

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had dwindled since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.



"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 1 repare 5 / Faster

Which of the following cannot replace the word CROUCHED as used in the passage?

Options:

- 1. stooped
- 2. bent
- 3. ducked
- 4. sprawled
- 5. hunkered

Answer: sprawled

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.



The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had dwindled since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.



Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," th<mark>e girl told Flea. Panting, h</mark>e scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 2

Where did the girl and flea go after the copters went away?

- 1. To the village square
- 2. To the town
- 3. To the forest
- 4. To the sprint
- 5. To the market

Answer: To the forest

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl crouched in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and



shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.



"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 3

Which of the following is most nearly **OPPOSITE** of the word **DWINDLED** as used in the passage?

Options:

- 1. flourished
- 2. slumped (e) O (
- 3. diminished
- 4. slackened
- 5. tail off

Answer: flourished

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.



The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.



"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 4

Why were the copters after the girl and Flea?

Options:

- 1. Dogs weren't allowed to be pet in the town and they were being caught for disobeying this law.
- 2. They were being arrested for stealing food from the village
- 3. The dog was the last carrier of the deadly virus
- 4. The girl and the dog were refugees trying to escape the police
- 5. Flea was a stolen police dog

Answer: The dog was the last carrier of the deadly virus

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.



"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.



"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 5

Which of the following is the best suited as the title to the above passage?

Options:

- 1. The last Flea
- 2. The never ending chase
- 3. The refugees' plight
- 4. Girl vs Cops
- 5. The game of hiding

Answer: The last Flea

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no



food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."



"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 6

What happened between the girl and the men when they came to take Flea?

Options:

- 1. Some men got infected by the virus in the forest while the others ran away
- 2. The men got scared of the girl's red eyes and mutated body, so they ran off
- 3. The men fired bullets and injured the girl
- 4. The girl killed the men
- 5. None of the given options

Answer: The girl killed the men

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.



At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.

That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice bark<mark>ed through a loudspeaker.</mark> "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.



Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.

"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 7

Which of the following is true in the context of the story?

Options:

- 1. The girl was ill
- 2. The girl fed the dog and herself by stealing food
- 3. The copters came to catch the girl for stealing food
- 4. Both 1 & 2
- 5. All of the above are true in context of the passage

Answer: Both 1 & amp; 2

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ phrase have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

The girl **crouched** in the shadow of a building, her dog, Flea, at her side. The earth trembled as three search copters roared overhead, blades cutting the air with dreadful thwacks. The girl buried her face in Flea's black fur and shivered. It smelled musty like dirt and mildew and dried pine, yet it comforted her, and her nausea passed.

The copters rumbled into the distance and faded away. The girl and Flea were safe for now, but the copters would be back. They always came back.

"Let's go," the girl told Flea. He tilted his head and scratched vigorously behind his ear. She tugged at his collar and they sprinted across the clearing of the village square back into the bordering forest. It was the safest place to be because it offered the most cover, but it was also the worst because it was cold, dark and wet, and there was no food. Which is why they had to venture into town to steal scraps. She had tried to get the dog to wait for her in the safety of the forest while she infiltrated the village, but he was loyal to a fault. He wouldn't leave her side.

At first, it was hard to avoid the people in the village, any of whom would turn them in without hesitation. But the population had **dwindled** since the virus hit. There was less danger of being caught now, but less food too.



That night, as they lay beneath a copse of trees, the girl thought about how the night used to be alive with the sound of barking and howling dogs. Sometimes it got annoying, but she would have given anything to hear that cacophony again.

"Are you sad?" she asked Flea. "Being the last one left?"

The dog let out a heavy sigh and laid his square head on his enormous paws.

"They won't get you," the girl said firmly, scratching him behind the ears. "I promise." The dog arched his neck against her hand, begging to be scratched harder. She shuddered, feeling ill, but tried to ignore it.

That night the copters returned, their white searchlights piercing through the trees like knives. The girl sat very still and prayed Flea would do the same, as the leaves trembled around them from the force of the copters' blades, shaking startled birds awake.

"We know you're down there," a voice barked through a loudspeaker. "Give him up now!"

The dog curled his lip and growled.

"Shhhh," the girl hissed, clamping her small hand over the dog's muzzle. Under her touch, the dog turned placid and rolled pleading brown eyes toward her.

Suddenly, there was the sound of crashing brush. Several armed men in hazmat suits leapt into view. The girl wailed and wrapped her thin arms around Flea who snarled menacingly as the men pointed guns at them.

"Release him or get shot!" one warned her.

"You can't have him!" She screamed. She could feel her blood's temperature rise as a change began to overtake her. She trembled as her nails sharpened into points.

"Shit! She's got the virus!" One of them cried.

"Of course she's got it! The dog is a carrier for the last infected flea, idiot."

"But it's mutated!"

The girl had turned into something else. Red rage clouded her eyes. The men fired, but she was faster.

Bodies littered the ground, slick with blood.



"We're going to need a new hiding place," the girl told Flea. Panting, he scratched behind his ear.

• Question No. 8

Which of the following can be said about Flea?

A)Flea was the last dog left.

B)Flea was a virus.

C)Flea never left the girl's side.

Options:

- 1. Only (A)
- 2. Only (C)
- 3. Only (A) and (B)
- 4. Only (B) and (C)
- 5. All (A), (B) and (C)

Answer: Only (B) and (C)

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.

- (A) Why not a rocky hillock or an idyllic countryside?
- (B) And Madurai is nothing short of such pockets that are still under discovered.
- (C) There's always a new unknown side to even the most-visited tourist spots.
- (D) A discerning traveller never runs out of places.
- (E) Why should weekends and holidays be always spent amidst the mist-clad mountains of Kodaikanal and Munnar?
- Question No. 9

Which of the following should be the FOURTH sentence after rearrangement?



Options:
1. A
2. E
3. D
4. C
5. B
Answer : E
Direction: Rearrange the following six sentences (A) , (B) , (C) , (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.
(A) Why not a rocky hillock or an idyllic countryside?
(B) And Madurai is nothing short of such pockets that are still under discovered.
(C) There's always a new unknown side to even the most-visited tourist spots.
(D) A discerning traveller never runs out of places.
(E) Why should weekends and holidays be always spent amidst the mist-clad mountains of Kodaikanal and
Munnar? Prepare 50% Faster
Question No. 10
Which of the following should be the FIFTH sentence after rearrangement?
Options:
1. D
2. B
3. E
4. C
5. A
Answer : A
Direction:



Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.

- (A) Why not a rocky hillock or an idyllic countryside?
- (B) And Madurai is nothing short of such pockets that are still under discovered.
- (C) There's always a new unknown side to even the most-visited tourist spots.
- (D) A discerning traveller never runs out of places.
- (E) Why should weekends and holidays be always spent amidst the mist-clad mountains of Kodaikanal and Munnar?
- Question No. 11

Which of the following should be the FIRST sentence after rearrangement?

Options:

1. D

2. E

3. A

4. C

Prepare **DU**/o Faster

Answer : D

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph and then answer the questions given below.

• Question No. 12

Which of the following should be the THIRD sentence after rearrangement?

Options:

1. B



\sim	
,	-
∠.	_

3. C

4. D

5. A

Answer: B

• Question No. 13

The following question carries a word, which has been used in 3 different sentences given below it. Identify the statement(s) in which the word has been used correctly.

Amplify

- 1) Foods with sugar or fat seem to trigger cravings that then rewire the brain's pleasure circuitry to amplify that craving.
- 2) They successfully resisted pressure from their competitors to amplify prices.
- 3) Ruth hesitated, uncertain of how to amplify honesty and diplomacy in her answer.

