

Direction:

In the questions given below, there is a sentence in which one part is given in bold. The part given in bold may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the best alternative among the four given which can replace the part in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the part given in bold is already correct and does not require any replacement, choose option 5, i.e. "No replacement required" as your answer.

• Question No. 1

You must have a good time meeting people **if you expect it to have** a good time meeting you.

Options :

1. when you are expecting them have
2. if you expect them to have
3. if you are expected them to having
4. whether you expect them to have
5. No replacement required

Answer : if you expect them to have

Direction:

In the questions given below, there is a sentence in which one part is given in bold. The part given in bold may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the best alternative among the four given which can replace the part in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the part given in bold is already correct and does not require any replacement, choose option 5, i.e. "No replacement required" as your answer.

• Question No. 2

I have asked thousands of business people to smile at someone **every our in the day for** a week and then come to class and talk about the results.

Options :

1. every hour of the day in
2. every hour of the day for
3. each hour of a day for
4. every hour of the day from
5. No replacement required

Answer : every hour of the day for

Direction:

In the questions given below, there is a sentence in which one part is given in bold. The part given in bold may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the best alternative among the four given which can replace the part in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the part given in bold is already correct and does not require any replacement, choose option 5, i.e. “No replacement required” as your answer.

• Question No. 3

Do not fear of **becoming misunderstood** and do not waste a minute thinking about your enemies.

Options :

1. being misunderstood
2. being of misunderstood
3. becoming misunderstood
4. be misunderstood
5. No replacement required

Answer : being misunderstood

Direction:

In the questions given below, there is a sentence in which one part is given in bold. The part given in bold may or may not be grammatically correct. Choose the best alternative among the four given which can replace the part in bold to make the sentence grammatically correct. If the part given in bold is already correct and does not require any replacement, choose option 5, i.e. “No replacement required” as your answer.

• Question No. 4

All things come through desire and every **sincere prayers is answer**.

Options :

1. sincere prayers is answered
2. sincere prayer are answered
3. sincere prayer are answer
4. sincere prayer is answered
5. No replacement required

Answer : sincere prayer is answered

Direction:

In the following sentences, there are two blanks. Find out the appropriate words for filling up the blanks.

• Question No. 5

The government had _____ these moves, initiated by Conservative and Labour MPs in _____ parliamentary votes.

Options :

1. made, reverse
2. forged, future
3. resisted, upcoming
4. opposed, recent
5. None of these

Answer : opposed, recent

Direction:

In the following sentences, there are two blanks. Find out the appropriate words for filling up the blanks.

• Question No. 6

The _____ with which so many satellites, most of them American, were placed in three different orbits certainly showcases both the reliability and the expertise that ISRO_____.

Options :

1. onus, brings
2. fabrication, comes
3. causticity, challenges
4. resistance, prohibits
5. dexterity, offers

Answer : dexterity, offers

Direction:

In the following sentences, there are two blanks. Find out the appropriate words for filling up the blanks.

• Question No. 7

The _____ state of chaos and confusion, almost three years after the 2016 referendum, has caused immense frustration _____ businesses and people.

Options :

1. contemplating, overall
2. restructure, rattling
3. prevailing, among
4. retrenched, recent
5. redundant, launch

Answer : prevailing, among

Direction:

In the following sentences, there are two blanks. Find out the appropriate words for filling up the blanks.

• Question No. 8

Given the prohibitively expensive _____ of space projects, India and other countries must utilise the increased presence in space to legitimately _____ the well-being of their people.

Options :

1. nature, advance
2. warranty, impede
3. credit, retreat
4. hostility, postpone
5. None of these

Answer : nature, advance

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

• Question No. 9

I stated my case. He motioned me to a chair and talked to me for one hour.

A. After I had stated...

B. When I was...

C. During...

Options :

1. Only B
2. Both B and C
3. Only A
4. Both A and B
5. None of the given options

Answer : Only A

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

- Question No. 10

He said "Please see me again later in the spring". These were his last words to me.

A. He said that...

B. His last words...

C. When he said...

Options :

1. Only B
2. Both B and C
3. Only A
4. Both A and B
5. All A, B and C

Answer : Only B

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

• Question No. 11

I became genuinely interested in him and his problems. I could make him interested in me and my product.

A. After I became...

B. When I became....

C. By becoming....

Options :

1. Only B
2. Both B and C
3. Only A
4. Both A and B
5. All A, B and C

Answer : All A, B and C

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

• Question No. 12

You want people to like you. Show care towards them.

A. Because you want...

B. Whether you want...

C. If you want...

Options :

1. Only B
2. Only A
3. Only C
4. Both A and C
5. Both B and C

Answer : Only C

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

- Question No. 13

There's far more information in a smile than a frown. Encouragement is a much more effective teaching device than punishment.

- A. When...
- B. Since...
- C. While...

