines for cancelling a flight or denying boarding to a flier. From August 1, an airline will have to pay up to Rs10,000 to a passenger if a flight is cancelled or delayed beyond two hours, while the compensation for not allowing a passenger to board the flight is up to Rs20,000. Today, airlines only offer up to Rs4,000 for both denied boarding and cancelling a flight.

• Question No. 34

Inferences:

No financial compensation will be paid to those who have not provided adequate contact information while booking the ticket.

Options:

1. if you think that the answer is definitely true.



- 2. if you think that the answer is probably true.
- 3. if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.
- 4. if the answer is definitely false.
- 5. if the answer is probably false.

Answer: if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.

Direction:

Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference.

Mark answer

Introduction: Inference is a conclusion drawn on the basis of knowledge of facts available. In questions on INFERENCES, a paragraph is followed by few Paragraphs. On the basis of the information given in the passage, we have to check the truthfulness or falsity of the given Paragraph. Each Paragraph can be put into one of the four categories.

definitely true

probably true

probably false repaire Faster definitely false

Directions: In each question below is given a passage followed by some inferences. You have to examine each inference separately in the context of the passage and decide upon the degree of truth or falsity of the inference. Mark answer

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definitely true

probably true



probably false

definitely false

Paragraph:

The India Directorate General of Civil Aviation (DGCA) has revised compensation guidelines for cancelling a flight or denying boarding to a flier. From August 1, an airline will have to pay up to Rs10,000 to a passenger if a flight is cancelled or delayed beyond two hours, while the compensation for not allowing a passenger to board the flight is up to Rs20,000. Today, airlines only offer up to Rs4,000 for both denied boarding and cancelling a flight.

• Question No. 35

Inferences:

Such compensation may relieve the inconvenience caused to the customers to some extent.

Options:

- 1. if you think that the answer is definitely true.
- 2. if you think that the answer is probably true.
- 3. if the data provided is inadequate to answer the question.
- 4. if the answer is definitely false.
- 5. if the answer is probably false.

50% Faster

Answer: if you think that the answer is definitely true.

Direction:

In each of the questions below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as

• Question No. 36

Statement: "This is the best resignation letter ever"-Said Mr. Anthony after receiving it from one of his employees **Assumptions**:

1) Mr. Anthony has witnessed many Resignation Letter in his past



II) Mr. Anthony is happy to receive the resignation letter from one of his employees

Options:

- 1. if only assumption I is implicit
- 2. if only assumption II is implicit
- 3. if either I or II is implicit
- 4. if neither I nor II is implicit
- 5. if both I and II are implicit

Answer: if only assumption I is implicit

Direction:

In each of the questions below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as

Question No. 37

Statement: Hundreds protest in Moscow against reforms that may keep the Prime Minister in power.

Assumptions:

1) Citizens of Moscow are not happy with their Prime Minister

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II) Protesting against the reforms shall definitely bring the Prime Minister out of power

Options:

- 1. if only assumption I is implicit
- 2. if only assumption II is implicit
- 3. if either I or II is implicit
- 4. if neither I nor II is implicit
- 5. if both I and II are implicit

Answer: if only assumption I is implicit

Direction:

In each of the questions below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and



decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as

• Question No. 38

Statement: There was an accident last night, while the passers watched as mute spectators

Assumptions:

I)On humanity terms one must help the victims in case of an accident

II)Such accidents are common these days

Options:

- 1. if only assumption I is implicit
- 2. if only assumption II is implicit
- 3. if either I or II is implicit
- 4. if neither I nor II is implicit
- 5. if both I and II are implicit

Answer: if only assumption I is implicit

50% Factor

Direction:

In each of the questions below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as

• Question No. 39

Statement: The Railway is one of the prestigious boards which almost every graduate wants to get enroll with

Assumptions:

- I) Graduation is a must if one wants to enroll with Railways
- II) Railway has enough vacancies to accommodate all those who enroll with it.

Options:

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- 1. if only assumption I is implicit
- 2. if only assumption II is implicit
- 3. if either I or II is implicit
- 4. if neither I nor II is implicit
- 5. if both I and II are implicit

Answer: if neither I nor II is implicit

Direction:

In each of the questions below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. An assumption is something supposed or taken for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Give your answer as

• Question No. 40

Statement: "The first step toward success is taken when you refuse to be a captive of the environment in which you first find yourself" - Mark Caine

Assumptions:

- I) Success is about getting out of your comfort zone.
- II) If I refuse to be in my environment which I first found for myself, I am sure to succeed.

Options:

- 1. if only assumption I is implicit
- 2. if only assumption II is implicit
- 3. if either I or II is implicit
- 4. if neither I nor II is implicit
- 5. if both I and II are implicit

Answer: if only assumption I is implicit

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