Options:

1. Only 1 repare 2 U/o Faster

- 2. Only 3
- 3. Both 1 and 2
- 4. Both 2 and 3
- 5. All 1, 2 and 3

Answer: Only 1

• Question No. 14

Direction: The following question carries a word, which has been used in 3 different sentences given below it. Identify the statement(s) in which the word has been used correctly.

Word



- 1) His voice was deep and word and his song was soothing.
- 2) Health officials are encouraging people to spread the word about the benefits of exercise.
- 3) You will buy nothing but trouble if you buy that house, take my word for it.

Options:

- 1. Only 1
- 2. Only 3
- 3. Both 1 and 2
- 4. Both 2 and 3
- 5. All 1, 2 and 3

Answer: Both 2 and 3

• Question No. 15

The following question carries a word, which has been used in 3 different sentences given below it. Identify the statement(s) in which the word has been used correctly.

Track

- 1) They drove down a narrow track that branched off from the main road.
- 2) He protested his innocence and promised to help police track down the real murderer.
- 3) This button advances the tape to the beginning of the track.

Options:

- 1. Only 1
- 2. Only 3
- 3. Both 1 and 2
- 4. Both 2 and 3
- 5. All 1, 2 and 3

Answer: All 1, 2 and 3

Direction:



In each of the following sentences, there is a blank space. Below each such sentence, there are four options with one word each. Fill up the blank with the word that makes the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

Question No. 16
The small village of Palampet is with the conversation of UNESCO World Heritage Tag.
Options:
1. abuzz
2. abuse
3. abduct
4. abets
5. abstain
Answer : abuzz
Question No. 17
In his message to the youth, Khan said they shou <mark>ld think out of</mark> the box and look for career choices.
Options:
1. difference e pare 500 Faster 2. possibility
3. substituted
4. emergence
5. alternate
Answer : alternate
Question No. 18
Keeping his temper under control has always been an for the player, who was disqualified from last year's
U.S.
Options:

1. assured



2. issue
3. ensure
4. insure
5. unsure
Answer : issue
Direction: In each of the following sentences, there is a blank space. Below each such sentence, there are four options with one word each. Fill up the blank with the word that makes the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.
Question No. 19
The spirit of tennis has long the conflicting worlds of nationalism and globalism. Options: 1. settle
2. strike
3. supposed
4. state 5. straddled
Answer : straddled
Direction: In each of the following sentences, there is a blank space. Below each such sentence, there are four options with one word each. Fill up the blank with the word that makes the sentence grammatically and contextually correct.
Question No. 20
The cricketer has shown courage to open up about his feelings and wellbeing.
Options:
1. tremble
2. treacherous
3. tremendous



- 4. trapped
- 5. traumatised

Answer: tremendous

Direction:

Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

• Question No. 21

The bank with a global business (1)/of nearly ₹18 lakh crore has reported (2)/in three-fold jump in its standalone net profit (3)/for the first quarter that ended on June 30 (4).



Direction:

Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

• Question No. 22

This is the first time (1)/on four decades that a portrait (2)/of an eminent figure of the State (3)/is getting unveiled by the President (4).

Options:

- 1. 1
- 2.2



- 3.3
- 4.4
- 5. No error

Answer: 2

Direction:

Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

• Question No. 23

For several years, (1)/there have been voices of concern (2)/over the decline quality of (3)/debates in the legislature (4).

Options:

1.1
2.2
3.3
4.4
5. No error

Answer: 3

Direction:

Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

• Question No. 24

The corridor has been envisaged (1)/with a uniform width of 12 metres (2)/and will run approximately (3)/2.5 metres away from the railway land (4).

Options:

1.1



3.3

4.4

5. No error

Answer: No error

Direction:

Directions: Read each sentence to find out whether there is any grammatical error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark 'No error' as your answer (Ignore the errors of punctuation, if any).

• Question No. 25

With the commencement of (1)/services to London, thousands of (2)/standard expatriates will be able to travel (3)/between India and the UK from August 18 (4).

Options:

1.1

2. 2

3. 3

4.4 Drepare 5 0% Faster

Answer: 3

Direction:

system.

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.

The brain is the body's control centre. Underneath its folds more than 100 billion neurons organise and examine incoming.................(1) and(2) as a guide for the organism.

...............(3) of amounting to only 2 percent of the total weight of a human body, the brain alone uses one fifth of the oxygen inhaled. It is one of the most fragile(4) of the body and , therefore, one of the most protected. Along

with the spinal cord, the brain forms the central (5) system, which gives instructions to the peripheral nervous

3. performs4. conducts

5. None of these



•	Question No. 26			
	Find out the appropriate word in each case:			
	Options:			
	1. material			
	2. evidence			
	3. news			
	4. information			
	5. None of these			
	Answer : information			
	Direction: In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.			
	The brain is the body's control centre. Underneath its folds more than 100 billion neurons organise and examine			
	incoming (1) and(2) as a guide for the organism.			
	(3) of amounting to only 2 percent of the total weight of a human body, the brain alone uses one fifth of the			
	oxygen inhaled. It is one of the most fragile (4)of the body and , therefore, one of the most protected. Along			
	with the spinal cord, the brain forms the central (5) system, which gives instructions to the peripheral nervous			
	system.			
•	Question No. 27			
	Find out the appropriate word in each case:			
	Options:			
	1. behaves			
	2. act			



Answer : act

Direction:

system.

In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.

passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.
The brain is the body's control centre. Underneath its folds more than 100 billion neurons organise and examine
incoming (1) and(2) as a guide for the organism.
(3) of amounting to only 2 percent of the total weight of a human body, the brain alone uses one fifth of the
oxygen inhaled. It is one of the most fragile (4)of the body and , therefore, one of the most protected. Along
with the spinal cord, the brain forms the central (5) system, which gives instructions to the peripheral nervous
system.
Question No. 28 Find out the appropriate word in each case: Options:
1. Despite
2. Nevertheless
3. Inspite 4. Indeed reporte 5 0 Faster
5. None of these
Answer : Inspite
Direction: In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.
The brain is the body's control centre. Underneath its folds more than 100 billion neurons organise and examine
incoming (1) and(2) as a guide for the organism.
(3) of amounting to only 2 percent of the total weight of a human body, the brain alone uses one fifth of the
oxygen inhaled. It is one of the most fragile (4)of the body and , therefore, one of the most protected. Along
with the spinal cord, the brain forms the central (5) system, which gives instructions to the peripheral pervous
. WIGH GIE JOHN CON, HE DIGH IVIHA HE CEHIGI LA SYSTEM, WHICH UIVES HAUUCHOUS TO THE DEHOHEID HEIVOHS



• Question No. 29		
Find out the appropriate word in each case:		
Options:		
1. parts		
2. section		
3. segment		
4. compartment		
5. None of these		
Answer: parts		
Direction: In the following passage there are blanks, each of which has been numbered. These numbers are printed below the passage and against each five words are suggested, one of which fits the blank appropriately.		
The brain is the body's control centre. Underneath its folds more than 100 billion neurons organise and examine incoming (1) and(2) as a guide for the organism.		
(3) of amounting to only 2 percent of the total weight of a human body, the brain alone uses one fifth of the oxygen inhaled. It is one of the most fragile (4)of the body and , therefore, one of the most protected. Along with the spinal cord, the brain forms the central (5) system, which gives instructions to the peripheral nervous system.		
• Question No. 30		
Find out the appropriate word in each case: Options:		

3. nervous 4. circulatory

1. respiratory

2. digestive

- 5. None of these



Answer: nervous

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Seven boxes N, O, P, J, K, L and M contains seven different colour of balls viz. Blue, Green, Red, Black, White, Grey and Yellow. Each box is placed one above each other.