Options :

1. Both A and B
2. Only B
3. Only C
4. All A, B and C
5. Both B and C

Answer : Only B

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 14

He was going (A) / in a night school (B) / stories and novels and (C) / to spend his days writing (D) / support himself by teaching (E)

Options :

1. BDEC
2. DEBC
3. BDCE
4. DCEB
5. None of the above

Answer : DCEB

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 15

She claimed that (A) / an idea that is boiling and stewing within (B) / acceptably in public if he or (C) / she has self-confidence and (D) / almost any person can speak (E)

Options :

1. EBCD
2. ECDB
3. DECB
4. DCEB
5. None of the above

Answer : ECDB

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged

parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 16

No one with (A) / to react to the viewpoint (B) / of a father thirty years old (C) / a child three years old (D) / a trace of horse sense would expect (E)

Options :

1. BCDE
2. ECBD
3. EDBC
4. DCBE
5. None of the above

Answer : EDBC

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 17

She had a (A) / sidewalk in front of the (B) / house in Brooklyn (C) / ride up and down the (D) / tricycle that she loved to (E)

Options :

1. BCDE
2. ECBD
3. EDBC
4. DCBE
5. None of the above

Answer : EDBC

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 18

By **having a sustained** (A) / people, he created a new (B) / interest in other (C) / people consider their productive years over (D) / life for himself at a time when most (E)

Options :

1. BDEC
2. ECBD
3. BCDE
4. CBED
5. None of the above

Answer : CBED

Direction:

Given below the sentences each of which has been divided into five parts out of which the first part has been marked bold. Each of the questions is then followed by the five options which give the sequence of the rearranged parts. You must choose the option which gives the correct sequence of the parts. If the sentence is already arranged or the correct sequence doesn't match any of the given sequence, mark option 5 i.e. "None of the above" as your answer.

- Question No. 19

Many companies train (A) / to greet all callers (B) / their telephone operators (C) / that radiates interest and enthusiasm (D) / in a tone of voice (E)

Options :

1. BCED
2. CBED
3. CDEB
4. DCBE

5. None of the above

Answer : CBED

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is **prudent** given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

- Question No. 20

Which of the following word can replace the phrase 'Hold your horses' as given in the passage?

Options :

1. start
2. modify
3. wait
4. move
5. plan

Answer : wait

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is

prudent given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

• Question No. 21

Which factor(s) according to the passage can possibly raise inflation?

- A. GDP growth
- B. Crude oil prices in international market
- C. The upcoming rainy season

Options :

- 1. Only A
- 2. All A, B and C
- 3. Only B
- 4. Both B and C
- 5. Both A and B

Answer : Both B and C

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary

expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is **prudent** given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

- Question No. 22

Statement: "The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy."

Which of the following CANNOT be inferred from the given statement?

- A. RBI has brought in a new policy recently
- B. RBI's policy determines the GDP growth
- C. Many different projections for the future GDP can be made

Options :

- 1. Only A
- 2. All A, B and C
- 3. Only B
- 4. Both B and C

5. Both A and B

Answer : Only B

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is **prudent** given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

- Question No. 23

What does a cut by 25 basis points in interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India point to?

Options :

1. RBI wants to lower down the inflation
2. RBI wants to increase lending
3. MPC has accepted that the economy is growing at a slower pace
4. MPC has decided to decrease inflation
5. MPC wants to boost exports

Answer : MPC has accepted that the economy is growing at a slower pace

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is

prudent given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

• Question No. 24

Which of the following is the most suitable title for the given passage?

Options :

1. RBI's rate cut shocks India
2. RBI cuts repo rate
3. No surprises in RBI repo rate cut
4. RBI changes its projections
5. RBI admits slow growth, cuts rate

Answer : No surprises in RBI repo rate cut

Direction:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words are given in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.

There was no surprise in the 25 basis points cut in benchmark interest rates by the Reserve Bank of India in its first bi-monthly policy statement of the financial year announced recently. The market had anticipated such a cut and the only question was whether the central bank would surprise with a deeper 50 basis points cut. In the event, the Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) seems to have decided to **hold its horses** and settle for a conservative approach given the divergent sets of data that it was confronted with. On the one hand, inflation, despite the mild spike in February, is well under control at 2.6% and is projected to average 3.2% to 3.4% in the first half of 2019-20. This is below the 4% target set for the MPC. But there are some factors that could spring a surprise on the upside, such as the behaviour of the monsoon and the trend in global oil prices, both of which feed directly into inflationary expectations. Early forecasts indicate a strong possibility of a below-normal monsoon due to El Niño. Such an event would cast a shadow on agricultural output, and consequently the food prices. Similarly, global oil prices are now edging close to the \$70 a barrel mark on the back of production cuts by the OPEC cartel. While the soft growth trends in the global economy could act as a check on any runaway increase in oil prices, the chances of a sharp fall

in the next few months appear remote at this point in time. If these are points of upward pressure on inflation, on the other side growth has been faltering in the last few months, going by both data on industrial output and overall GDP. The Central Statistics Office has revised the GDP growth for 2018-19 downwards to 7% while the RBI has projected a lower growth of 7.2% in 2019-20 compared to the 7.4% estimated in the last policy.

The 25 basis points cut is, therefore, an acknowledgement by the MPC of the slowdown in growth. It also signals a shift in policy since Shaktikanta Das assumed office as Governor of the RBI, whereby the MPC is not solely focussed on inflation but also takes into account growth trends with equal seriousness. The MPC's neutral policy stance is **prudent** given the uncertainties ahead as it gives the central bank the flexibility to tailor policy to emerging data sets. Meanwhile, Mr. Das has sent out a welcome, clear signal on the central bank's commitment to the framework for resolution of stressed assets in the backdrop of the Supreme Court striking down its circular issued on February 12, 2018. While underlining that the RBI's powers have not been compromised, he has indicated that the central bank will soon reissue the circular taking into account the apex court's observations. This is as it should be.

• Question No. 25

Choose the word from the options given below which has its meaning MOST OPPOSITE to the word **PRUDENT** as used in the passage.

Options :

1. Gratuitous
2. Discernable
3. Unrivaled
4. Injudicious
5. Compliant

Answer : Injudicious

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 26

COLUMN 1

A. There were six hundred students in State Teachers' College,

B. He was ashamed of the poverty that made it necessary for him

C. He was going to spend his days writing stories and novels and

COLUMN 2

D. to ride back to the farm and milk the cows every night.

E. and Dale Carnegie was one of the isolated half-dozen who couldn't afford to board in town.

F. sell automobiles and trucks for the Packard Motor Car Company.

Options :

1. B-F and C-D
2. A-E and B-D
3. A-E and C-D
4. A-E and B-F
5. None of these

Answer : A-E and B-D

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 27

COLUMN 1

A. His enthusiasm aroused in us

B. My ten years of bank experience should

C. Just about as much as you pay attention

COLUMN 2

D. no effort to arouse in us any desire for the policies.

E. a noted lawyer and one of America's great business leaders.

F. get the things you want by using the gymnasium.

Options :

1. A-F
2. A-D and B-E
3. B-D and C-E
4. B-F
5. None of these

Answer : None of these

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 28

COLUMN 1

COLUMN 2

A. I will be in Phoenix the week of April 3

D. including depositor relations, credits, loans and administration.

B. I have acquired skills in all phases of banking

E. of bank operations with the Bankers Trust Company

C. I would appreciate the opportunity to show you

F. I can help your bank meet its goals.

Options :

1. B-D
2. A-F and B-D
3. A-E
4. A-D and B-F
5. None of these

Answer : B-D

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 29

COLUMN 1

COLUMN 2

A. If you make your deliveries

D. talking about our problems.

B. Let's not waste any time

E. in which we are most interested is mentioned.

C. We are very grateful for your patronage and are eager

F. to give you the speedy, efficient service you deserve.

Options :

1. B-F and A-D
2. A-D and C-F
3. B-D and C-F
4. A-E and B-D
5. None of these

Answer : B-D and C-F

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each. In first column, sentences/phrases are A, B and C and in the second column the sentences/phrases are D, E and F. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 30

COLUMN 1

COLUMN 2

A. He longed to have time to study, to write the books

D. to the machine shop.

B. She knew nothing about machinery

E. who had come from Havana

C. She was so discouraged as a salesperson that she thought of going back

F. he had dreamed about writing back in college.

Options :

1. B-F and C-E
2. A-F and B-D
3. A-E and C-D
4. A-F and C-D
5. None of these

Answer : A-F and C-D

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven CEOs A, B, C, D, E, F and G of seven different startups have presentation in IIM Bangalore on seven different days of a week from Monday to Sunday but not necessarily in the same order. Each CEO stays in same hotel but at different floors. The lower most floor of the building is numbered 1, the one above that is numbered 2 and so on till the topmost floor is numbered 7. Each one of them had visited different countries during summer vacation i.e. Britain, France, Canada, Portugal, Germany, Argentina and Singapore. (But not necessarily in the same order).

(i) The one who visited Argentina stays immediately below the one who visited Germany. A did not visit France. G stays in the second floor and has a presentation on Wednesday.

(ii) The one who stays in the first floor has a presentation on Saturday. The person who visited Britain stays on the floor above the floor numbered 4.

(iii) Five persons stay between the persons who visited Britain and Singapore. B has a presentation immediately before E who does not stay in the fifth floor.

(iv) The one who stays at seventh floor does not have a presentation on or before Friday. The one who stays at third floor has a presentation immediately after C.

(v) F does not stay in the third floor. More than two persons stay between the one who visited Germany and the one who visited Portugal.

(vi) The one who stays in sixth floor does not have a presentation immediately before or after G. B does not have presentation on any of the days after G.

(vii) F does not have any presentation on Thursday. D does not have presentation on any one of the days before A and neither just after it.

• Question No. 31

D stays in which of the following floor?

Options :

- 1. 1
- 2. 2
- 3. 3
- 4. 7
- 5. None of these

Answer : 7

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven CEOs A, B, C, D, E, F and G of seven different startups have presentation in IIM Bangalore on seven different days of a week from Monday to Sunday but not necessarily in the same order. Each CEO stays in same hotel but at different floors. The lower most floor of the building is numbered 1, the one above that is numbered 2 and so on till the topmost floor is numbered 7. Each one of them had visited different countries during summer vacation i.e. Britain, France, Canada, Portugal, Germany, Argentina and Singapore. (But not necessarily in the same order).

(i) The one who visited Argentina stays immediately below the one who visited Germany. A did not visit France. G stays in the second floor and has a presentation on Wednesday.

(ii) The one who stays in the first floor has a presentation on Saturday. The person who visited Britain stays on the floor above the floor numbered 4.