(i)Four boxes are between box N and the box which contains Blue colour ball. The box which contains Green colour ball is immediately below the box which contains Blue colour ball. Two boxes are between box J and the one which contains Blue colour ball.

(ii) Box L is immediately below box J. Box O is placed immediately below the one which contains Grey colour ball.

Two boxes are between the one which contains Green colour ball and the one which contains White colour ball.

Box K contains Red colour ball.

(iii) The box which contains Yellow colour ball is placed immediately below box N. Two boxes are between the one which contains Red colour ball and the one which contains Grey colour ball. Box M is placed above box P.

• Question No. 31

Which among the following box contains Black colour ball?

Prenare 3U70 F

1. M

2. P

3. J

4. L

5. None of These

Answer: J

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Seven boxes N, O, P, J, K, L and M contains seven different colour of balls viz. Blue, Green, Red, Black, White, Grey and Yellow. Each box is placed one above each other.



- (i)Four boxes are between box N and the box which contains Blue colour ball. The box which contains Green colour ball is immediately below the box which contains Blue colour ball. Two boxes are between box J and the one which contains Blue colour ball.
- (ii) Box L is immediately below box J. Box O is placed immediately below the one which contains Grey colour ball. Two boxes are between the one which contains Green colour ball and the one which contains White colour ball. Box K contains Red colour ball.
- (iii) The box which contains Yellow colour ball is placed immediately below box N. Two boxes are between the one which contains Red colour ball and the one which contains Grey colour ball. Box M is placed above box P.



Answer: Grey

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Seven boxes N, O, P, J, K, L and M contains seven different colour of balls viz. Blue, Green, Red, Black, White, Grey and Yellow. Each box is placed one above each other.

- (i)Four boxes are between box N and the box which contains Blue colour ball. The box which contains Green colour ball is immediately below the box which contains Blue colour ball. Two boxes are between box J and the one which contains Blue colour ball.
- (ii) Box L is immediately below box J. Box O is placed immediately below the one which contains Grey colour ball. Two boxes are between the one which contains Green colour ball and the one which contains White colour ball. Box K contains Red colour ball.



- (iii) The box which contains Yellow colour ball is placed immediately below box N. Two boxes are between the one which contains Red colour ball and the one which contains Grey colour ball. Box M is placed above box P.
- Question No. 33

How many boxes are between box K and box O?

Options:

- 1. One
- 2. Two
- 3. Three
- 4. Four
- 5. None of These

Answer: Three

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Seven boxes N, O, P, J, K, L and M contains seven different colour of balls viz. Blue, Green, Red, Black, White, Grey and Yellow. Each box is placed one above each other.

- (i)Four boxes are between box N and the box which contains Blue colour ball. The box which contains Green colour ball is immediately below the box which contains Blue colour ball. Two boxes are between box J and the one which contains Blue colour ball.
- (ii) Box L is immediately below box J. Box O is placed immediately below the one which contains Grey colour ball. Two boxes are between the one which contains Green colour ball and the one which contains White colour ball.

 Box K contains Red colour ball.
- (iii) The box which contains Yellow colour ball is placed immediately below box N. Two boxes are between the one which contains Red colour ball and the one which contains Grey colour ball. Box M is placed above box P.
- Question No. 34

Which of the following combination is true?



O	ptions	:

- 1. P Blue
- 2. J Grey
- 3. L Yellow
- 4. N Grey
- 5. None is true

Answer: N - Grey

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions:

Seven boxes N, O, P, J, K, L and M contains seven different colour of balls viz. Blue, Green, Red, Black, White, Grey and Yellow. Each box is placed one above each other.

(i) Four boxes are between box N and the box which contains Blue colour ball. The box which contains Green colour ball is immediately below the box which contains Blue colour ball. Two boxes are between box J and the one which contains Blue colour ball.

(ii) Box L is immediately below box J. Box O is placed immediately below the one which contains Grey colour ball.

Two boxes are between the one which contains Green colour ball and the one which contains White colour ball.

Box K contains Red colour ball.

(iii) The box which contains Yellow colour ball is placed immediately below box N. Two boxes are between the one which contains Red colour ball and the one which contains Grey colour ball. Box M is placed above box P.

• Question No. 35

Which among the following box is immediately above the box which contains Red colour ball?

Options:

- 1. M
- 2. P
- 3. J
- 4. L



5. None of These

Answer: P

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Seven friends Chandran, Hemang, Nihal, Pranjal Samesh, Trijal and Lalit live in a seven storey building consisting of floor number 1 to 7. (The topmost floor has been numbered seven and the ground floor numbered one).

- (i)There are two persons between the floors in which Pranjal and Chandran live. Nihal lives immediately above Trijal but does not live on an odd numbered floor.
- (ii) Pranjal lives on an odd numbered floor, but not on floor no. 1. There is only one person between Chandran and Nihal
- (iii) Samesh lives immediately above Pranjal but does not live below Chandran. Hemang does not live above Nihal.
- Question No. 36

Who among the following lives on the topmost floor?

Options:

- 1. Hemang repare 2 1/0 Faster
- 2. Lalit
- 3. Pranjal
- 4. Trijal
- 5. None of these

Answer: Lalit

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Seven friends Chandran, Hemang, Nihal, Pranjal Samesh, Trijal and Lalit live in a seven storey building consisting of floor number 1 to 7. (The topmost floor has been numbered seven and the ground floor numbered one).

(i)There are two persons between the floors in which Pranjal and Chandran live. Nihal lives immediately above Trijal but does not live on an odd numbered floor.



- (ii) Pranjal lives on an odd numbered floor, but not on floor no. 1. There is only one person between Chandran and Nihal.
- (iii) Samesh lives immediately above Pranjal but does not live below Chandran. Hemang does not live above Nihal.
- Question No. 37

How many person live between the floor in which Samesh and Chandran live?

Options:

- 1. Two
- 2. One
- 3. Three
- 4. Four
- 5. None of these

Answer: Three

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Seven friends Chandran, Hemang, Nihal, Pranjal Samesh, Trijal and Lalit live in a seven storey building consisting of floor number 1 to 7. (The topmost floor has been numbered seven and the ground floor numbered one).

- (i)There are two persons between the floors in which Pranjal and Chandran live. Nihal lives immediately above Trijal but does not live on an odd numbered floor.
- (ii) Pranjal lives on an odd numbered floor, but not on floor no. 1. There is only one person between Chandran and Nihal.
- (iii) Samesh lives immediately above Pranjal but does not live below Chandran. Hemang does not live above Nihal.
- Question No. 38

Who among the following lives immediately above Hemang?

Options:



- 1. Trijal
- 2. Samesh
- 3. Lalit
- 4. Chandran
- 5. None of these

Answer: Chandran

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Seven friends Chandran, Hemang, Nihal, Pranjal Samesh, Trijal and Lalit live in a seven storey building consisting of floor number 1 to 7. (The topmost floor has been numbered seven and the ground floor numbered one).

- (i)There are two persons between the floors in which Pranjal and Chandran live. Nihal lives immediately above Trijal but does not live on an odd numbered floor.
- (ii) Pranjal lives on an odd numbered floor, but not on floor no. 1. There is only one person between Chandran and Nihal.
- (iii) Samesh lives immediately above Pranjal but does not live below Chandran. Hemang does not live above Nihal.

• Question No. 39 repare 5 70 Faster

Pranjal lives on which floor?