(iii) Five persons stay between the persons who visited Britain and Singapore. B has a presentation immediately before E who does not stay in the fifth floor.

- (iv) The one who stays at seventh floor does not have a presentation on or before Friday. The one who stays at third floor has a presentation immediately after C.
- (v) F does not stay in the third floor. More than two persons stay between the one who visited Germany and the one who visited Portugal.
- (vi) The one who stays in sixth floor does not have a presentation immediately before or after G. B does not have presentation on any of the days after G.
- (vii) F does not have any presentation on Thursday. D does not have presentation on any one of the days before A and neither just after it.

• Question No. 32

Who among the following visited Canada?

Options :

- 1. A
- 2. C
- 3. B
- 4. G
- 5. E

Answer : A

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven CEOs A, B, C, D, E, F and G of seven different startups have presentation in IIM Bangalore on seven different days of a week from Monday to Sunday but not necessarily in the same order. Each CEO stays in same hotel but at different floors. The lower most floor of the building is numbered 1, the one above that is numbered 2 and so on till the topmost floor is numbered 7. Each one of them had visited different countries during summer vacation i.e. Britain, France, Canada, Portugal, Germany, Argentina and Singapore. (But not necessarily in the same order).

- (i) The one who visited Argentina stays immediately below the one who visited Germany. A did not visit France. G stays in the second floor and has a presentation on Wednesday.

- (ii) The one who stays in the first floor has a presentation on Saturday. The person who visited Britain stays on the floor above the floor numbered 4.
- (iii) Five persons stay between the persons who visited Britain and Singapore. B has a presentation immediately before E who does not stay in the fifth floor.
- (iv) The one who stays at seventh floor does not have a presentation on or before Friday. The one who stays at third floor has a presentation immediately after C.
- (v) F does not stay in the third floor. More than two persons stay between the one who visited Germany and the one who visited Portugal.
- (vi) The one who stays in sixth floor does not have a presentation immediately before or after G. B does not have presentation on any of the days after G.
- (vii) F does not have any presentation on Thursday. D does not have presentation on any one of the days before A and neither just after it.

• Question No. 33

Four among the following form a group in a certain way. Which of the following does not belong to Group?

Options :

1. D – Monday
2. C – Tuesday
3. A – Wednesday
4. G – Saturday
5. E – Sunday

Answer : E – Sunday

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven CEOs A, B, C, D, E, F and G of seven different startups have presentation in IIM Bangalore on seven different days of a week from Monday to Sunday but not necessarily in the same order. Each CEO stays in same hotel but at different floors. The lower most floor of the building is numbered 1, the one above that is numbered 2 and so on till

the topmost floor is numbered 7. Each one of them had visited different countries during summer vacation i.e. Britain, France, Canada, Portugal, Germany, Argentina and Singapore. (But not necessarily in the same order).

(i) The one who visited Argentina stays immediately below the one who visited Germany. A did not visit France. G stays in the second floor and has a presentation on Wednesday.

(ii) The one who stays in the first floor has a presentation on Saturday. The person who visited Britain stays on the floor above the floor numbered 4.

(iii) Five persons stay between the persons who visited Britain and Singapore. B has a presentation immediately before E who does not stay in the fifth floor.

(iv) The one who stays at seventh floor does not have a presentation on or before Friday. The one who stays at third floor has a presentation immediately after C.

(v) F does not stay in the third floor. More than two persons stay between the one who visited Germany and the one who visited Portugal.

(vi) The one who stays in sixth floor does not have a presentation immediately before or after G. B does not have presentation on any of the days after G.

(vii) F does not have any presentation on Thursday. D does not have presentation on any one of the days before A and neither just after it.

• Question No. 34

Which of the following is correctly matched?

Options :

1. D – Thursday – Britain
2. C – Tuesday – Germany
3. A – Friday – Canada
4. G – Saturday – France
5. E – Sunday – Argentina

Answer : A – Friday – Canada

Direction:

Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Seven CEOs A, B, C, D, E, F and G of seven different startups have presentation in IIM Bangalore on seven different days of a week from Monday to Sunday but not necessarily in the same order. Each CEO stays in same hotel but at different floors. The lower most floor of the building is numbered 1, the one above that is numbered 2 and so on till the topmost floor is numbered 7. Each one of them had visited different countries during summer vacation i.e. Britain, France, Canada, Portugal, Germany, Argentina and Singapore. (But not necessarily in the same order).

(i) The one who visited Argentina stays immediately below the one who visited Germany. A did not visit France. G stays in the second floor and has a presentation on Wednesday.

(ii) The one who stays in the first floor has a presentation on Saturday. The person who visited Britain stays on the floor above the floor numbered 4.

(iii) Five persons stay between the persons who visited Britain and Singapore. B has a presentation immediately before E who does not stay in the fifth floor.

(iv) The one who stays at seventh floor does not have a presentation on or before Friday. The one who stays at third floor has a presentation immediately after C.

(v) F does not stay in the third floor. More than two persons stay between the one who visited Germany and the one who visited Portugal.

(vi) The one who stays in sixth floor does not have a presentation immediately before or after G. B does not have presentation on any of the days after G.

(vii) F does not have any presentation on Thursday. D does not have presentation on any one of the days before A and neither just after it.

- Question No. 35

Who among the following stays on 5th floor?

Options :

1. A
2. C
3. B

4. D

5. E

Answer : C

Direction:

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight friends- C, D, E, F, W, X, Y and Z - have to give SSC CGL exam in March, April, June & July months of the same year. In each month the exam is on either the 13th or the 24th of the month. Not more than two of the given people have to give SSC CGL exam in the same month.

W has to give SSC CGL exam on the 13th of the month which has only 30 days. Only three people have to give SSC CGL exam between W and Y.

C and Y have to give SSC CGL exam neither on the same date nor in the same month. C does not give SSC CGL exam in April.

Only two people have to give SSC CGL exam between C and F. X and F does not give SSC CGL exam on the same date.

D has to give SSC CGL exam on one of the dates before X and E. Only one person has to give SSC CGL exam between D and E. Less than four people have to give SSC CGL exam between E and Z.

- Question No. 36

How many people have to give SSC CGL exam between F and Z?

Options :

1. 2

2. 3

3. None

4. more than three

5. 1

Answer : 3

Direction:

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight friends- C, D, E, F, W, X, Y and Z - have to give SSC CGL exam in March, April, June & July months of the same year. In each month the exam is on either the 13th or the 24th of the month. Not more than two of the given people have to give SSC CGL exam in the same month.

W has to give SSC CGL exam on the 13th of the month which has only 30 days. Only three people have to give SSC CGL exam between W and Y.

C and Y have to give SSC CGL exam neither on the same date nor in the same month. C does not give SSC CGL exam in April.

Only two people have to give SSC CGL exam between C and F. X and F does not give SSC CGL exam on the same date.

D has to give SSC CGL exam on one of the dates before X and E. Only one person has to give SSC CGL exam between D and E. Less than four people have to give SSC CGL exam between E and Z.

- Question No. 37

When does X have to give SSC CGL exam?

Options :

1. 24th April
2. Cannot be determined
3. 13th March
4. 24th June
5. 24th July

Answer : 24th July

Direction:

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight friends- C, D, E, F, W, X, Y and Z - have to give SSC CGL exam in March, April, June & July months of the same year. In each month the exam is on either the 13th or the 24th of the month. Not more than two of the given people have to give SSC CGL exam in the same month.

W has to give SSC CGL exam on the 13th of the month which has only 30 days. Only three people have to give SSC CGL exam between W and Y.

C and Y have to give SSC CGL exam neither on the same date nor in the same month. C does not give SSC CGL exam in April.

Only two people have to give SSC CGL exam between C and F. X and F does not give SSC CGL exam on the same date.

D has to give SSC CGL exam on one of the dates before X and E. Only one person has to give SSC CGL exam between D and E. Less than four people have to give SSC CGL exam between E and Z.

• Question No. 38

If all the people are made to give the exam in alphabetical order starting from 13th March and ending on 24th July, the schedule of how many people will remain unchanged?

Options :

1. 3

2. 2

3. 5

4. None

5. 1

Answer : 2

Direction:

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight friends- C, D, E, F, W, X, Y and Z - have to give SSC CGL exam in March, April, June & July months of the same year. In each month the exam is on either the 13th or the 24th of the month. Not more than two of the given people have to give SSC CGL exam in the same month.

W has to give SSC CGL exam on the 13th of the month which has only 30 days. Only three people have to give SSC CGL exam between W and Y.

C and Y have to give SSC CGL exam neither on the same date nor in the same month. C does not give SSC CGL exam in April.

Only two people have to give SSC CGL exam between C and F. X and F does not give SSC CGL exam on the same date.

D has to give SSC CGL exam on one of the dates before X and E. Only one person has to give SSC CGL exam between D and E. Less than four people have to give SSC CGL exam between E and Z.

• Question No. 39

Who among the following has to give SSC CGL exam before Y?

Options :

1. Both C & X
2. Only W
3. None
4. Both F & W
5. Only F

Answer : None

Direction:

Study the following information carefully to answer the given questions.

Eight friends- C, D, E, F, W, X, Y and Z - have to give SSC CGL exam in March, April, June & July months of the same year. In each month the exam is on either the 13th or the 24th of the month. Not more than two of the given people have to give SSC CGL exam in the same month.

W has to give SSC CGL exam on the 13th of the month which has only 30 days. Only three people have to give SSC CGL exam between W and Y.

C and Y have to give SSC CGL exam neither on the same date nor in the same month. C does not give SSC CGL exam in April.

Only two people have to give SSC CGL exam between C and F. X and F does not give SSC CGL exam on the same date.

D has to give SSC CGL exam on one of the dates before X and E. Only one person has to give SSC CGL exam between D and E. Less than four people have to give SSC CGL exam between E and Z.

• Question No. 40

As per the given arrangement, four of the following five are alike in a certain way & so they form a group. Which of the following does not belong to the group?

Options :

1. W
2. Z
3. F
4. Y
5. X

Answer : X

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

□Star Jems Born Dram□ is written as □E*18 C#17 T@13 K@12□

□Jar Bomb Sit Dance□ is written as □K@12 E*27 T@10 C#29□

□Done Sum Jump Band□ is written as □K@15 T@17 E*26 C#27□

‘Super Jerry Blink Danger□ is written as □E*15 C#21 K@7 T@14□

• Question No. 41

What is the code for ‘SCOLD DUMP JUST BOARD’?