Options:

- 1. Third
- 2. Seventh
- 3. Fifth
- 4. Fourth
- 5. None of these

Answer: Fifth

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.



Seven friends Chandran, Hemang, Nihal, Pranjal Samesh, Trijal and Lalit live in a seven storey building consisting of floor number 1 to 7. (The topmost floor has been numbered seven and the ground floor numbered one).

- (i)There are two persons between the floors in which Pranjal and Chandran live. Nihal lives immediately above Trijal but does not live on an odd numbered floor.
- (ii) Pranjal lives on an odd numbered floor, but not on floor no. 1. There is only one person between Chandran and Nihal.
- (iii) Samesh lives immediately above Pranjal but does not live below Chandran. Hemang does not live above Nihal.
- Question No. 40

Who among the following live immediately above Samesh?

Options:

1. Lalit
2. Hemang
3. Trijal
4. Chandran
5. None of these

Direction:

Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.

"technology naval few for" is coded as "ntz zer wsd qbn"

"after few similar month" is coded as "tbx lop wsd tfa"

"month technology them profit" is coded as "zer vgs lop lct"

"after ships month for" is coded as "lop tfa qbn xrg"

• Question No. 41

Find the code for the word "ships similar"?



4 Aboundary
1. tbx ntz
2. tbx xrg
3. tfa qbn
4. tfa xrg
5. Can't be determined
ver : tbx xrg
tion: the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.
the following information currently and allower the questions given because
nology naval few for" is coded as "ntz zer wsd qbn"
few similar month" is coded as "tbx lo <mark>p ws</mark> d tfa"
th technology them profit" is coded as "zer vgs lop lct"
ships month for" is coded as "lop tfa q <mark>bn xrg"</mark>
tion No. 42
h of the following codes could be a possible code for "naval information"?
ons:
1. vgs ntz
2. zer ntz
3. tfa teu
4. ntz awn
5. anw uet
ver : ntz awn

"technology naval few for" is coded as "ntz zer wsd qbn"



"after few similar month" is coded as "tbx lop wsd tfa"
"month technology them profit" is coded as "zer vgs lop lct"
"after ships month for" is coded as "lop tfa qbn xrg"

• Question No. 43

What is the code for "profit few"?

Options:

- 1. wsd vgs
- 2. lct zer
- 3. wsd lct
- 4. tfa vgs
- 5. Can't be determined

Answer: Can't be determined

Direction:

Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.

"technology naval few for" is coded as "ntz zer wsd qbn"

"after few similar month" is coded as "tbx lop wsd tfa"

"month technology them profit" is coded as "zer vgs lop lct"

"after ships month for" is coded as "lop tfa qbn xrg"

• Question No. 44

Code "Ict" stands for which of the following?

Options:

- 1. technology
- 2. them



3.	n	ro	•	11
.).	LJ			

4. Either 1 or 2

5. Either 2 or 3

Answer: Either 2 or 3

Direction:

Read the following information carefully and answer the questions given beside.

"technology naval few for" is coded as "ntz zer wsd qbn"

"after few similar month" is coded as "tbx lop wsd tfa"

"month technology them profit" is coded as "zer vgs lop lct"

"after ships month for" is coded as "lop tfa qbn xrg"

• Question No. 45

Code "tbx tfa" stands for which of the following?

Options:

- 1. after few
- 2. ships few
- 3. similar after
- 4. similar ships
- 5. Can't be determined

Answer: similar after

Direction:

In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Mark answer as

• Question No. 46

Statement: $A \ge B \ge E = F > G$, $H > C = D \le E$

Conclusion: I. E ≥ H II. H > F



- 1. If only conclusion II follows.
- 2. If only conclusion I follows.
- 3. If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
- 4. If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
- 5. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

Answer: If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Direction:

In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Mark answer as

• Question No. 47

Statement: $P \ge Q > I > R \le T$

Conclusion: LP > T II O > T

Options:

- 1. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- 2. If only conclusion I follows
- 3. If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
- 4. If only conclusion II follows.
- 5. If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Answer: If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows

Direction:

In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Mark answer as

• Question No. 48

Statement: $Q < D \le Y = M$, $B \ge Y \le V \le Z$

Conclusion: I. B > Q II. Z > Q



- 1. If only conclusion II follows.
- 2. If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.
- 3. If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- 5. If only conclusion I follows.

Answer: If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow

Direction:

In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Mark answer as

• Question No. 49

Statement: $V \ge A \le I > T \le L$, $T = W \ge J$

Conclusion: L L> L

|| || ≥

Options:

- 1. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- 2. If only conclusion I follows
- 3. If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
- 4. If only conclusion II follows.
- 5. If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Answer: If only conclusion II follows.

Direction:

In these questions, relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. These statements are followed by two conclusions. Mark answer as

• Question No. 50

Statement: $G < H \le I = J, K \ge I \le L \le M$

Conclusion: I. M > G II. J > M



- 1. If only conclusion I follows.
- 2. If only conclusion II follows.
- 3. If both conclusion I and conclusion II follow
- 4. If neither conclusion I nor conclusion II follows
- 5. If either conclusion I or conclusion II follows.

Answer: If only conclusion I follows.

Direction:

In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows/follow from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

• Question No. 51

Statements:

Some laptops are computers.

All computers are keys.

No key is a lock. Conclusions:

- I. Some computers are locks.
- II. No key is a laptop.
- III. No laptop is a lock.

Options:

- 1. If only conclusion I follows.
- 2. If only conclusion II and III follows.
- 3. If only conclusion III follows.
- 4. If only conclusions I and II follows.
- 5. None follows

Answer: None follows



Direction:

In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows/follow from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

• Question No. 52

Statements:

No burger is a noodle.

Some noodles are cakes.

Some cakes are pancakes.

Conclusions:

- I. Some cakes are noodles.
- II. No pancake is a burger.
- III. No pancake is a cake.

Options:

- 1. If only conclusion I follows.
- 2. If only conclusion II and III follows.
- 3. If only conclusion III follows.
- 4. If only conclusions I and II follows.
- 5. None of these

Answer: If only conclusion I follows.

Direction:

In each question below are given some statements followed by some conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows/follow from the given statements, disregarding commonly known facts.

• Question No. 53

1. South



Statements:
No word is alphabet.
Not a single alphabet is number.
Every number is vowel.
Conclusions:
I. Some vowels which are numbers are words as well.
II. No word is a number.
III. Some vowels are not alphabets.
Options: 1. Only conclusions III follows 2. Either conclusions I or II follows 3. Only conclusions II and III follow 4. All follow 5. None of these. Answer: Only conclusions III follows Direction: Study the following information carefully and answer the questions below:
Shobha wants to go to a movie hall she goes in east direction and covers 5km. From there she turns to the north
towards the movie hall and travelled 3km. From there she turns to his left to her friend Sona's house which is 5km
away. Now she has to reach her house.
• Question No. 54
In which direction is movie hall from Shobha's house?
Options:



- 2. North
- 3. North east
- 4. North west
- 5. South east

Answer: North east

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions below:

Shobha wants to go to a movie hall she goes in east direction and covers 5km. From there she turns to the north towards the movie hall and travelled 3km. From there she turns to his left to her friend Sona's house which is 5km away. Now she has to reach her house.

• Question No. 55

How many km she has to cover to reach her house?

Options:

- 1. 4km
- 2. 5km
- 3.9km
- 4.3km
- 5. None of these

Answer: 3km

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends Bhavna, Binita, Mihika, Pihu, Yashika, Saira, Ridhi and Kalki are sitting around a circular table. Some of them are not facing the centre. No more than two friends sitting together face the same direction.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person faces the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one person faces outward then other also faces outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person faces the centre then the other person faces and vice versa.