Options :

1. T@28 C@28 K#15 E*11
2. T@28 C#28 K@11 E*15
3. T@28 C#11 K@28 E*15

4. T@15 C@11 K*28 E#28

5. Cannot be determined

Answer : T@28 C#28 K@11 E*15

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

□Star Jems Born Dram□ is written as □E*18 C#17 T@13 K@12□

□Ar Bomb Sit Dance□ is written as □K@12 E*27 T@10 C#29□

□Done Sum Jump Band□ is written as □K@15 T@17 E*26 C#27□

‘Super Jerry Blink Danger□ is written as □E*15 C#21 K@7 T@14□

- Question No. 42

What is the code for ‘SCAMP’?

Options :

1. T@16

2. T@17

3. T#27

4. T*11

5. Cannot be determined

Answer : T@16

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

□Star Jems Born Dram□ is written as □E*18 C#17 T@13 K@12□

□Ar Bomb Sit Dance□ is written as □K@12 E*27 T@10 C#29□

□Done Sum Jump Band□ is written as □K@15 T@17 E*26 C#27□

‘Super Jerry Blink Danger□ is written as □E*15 C#21 K@7 T@14□

- Question No. 43

What is the code for 'DUPLICATE SAMPLE'?

Options :

1. T@28 E*31
2. T@31 E*28
3. T@15 E*13
4. None of these
5. Cannot be determined

Answer : T@28 E*31

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

□Star Jems Born Dram□ is written as □E*18 C#17 T@13 K@12□

□Ar Bomb Sit Dance□ is written as □K@12 E*27 T@10 C#29□

□Done Sum Jump Band□ is written as □K@15 T@17 E*26 C#27□

□Super Jerry Blink Danger□ is written as □E*15 C#21 K@7 T@14□

- Question No. 44

The code "C#15" Denotes which of following word ?

Options :

1. BREATHE
2. BAMBO
3. BANNER
4. BLUNDER
5. Cannot be determined

Answer : BANNER

Direction:

Study the following information to answer the given questions:

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------|-------|------|------|-------|
| □Star Jems Born Dram□ | is written as | □E*18 | C#17 | T©13 | K@12□ |
| □Jar Bomb Sit Dance□ | is written as | □K@12 | E*27 | T©10 | C#29□ |
| □Done Sum Jump Band□ | is written as | □K@15 | T©17 | E*26 | C#27□ |
| ‘Super Jerry Blink Danger□ | is written as | □E*15 | C#21 | K@7 | T©14□ |

- Question No. 45

Symbol # denotes which of following alphabet?

Options :

1. S
2. D
3. J
4. B
5. Cannot be determined

Answer : B

Direction:

Study the following information and answer the given questions:

A is the son of B. C has only two children – A and D. E is the sister of F. D is married to G. C has only two sons. H is the father of B. E is married to A. H is married to J. C is the daughter of K.

- Question No. 46

Who among the following is the mother of B?

Options :

1. J
2. K
3. E

- 4. G
- 5. None of these

Answer : J

Direction:

Study the following information and answer the given questions:

A is the son of B. C has only two children – A and D. E is the sister of F. D is married to G. C has only two sons. H is the father of B. E is married to A. H is married to J. C is the daughter of K.

- Question No. 47

How is C related to E?

Options :

- 1. father-in-law
- 2. father
- 3. mother
- 4. mother-in-law
- 5. None of these

Answer : mother-in-law

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

A, B, C, D, E and F are 6 books on a shelf and each of them is having different length. D is longer than only two books. E is the only book longer than F and shorter than D. C's length is less than only B's length. The third highest length is 140cm and the fifth highest length is 115cm.

- Question No. 48

What is the possible length of D?

Options :

- 1. 110cm

2. 100cm
3. 105cm
4. 125cm
5. Data inadequate

Answer : 125cm

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

A, B, C, D, E and F are 6 books on a shelf and each of them is having different length. D is longer than only two books. E is the only book longer than F and shorter than D. C's length is less than only B's length. The third highest length is 140cm and the fifth highest length is 115cm.

- Question No. 49

If the highest length is 60cm more than A's length, then what is the possible length of C?

Options :

1. 130cm
2. 170cm
3. 100cm
4. 135cm
5. 120cm

Answer : 170cm

- Question No. 50

Point L is 8m east of point M. Point M is 8m south of point N and also 6m north of point O. Point P is 4m east of point O. Point N is 4m west of point Q. A boy starts from point Q, walks 3m in south direction and reaches a point S. He takes a left turn and reaches point X, North of point L.

Find $NQ + SX - OP$?

Options :

1. 4m
2. 7m
3. 8m
4. 6m
5. 12m

Answer : 4m

• Question No. 51

Point L is 8m east of point M. Point M is 8m south of point N and also 6m north of point O. Point P is 4m east of point O. Point N is 4m west of point Q. A person starts from P, walks 11m in north direction and reaches point S. He takes right turn, walks 4m and reaches point X.

Find distance PX?

Options :

1. $\sqrt{117}$ m
2. $\sqrt{127}$ m
3. $\sqrt{177}$ m
4. $\sqrt{137}$ m
5. $\sqrt{115}$ m

Answer : $\sqrt{137}$ m

Direction:

In these questions, a relationship between different elements is shown in the statements. Find the true conclusion from the given two conclusions and then give your answer.

• Question No. 52

Statements: $A < N \leq T = B > Q$; $B > R = S \leq O$

Conclusions: I. $A < B$ II. $R \leq O$

Options :

1. Only conclusion I is true
2. Only conclusion II is true
3. Both conclusion I and II are true
4. Either conclusion I or II is true
5. Neither conclusion I nor II is true

Answer : Both conclusion I and II are true

Direction:

In the following questions, a statement is followed by two conclusions I and II. Choose the correct option based on the given conclusions.

- Question No. 53

Statements: $D > B$, $C > K$, $K \leq N$, $B < C$, $N < B$

Conclusions:

I. $D > N$

II. $C \geq K$

Options :

1. Only conclusion I follows.
2. Only conclusion II follows.
3. Either conclusion I or II follows.
4. Neither conclusion I nor II follows.
5. Both conclusions I and II follow.

Answer : Only conclusion I follows.

Direction:

Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and give answer

(a) if the data in statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

- (b) if the data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (c) if the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) if the data in both statements I and II together is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) if the data in both statements I and II together is necessary to answer the question.

• Question No. 54

Six students U, V, W, X, Y and Z participate in an examination and score different marks. Who scores highest marks?

I. Z scores more than V but less than W. Y scores more than W but he does not score the highest marks. V scores more than only U.

II. Z scores less than X. V is the second lowest scorer and Y is the second highest scorer.

Options :

- 1. a
- 2. b
- 3. c
- 4. d
- 5. e

Answer : a

Direction:

Each of the questions below consists of a question and two statements numbered I and II given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read both the statements and give answer

- (a) if the data in statement I alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement II alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (b) if the data in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question, while the data in statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.

- (c) if the data either in statement I alone or in statement II alone is sufficient to answer the question.
- (d) if the data in both statements I and II together is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (e) if the data in both statements I and II together is necessary to answer the question.

• Question No. 55

There 5 friends namely A, B, C, D, E who work in different BANK i.e. BoB, HDFC BANK, PNB, ICICI Bank, SBI. In which BANK does A work?

I. A does not work in BoB and PNB. D and E works in either HDFC Bank or ICICI Bank.

II. B works in BoB. A works in either SBI or ICICI Bank. C and E works either in PNB or ICICI Bank.

Options :

- 1. a
- 2. b
- 3. c
- 4. d
- 5. e

Answer : c

Direction:

Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement

Input: inaugurated 42 above 63 wind 20 ornamental 18 hoping 33

Step I: 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 20 ornamental hoping 33 wind

Step II: 20 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 ornamental 33 wind hoping

Step III: 33 20 18 inaugurated 42 63 ornamental wind hoping above

Step IV: 42 33 20 18 inaugurated 63 wind hoping above ornamental

Step V: 63 42 33 20 18 wind hoping above ornamental inaugurated

And Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: border 86 particularly 40 host 68 aquarium 59 minister 50

- Question No. 56

In step III, which of the following element would be at 2nd to the right of 5th from the right end?

Options :

1. host
2. aquarium
3. border
4. minister
5. particularly

Answer : host

Direction:

Prepare 50% Faster

Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement

Input: inaugurated 42 above 63 wind 20 ornamental 18 hoping 33

Step I: 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 20 ornamental hoping 33 wind

Step II: 20 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 ornamental 33 wind hoping

Step III: 33 20 18 inaugurated 42 63 ornamental wind hoping above

Step IV: 42 33 20 18 inaugurated 63 wind hoping above ornamental

Step V: 63 42 33 20 18 wind hoping above ornamental inaugurated

And Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: border 86 particularly 40 host 68 aquarium 59 minister 50

- Question No. 57

How many steps are required to complete the above arrangement?

Options :

1. six
2. seven
3. five
4. eight
5. None

Answer : five

Direction:

Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement

Input: inaugurated 42 above 63 wind 20 ornamental 18 hoping 33

Step I: 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 20 ornamental hoping 33 wind

Step II: 20 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 ornamental 33 wind hoping

Step III: 33 20 18 inaugurated 42 63 ornamental wind hoping above

Step IV: 42 33 20 18 inaugurated 63 wind hoping above ornamental

Step V: 63 42 33 20 18 wind hoping above ornamental inaugurated

And Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: border 86 particularly 40 host 68 aquarium 59 minister 50

- Question No. 58

In which step the elements "40 86 aquarium" found in the same order?

Options :

1. step II
2. step III
3. step IV
4. step V
5. None

Answer : step IV

Direction:

Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement

Input: inaugurated 42 above 63 wind 20 ornamental 18 hoping 33

Step I: 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 20 ornamental hoping 33 wind

Step II: 20 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 ornamental 33 wind hoping

Step III: 33 20 18 inaugurated 42 63 ornamental wind hoping above

Step IV: 42 33 20 18 inaugurated 63 wind hoping above ornamental

Step V: 63 42 33 20 18 wind hoping above ornamental inaugurated

And Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: border 86 particularly 40 host 68 aquarium 59 minister 50

- Question No. 59

Which element is between “host” and “minister” in step IV?