- (i) Binita is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna or Mihika. The one who sits exactly between Bhavna and Mihika sits third to the left Kalki and faces outward. The immediate neighbours of Saira face the same direction.
- (ii) The immediate neighbours of Binita face opposite directions. Mihika sits second to the left of Bhavna. Yashika sits second to the right of Binita. Ridhi is an immediate of Yashika and faces the centre.
- (iii) Ridhi or Pihu is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna. Bhavna and Binita face opposite directions. Pihu sits opposite Yashika and the two face opposite directions.
- Question No. 56

Who among the following are immediate neighbours of Saira?

Options:

- 1. Kalki and Pihu
- 2. Yashika and Bhavna
- 3. Mihika and Pihu
- 4. Mihika and Bhavna
- 5. None of these

Answer : Mihika and Bhavna

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends Bhavna, Binita, Mihika, Pihu, Yashika, Saira, Ridhi and Kalki are sitting around a circular table. Some of them are not facing the centre. No more than two friends sitting together face the same direction.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person faces the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one person faces outward then other also faces outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person faces the centre then the other person faces and vice versa.

- (i) Binita is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna or Mihika. The one who sits exactly between Bhavna and Mihika sits third to the left Kalki and faces outward. The immediate neighbours of Saira face the same direction.
- (ii) The immediate neighbours of Binita face opposite directions. Mihika sits second to the left of Bhavna. Yashika sits second to the right of Binita. Ridhi is an immediate of Yashika and faces the centre.



- (iii) Ridhi or Pihu is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna. Bhavna and Binita face opposite directions. Pihu sits opposite Yashika and the two face opposite directions.
- Question No. 57

Who among the following sits on the immediate left of Pihu?

Options:

- 1. Mihika
- 2. Kalki
- 3. Ridhi
- 4. Binita
- 5. None of these

Answer: Kalki

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends Bhavna, Binita, Mihika, Pihu, Yashika, Saira, Ridhi and Kalki are sitting around a circular table. Some of them are not facing the centre. No more than two friends sitting together face the same direction.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person faces the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one person faces outward then other also faces outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person faces the centre then the other person faces and vice versa.

- (i) Binita is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna or Mihika. The one who sits exactly between Bhavna and Mihika sits third to the left Kalki and faces outward. The immediate neighbours of Saira face the same direction.
- (ii) The immediate neighbours of Binita face opposite directions. Mihika sits second to the left of Bhavna. Yashika sits second to the right of Binita. Ridhi is an immediate of Yashika and faces the centre.
- (iii) Ridhi or Pihu is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna. Bhavna and Binita face opposite directions. Pihu sits opposite Yashika and the two face opposite directions.
- Question No. 58

NIACL AO (Generalists+ Specialists) 2019 Prelims Previous Year Paper



Four of the following five are alike in a certain way and hence form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to that group?

Options:

- 1. Kalki and Yashika
- 2. Binita and Mihika
- 3. Mihika and Saira
- 4. Bhavna and Kalki
- 5. None of these

Answer: Kalki and Yashika

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends Bhavna, Binita, Mihika, Pihu, Yashika, Saira, Ridhi and Kalki are sitting around a circular table. Some of them are not facing the centre. No more than two friends sitting together face the same direction.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person faces the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one person faces outward then other also faces outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person faces the centre then the other person faces and vice versa.

- (i) Binita is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna or Mihika. The one who sits exactly between Bhavna and Mihika sits third to the left Kalki and faces outward. The immediate neighbours of Saira face the same direction.
- (ii) The immediate neighbours of Binita face opposite directions. Mihika sits second to the left of Bhavna. Yashika sits second to the right of Binita. Ridhi is an immediate of Yashika and faces the centre.
- (iii) Ridhi or Pihu is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna. Bhavna and Binita face opposite directions. Pihu sits opposite Yashika and the two face opposite directions.
- Question No. 59

Who among the following sits third to the right of Ridhi?

Options:

NIACL AO (Generalists+ Specialists) 2019 Prelims Previous Year Paper



- 1. Mihika
- 2. Pihu
- 3. Saira
- 4. Kalki
- 5. None of these

Answer: Pihu

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight friends Bhavna, Binita, Mihika, Pihu, Yashika, Saira, Ridhi and Kalki are sitting around a circular table. Some of them are not facing the centre. No more than two friends sitting together face the same direction.

Note: Facing the same direction means if one person faces the centre then the other also faces the centre and if one person faces outward then other also faces outward. Facing opposite directions means if one person faces the centre then the other person faces and vice versa.

- (i) Binita is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna or Mihika. The one who sits exactly between Bhavna and Mihika sits third to the left Kalki and faces outward. The immediate neighbours of Saira face the same direction.
- (ii) The immediate neighbours of Binita face opposite directions. Mihika sits second to the left of Bhavna. Yashika sits second to the right of Binita. Ridhi is an immediate of Yashika and faces the centre.
- (iii) Ridhi or Pihu is not an immediate neighbor of Bhavna. Bhavna and Binita face opposite directions. Pihu sits opposite Yashika and the two face opposite directions.
- Question No. 60

What is the position of Saira with respect to Pihu?

Options:

- 1. Third to the left
- 2. Second to the right
- 3. Second to the left
- 4. Fourth to the right



5. None of these

Answer: Second to the right

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, Yug, Vaidik, Yash, Udarsh, Tejas and Reyansh are seated and all of them are facing south. In row 2, Ronit, Onkar, Manbir, Ravi, Sumit and Prerak are all seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. (Please note: None of the information given is necessarily in the same order.)

(i) Manbir sits second to the right of Ravi. Only one person sits between Manbir and Prerak. Vaidik sits to the immediate right of the one who faces Prerak.

(ii)Only two persons sit between Vaidik and Tejas. Onkar sits fourth to the left of Sumit.

(iii)Reyansh is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces Sumit. Yash does not face Manbir.

(iv) Yug sits third to the right of Yash. Udarsh is to the immediate right of Yug. Reyansh faces Prerak.

Question No. 61

Who among the following are sitting at the extreme ends of the row 2?

Options:

1. Sumit and Onkar

2. Onkar and Prerak

3. Ravi and Sumit

4. Ravi and Manbir

5. None of these

Answer: Ravi and Sumit

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

NIACL AO (Generalists+ Specialists) 2019 Prelims Previous Year Paper



Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, Yug, Vaidik, Yash, Udarsh, Tejas and Reyansh are seated and all of them are facing south. In row 2, Ronit, Onkar, Manbir, Ravi, Sumit and Prerak are all seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. (Please note: None of the information given is necessarily in the same order.)

- (i) Manbir sits second to the right of Ravi. Only one person sits between Manbir and Prerak. Vaidik sits to the immediate right of the one who faces Prerak.
- (ii)Only two persons sit between Vaidik and Tejas. Onkar sits fourth to the left of Sumit.
- (iii)Reyansh is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces Sumit. Yash does not face Manbir.
- (iv)Yug sits third to the right of Yash. Udarsh is to the immediate right of Yug. Reyansh faces Prerak.
- Ouestion No. 62

Who among the following is facing Tejas?

Options:

1. Ravi

3. Ronit

4. Manbir

5. None of these

Answer: Ravi

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, Yug, Vaidik, Yash, Udarsh, Tejas and Reyansh are seated and all of them are facing south. In row 2, Ronit, Onkar, Manbir, Ravi, Sumit and Prerak are all seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. (Please note: None of the information given is necessarily in the same order.)



- (i) Manbir sits second to the right of Ravi. Only one person sits between Manbir and Prerak. Vaidik sits to the immediate right of the one who faces Prerak.
- (ii)Only two persons sit between Vaidik and Tejas. Onkar sits fourth to the left of Sumit.
- (iii)Reyansh is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces Sumit. Yash does not face Manbir.
- (iv) Yug sits third to the right of Yash. Udarsh is to the immediate right of Yug. Reyansh faces Prerak.
- Question No. 63

Which of the one following persons is sitting immediate right of the person who faces Sumit?

Options: 1. Vaidik 2. Reyansh 3. Tejas 4. Yash 5. None of these

Answer: Reyansh

Direction: Prepare 5 6 Fastel

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, Yug, Vaidik, Yash, Udarsh, Tejas and Reyansh are seated and all of them are facing south. In row 2, Ronit, Onkar, Manbir, Ravi, Sumit and Prerak are all seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. (Please note: None of the information given is necessarily in the same order.)

- (i) Manbir sits second to the right of Ravi. Only one person sits between Manbir and Prerak. Vaidik sits to the immediate right of the one who faces Prerak.
- (ii)Only two persons sit between Vaidik and Tejas. Onkar sits fourth to the left of Sumit.
- (iii)Reyansh is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces Sumit. Yash does not face Manbir.



(iv) Yug sits third to the right of Yash. Udarsh is to the immediate right of Yug. Reyansh faces Prerak.

• Question No. 64

What is the Ronit's position with respect to Prerak?

Options:

- 1. Second to the right
- 2. Immediate left
- 3. Third to the left
- 4. Immediate Right
- 5. None of these

Answer: Immediate left

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Twelve people are sitting in two parallel rows containing six people each, in such a way that there is equal distance between adjacent persons. In row 1, Yug, Vaidik, Yash, Udarsh, Tejas and Reyansh are seated and all of them are facing south. In row 2, Ronit, Onkar, Manbir, Ravi, Sumit and Prerak are all seated and all of them are facing north. Therefore, in the given seating arrangement, each member seated in a row faces another member of the other row. (Please note: None of the information given is necessarily in the same order.)

- (i) Manbir sits second to the right of Ravi. Only one person sits between Manbir and Prerak. Vaidik sits to the immediate right of the one who faces Prerak.
- (ii)Only two persons sit between Vaidik and Tejas. Onkar sits fourth to the left of Sumit.
- (iii)Reyansh is an immediate neighbour of the one who faces Sumit. Yash does not face Manbir.
- (iv) Yug sits third to the right of Yash. Udarsh is to the immediate right of Yug. Reyansh faces Prerak.
- Question No. 65

How many persons are sitting between Reyansh and Udarsh?



Options:	:
----------	---

- 1. One
- 2. Two
- 3. None
- 4. Three
- 5. None of these

Answer: Two

Direction:

Answer the following questions based on the information given below:

Five delivery boys Ram, Raj, Rahul, Ramesh and Rohit take 2.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes, 4.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes and 3.5 minutes, respectively to deliver food of items in an area and 7.2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes, 9 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively to deliver more than one area.

Food Delivery Boys	T1 (in minutes)	T2 (in minutes)
Ram	2100	2700
Raj Prepare	3780	Ster 1800
Rahul	1836	930
Ramesh	1050	990
Rohit	735	1160

T1: Total time taken to deliver items in one area.

T2: Total time taken to deliver items in more than one area.

• Question No. 66

Find the ratio of total items delivered by Raj to number of items delivered in one area by Rohit.



1. 51:7

2. 7:51

3. 50:7

4. 51:8

5. None of these

Answer: 51:7

Direction:

Answer the following questions based on the information given below:

Five delivery boys Ram, Raj, Rahul, Ramesh and Rohit take 2.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes, 4.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes and 3.5 minutes, respectively to deliver food of items in an area and 7.2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes, 9 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively to deliver more than one area.

IVON	DO VO	
Food Delivery	T1 (in minutes)	T2 (in minutes)
Boys		
Ram	2100	2700
Raj Prepare	3780	ster1800
Rahul	1836	930
Ramesh	1050	990
Rohit	735	1160

T1: Total time taken to deliver items in one area.

T2: Total time taken to deliver items in more than one area.

• Question No. 67



The number of items delivered in more than one area by Rahul is **approximately** how much percent more/less than the number of items delivered in one area by Ram?

Options:

1. 81.5

2.81.7

3. 85.5

4.80.5

5. 81.9

Answer: 81.5

Direction:

Answer the following questions based on the information given below:

Five delivery boys Ram, Raj, Rahul, Ramesh and Rohit take 2.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes, 4.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes and 3.5 minutes, respectively to deliver food of items in an area and 7.2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes, 9 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively to deliver more than one area.

Food Delivery Boys	T1 (in minutes)	T2 (in minutes)
Ram	2100	2700
Raj	3780	1800
Rahul	1836	930
Ramesh	1050	990
Rohit	735	1160

T1: Total time taken to deliver items in one area.

T2: Total time taken to deliver items in more than one area.



• Question No. 68

Find the average number of items delivered in one area by Raj and Ramesh.

Options:

1.600

2.695

3.690

4.692

5.670

Answer: 690

Direction:

Answer the following questions based on the information given below:

Five delivery boys Ram, Raj, Rahul, Ramesh and Rohit take 2.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes, 4.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes and 3.5 minutes, respectively to deliver food of items in an area and 7.2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes, 9 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively to deliver more than one area.

Food Delivery Boys	T1 (in minutes)	T2 (in minutes)
Ram	2100	2700
Raj	3780	1800
Rahul	1836	930
Ramesh	1050	990
Rohit	735	1160

T1: Total time taken to deliver items in one area.

T2: Total time taken to deliver items in more than one area.



• Question No. 69

The number of items delivered in more than two area by Ranu is 35 less than number of items delivered in more than two area by Ramesh and Rohit, together. If total delivery done by Ranu is 570, then find the number of items deliver in one area by Ranu.

Options:

1.309

2.379

3.359

4.479

5.370

Answer: 379

Direction:

Answer the following questions based on the information given below:

Five delivery boys Ram, Raj, Rahul, Ramesh and Rohit take 2.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes, 4.5 minutes, 3.5 minutes and 3.5 minutes, respectively to deliver food of items in an area and 7.2 minutes, 4 minutes, 6 minutes, 9 minutes and 10 minutes, respectively to deliver more than one area.

Food Delivery Boys	T1 (in minutes)	T2 (in minutes)
Ram	2100	2700
Raj	3780	1800
Rahul	1836	930
Ramesh	1050	990
Rohit	735	1160



- T1: Total time taken to deliver items in one area.
- T2: Total time taken to deliver items in more than one area.
- Question No. 70

Rahul charges Rs. 450 for delivering each item to one area. Find 8% of the amount earned by him after delivering all the items.

Options:

1. Rs. 14000

2. Rs. 14688

3. Rs. 14088

4. Rs. 14788

5. Rs. 10688

Answer: Rs. 14688

• Question No. 71

768 ml of mixture contains alcohol and water in the ratio of 9:7 respectively. If 37.5% of the mixture is taken out and same quantity of water is added into the remaining mixture, then the ratio of alcohol to water in the resultant mixture will be

Options:

1.83:45

2. 45:83

3. 45:87

4. 87:45

5. None of these

Answer: 45:83

• Question No. 72



W1 can complete a piece of work in 70 days, W2 takes 20% less time than W1 to complete the same work while W3 takes 25% more time than W2 to complete the whole work. Find the approx. time taken by all of them together to complete the whole work.

Options:

- 1.20.5
- 2. 21
- 3. 21.5
- 4. 25
- 5.30.5

Answer: 21.5

• Question No. 73

The curved surface area of a right circular cone of radius 14 cm is 1100 cm. Find the approx. volume of the cone (in cm³).

Options:

- 1. 4302
- 2. 4312 repare 2 U/o Faster
- 3. 4502
- 4. 4372
- 5. 4402

Answer: 4312

• Question No. 74

Raman got 30% marks and failed by 200 marks, while Raj who got 75% marks and scored 142 marks above the passing marks. What is the passing percentage of marks?

Options:

1. 50.31%



- 2. 56.31%
- 3. 46.31%
- 4.56%
- 5. 40.31%

Answer: 56.31%

• Question No. 75

If the average marks of 1/5 th class is 80% and that of 1/4 th class is 75% and the average marks of the rest class is 65%, then what is the average of the whole class (for the given subjects)?

Options:



Answer : 70.5%

Direction: Prepare 5 0% Faster

What is the approximate value that should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not needed to calculate the exact value)

• Question No. 76

 $(14.56)^2 \times ?840 = ?$

Options:

- 1. 5625
- 2.6525
- 3.5620
- 4. 2565
- 5.3565



Answer : 6525

Direction:

What is the approximate value that should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not needed to calculate the exact value)

• Question No. 77

956.41 of 45.06% = ?

Options:

1.420

2. 430

3.340

4, 440

5. **5**30

Answer: 430

Direction:

What approximate value should come in place of the question-mark(?) in the following question (You are not expected to calculate the exact value).

• Question No. 78

456 x 99.999 + 654 = ?

Options:

1.46254

2. 46264

3. 46274

4.46284

5. 46294

Answer : 46254

Direction:



What is the approximate value should come in place of question mark (?) in the following questions? (You are not needed to calculate the exact value)

• Question No. 79

 $\sqrt{2500.21} + \sqrt{624.68} = ?\% \text{ of } 299.89$

Options:

- 1. 25
- 2.20
- 3.30
- 4.35
- 5.40

Answer: 25

Direction:

What approximate value should come in place of question mark (?):

• Question No. 80

756.11 ÷ 41.79 × 25.86 =?

Options:

*25.86 =? Prepare 50% Faster

- 1, 452
- 2.448
- 3. 512
- 4.468
- 5. 476

Answer: 468

15 ** C1 .

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

Four car companies namely A, B, C and D manufacture two types of cars i.e. XUV and hatchback. Total number of cars manufacture by B is 1575 which is 25% more than total number of cars manufacture by A. Ratio of number of XUV to hatchback cars manufacture by B is 7:8. Ratio of number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and C is 12:7.

NIACL AO (Generalists+ Specialists) 2019 Prelims Previous Year Paper



Number of XUV cars manufacture by C is 20% less than the same by B. Number of XUV and hatchback cars manufacture by D is 102 less and 12 more respectively than the same by C. Number of XUV cars manufacture by A is 180 less than number of hatchback cars manufacture by them.

• Question No. 81

What is the difference between total number of cars manufacture by B and that of the same by D?

Options:

1. 657

2.607

3.757

4.600

5.650

Answer : **6**57

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

Four car companies namely A, B, C and D manufacture two types of cars i.e. XUV and hatchback. Total number of cars manufacture by B is 1575 which is 25% more than total number of cars manufacture by A. Ratio of number of XUV to hatchback cars manufacture by B is 7:8. Ratio of number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and C is 12:7. Number of XUV cars manufacture by C is 20% less than the same by B. Number of XUV and hatchback cars manufacture by D is 102 less and 12 more respectively than the same by C. Number of XUV cars manufacture by A is 180 less than number of hatchback cars manufacture by them.

• Question No. 82

What is the ratio of number of XUV cars to hatchback cars manufacture by D?

Options:

1.8:9

2.9:8

3. 9:7



4.7:8

5. 9:11

Answer: 9:8

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

Four car companies namely A, B, C and D manufacture two types of cars i.e. XUV and hatchback. Total number of cars manufacture by B is 1575 which is 25% more than total number of cars manufacture by A. Ratio of number of XUV to hatchback cars manufacture by B is 7:8. Ratio of number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and C is 12:7. Number of XUV cars manufacture by C is 20% less than the same by B. Number of XUV and hatchback cars manufacture by D is 102 less and 12 more respectively than the same by C. Number of XUV cars manufacture by A is 180 less than number of hatchback cars manufacture by them.

Question No. 83

What is the total number of cars manufacture by C?

Options:

1.1000

2.1108

3.1208

4, 1008

5. None of these

Answer: 1008

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

Four car companies namely A, B, C and D manufacture two types of cars i.e. XUV and hatchback. Total number of cars manufacture by B is 1575 which is 25% more than total number of cars manufacture by A. Ratio of number of XUV to hatchback cars manufacture by B is 7:8. Ratio of number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and C is 12:7. Number of XUV cars manufacture by C is 20% less than the same by B. Number of XUV and hatchback cars manufacture by D is 102 less and 12 more respectively than the same by C. Number of XUV cars manufacture by A is 180 less than number of hatchback cars manufacture by them.



• Question No. 84

What is the average number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and B together?

Options:

- 1.706
- 2.700
- 3.780
- 4.550
- 5.720

Answer: 780

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

Four car companies namely A, B, C and D manufacture two types of cars i.e. XUV and hatchback. Total number of cars manufacture by B is 1575 which is 25% more than total number of cars manufacture by A. Ratio of number of XUV to hatchback cars manufacture by B is 7:8. Ratio of number of hatchback cars manufacture by A and C is 12:7. Number of XUV cars manufacture by C is 20% less than the same by B. Number of XUV and hatchback cars manufacture by D is 102 less and 12 more respectively than the same by C. Number of XUV cars manufacture by A is 180 less than number of hatchback cars manufacture by them.

• Question No. 85

Number of XUV cars manufacture by B is how much percent more/less than number of XUV cars manufacture by A?

Options:

- 1.30.11%
- 2.46.11%
- 3. 36.11%
- 4. 40.11%
- 5. 56.11%

Answer: 36.11%



Direction:

In each of the following questions, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

• Question No. 86

256 260 254 262 252 266

Options:

1.266

2.254

3.260

4. 256

5.

Answer: 266

Direction:

In each of the following questions, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

• Question No. 87

Prepare 5 Faster

Options:

1.96

2.576

3. 1730

4. 288

5.

Answer: 1730

Direction:

In each of the following questions, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.



• Question No. 88

14 56 224 895 3584 14336

Options:

- 1. 224
- 2.14336
- 3.3584
- 4.895

5.

Answer: 895

Direction:

In each of the following questions, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

• Question No. 89

66 50 42 38 37 35

Options:

Prepare **50%** Faster

- 2. 42
- 3. 37
- 4.50

5. none of these

Answer: 37

Direction:

In each of the following questions, one term in the number series is wrong. Find out the wrong term.

• Question No. 90

21 42 126 252 754 1512



1. 252

2. 42

3.754

4. 1512

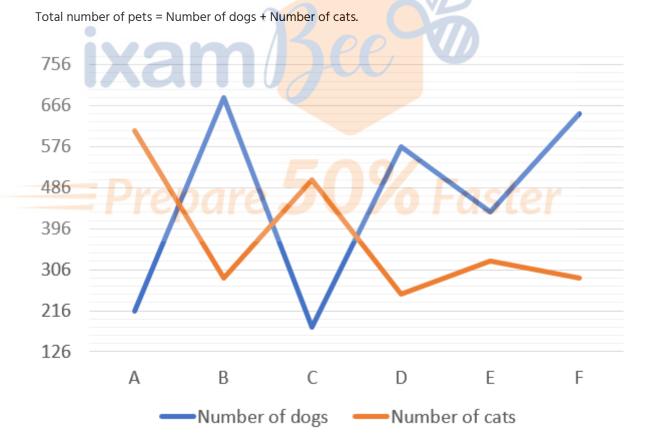
5.

Answer: 754

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The line graph given below shows the number of dogs and cats in six different stores.



• Question No. 91

What is ratio of total number of pets in store A to the same in store F?



1. 33:23

2. 26:23

3. 23:26

4. 71:78

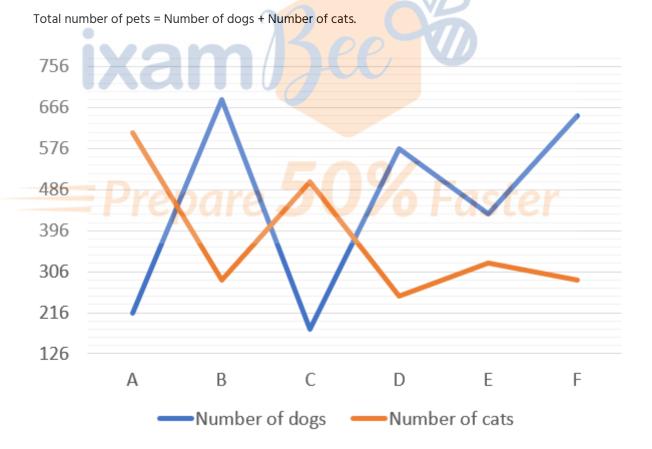
5. None of these

Answer: 23:26

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The line graph given below shows the number of dogs and cats in six different stores.



• Question No. 92

Number of cats in store D and E together is how much percent more/less than number of dogs in store C?



1. 221%

2.220%

3.120%

4. 210%

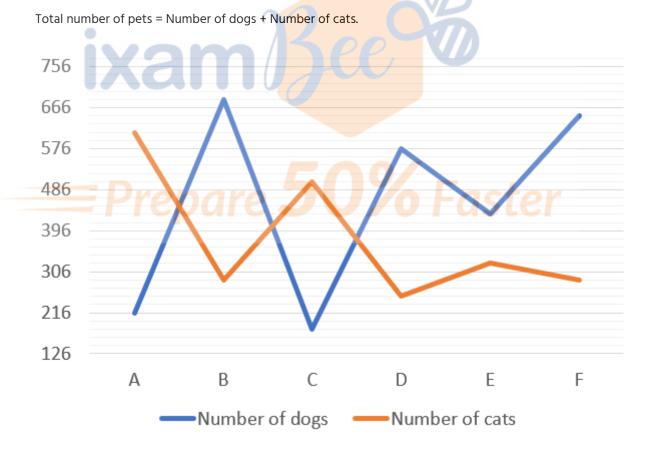
5.200%

Answer : 220%

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The line graph given below shows the number of dogs and cats in six different stores.



• Question No. 93

What is the average number of dogs in store A, D and E together?



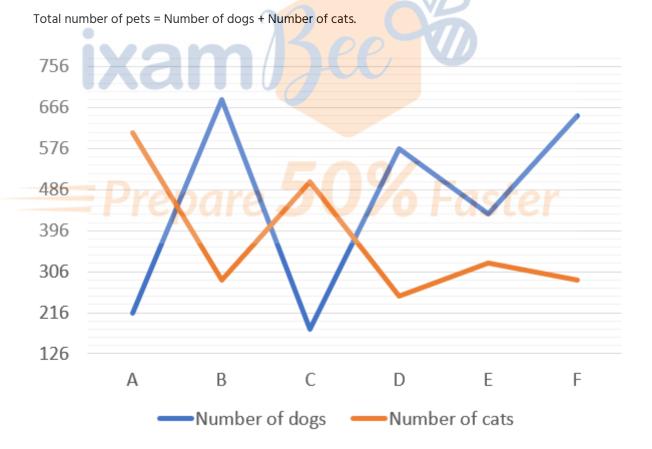
- 1.308
- 2.408
- 3.508
- 4. 458
- 5. None of these

Answer: 408

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The line graph given below shows the number of dogs and cats in six different stores.



• Question No. 94

What is the difference between number of cats in store A and F together and number of cats in store C alone?



1.206

2.196

3.396

4.200

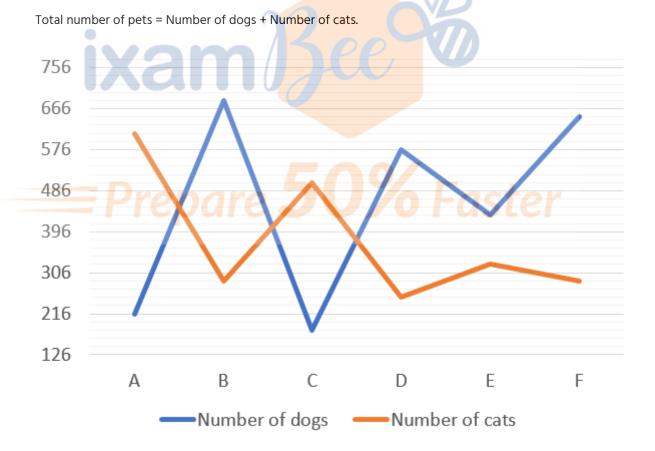
5. None of these

Answer: 396

Direction:

Answer the questions based on the information given below.

The line graph given below shows the number of dogs and cats in six different stores.





Out of total number of pets from store B and D together, 40% are sold. Find the number of pets in store B and D together who are not sold.

Options:

- 1.3001
- 2.1080
- 3, 2241
- 4.3641
- 5. 4241

Answer: 1080

• Question No. 96

The ratio of the cost price to the selling price of an article is 10: 12. If 25% discount is offered on the marked price of the article then the marked price is what percent more than the cost price?

Options:

1.60%

2.50%

3.45% repare 2 U/o Faster

4.40%

5. None of these

Answer: 60%

• Question No. 97

Suman started a business investing Rs. 15,000. After 3 months Komal joined her with a capital of Rs. 20,000. After another 6 months Himani joined them with a capital of Rs. 30,000. At the end of the year, they made a profit of Rs. 5,500. Find the share of Himani.

Options:

1. Rs 700



- 2. Rs 1100
- 3. Rs 3000
- 4. Rs 2400
- 5. None of these

Answer: Rs 1100

• Question No. 98

The difference between the simple interest received from two different sources on Rs.6000 for 4 years is Rs. 840. What is the difference between their rates of interest?



Buses start from a bus terminal with a speed of 18 km/hr at intervals of 8 minutes. What is the speed of a boy coming from the opposite direction towards the bus terminal if he meets the buses at intervals of 6 minutes?

Options:

- 1. 6 kmph
- 2. 8 kmph
- 3.7 kmph
- 4. 4 kmph
- 5. None of these

Answer: 6 kmph



• Question No. 100

The speed of the boat in still water is 16 kmph and the speed of the current is 4 kmph. It takes a total of 16 hours to row upstream from point A to B and downstream from B to A. What is the total distance covered by the boat from A to B? (both upstream and downstream).

Options:

- 1. 280 km
- 2. 240 km
- 3. 200 km
- 4.320 km
- 5. None of these

Answer: 240 km

Attempt Mock Test Now

All ixamBee Mock Test are FREE @ www.ixamBee.com