Options :

1. particularly
2. border
3. aquarium
4. 40
5. 86

Answer : border

Direction:

Study the given information and answer the questions:

When a word and number arrangement machine is given an input line of words and numbers, it rearranges them following a particular rule. The following is an illustration of input and rearrangement

Input: inaugurated 42 above 63 wind 20 ornamental 18 hoping 33

Step I: 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 20 ornamental hoping 33 wind

Step II: 20 18 inaugurated 42 above 63 ornamental 33 wind hoping

Step III: 33 20 18 inaugurated 42 63 ornamental wind hoping above

Step IV: 42 33 20 18 inaugurated 63 wind hoping above ornamental

Step V: 63 42 33 20 18 wind hoping above ornamental inaugurated

And Step V is the last step of the above arrangement as the intended arrangement is obtained.

As per the rules followed in the above steps, find out the appropriate steps for the given input.

Input: border 86 particularly 40 host 68 aquarium 59 minister 50

- Question No. 60

Which element is exactly between “50” and “86” in step III?

Options :

1. 59
2. aquarium
3. host
4. border
5. 40

Answer : 40

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Fourteen student with roll numbers – 11 to 24 are sitting in two parallel rows such that roll numbers from 11 to 17 are sitting in row 1 facing towards south direction and roll numbers from 18 to 24 are sitting in the row 2 such that all are facing towards north direction. Each student sitting in the row 1 faces the number sitting in row 2.

Roll number 11 is sitting third to the right of 12 such that either 12 or 11 is sitting at the end of the row. 19 is sitting third to the right of 20.

Neither roll number 19 nor 20 face 11 and 12. The one which faces 13 is sitting third to the right of 18.

None of the immediate neighbours 12 Faces 20. 13 is sitting third to the left of 16.

Roll number 20 does not face 16. One of the immediate neighbours of 16 Faces 22, which is not sitting at the end of the row.

Roll number 14 is not the immediate neighbour of 13. 17 is sitting on the left of 15 but not on the immediate left.

Roll number 21 does not face 17 and 13. 24 does not face 13. 23 and 24 are immediate neighbours.

Roll number 15 is not sitting at the end of the row. 14 does not face 21.

• Question No. 61

Which of the following roll numbers is sitting third to the right of one which faces roll number 22?

Options :

1. 15
2. 17
3. 11
4. 14
5. None of these

Answer : 11

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Fourteen student with roll numbers – 11 to 24 are sitting in two parallel rows such that roll numbers from 11 to 17 are sitting in row 1 facing towards south direction and roll numbers from 18 to 24 are sitting in the row 2 such that all are facing towards north direction. Each student sitting in the row 1 faces the number sitting in row 2.

Roll number 11 is sitting third to the right of 12 such that either 12 or 11 is sitting at the end of the row. 19 is sitting third to the right of 20.

Neither roll number 19 nor 20 face 11 and 12. The one which faces 13 is sitting third to the right of 18.

None of the immediate neighbours 12 Faces 20. 13 is sitting third to the left of 16.

Roll number 20 does not face 16. One of the immediate neighbours of 16 Faces 22, which is not sitting at the end of the row.

Roll number 14 is not the immediate neighbour of 13. 17 is sitting on the left of 15 but not on the immediate left.

Roll number 21 does not face 17 and 13. 24 does not face 13. 23 and 24 are immediate neighbours.

Roll number 15 is not sitting at the end of the row. 14 does not face 21.

• Question No. 62

How many roll number(s) are sitting on the right of 14?

Options :

1. None
2. One
3. Two
4. Three
5. More than three

Answer : One

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Fourteen student with roll numbers – 11 to 24 are sitting in two parallel rows such that roll numbers from 11 to 17 are sitting in row 1 facing towards south direction and roll numbers from 18 to 24 are sitting in the row 2 such that all are facing towards north direction. Each student sitting in the row 1 faces the number sitting in row 2.

Roll number 11 is sitting third to the right of 12 such that either 12 or 11 is sitting at the end of the row. 19 is sitting third to the right of 20.

Neither roll number 19 nor 20 face 11 and 12. The one which faces 13 is sitting third to the right of 18.

None of the immediate neighbours 12 Faces 20. 13 is sitting third to the left of 16.

Roll number 20 does not face 16. One of the immediate neighbours of 16 Faces 22, which is not sitting at the end of the row.

Roll number 14 is not the immediate neighbour of 13. 17 is sitting on the left of 15 but not on the immediate left.

Roll number 21 does not face 17 and 13. 24 does not face 13. 23 and 24 are immediate neighbours.

Roll number 15 is not sitting at the end of the row. 14 does not face 21.

- Question No. 63

Which of the following roll numbers is sitting in front of immediate neighbor of 21?

Options :

1. 17
2. 12
3. 11
4. 14
5. None of these

Answer : 14

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Fourteen student with roll numbers – 11 to 24 are sitting in two parallel rows such that roll numbers from 11 to 17 are sitting in row 1 facing towards south direction and roll numbers from 18 to 24 are sitting in the row 2 such that all are facing towards north direction. Each student sitting in the row 1 faces the number sitting in row 2.

Roll number 11 is sitting third to the right of 12 such that either 12 or 11 is sitting at the end of the row. 19 is sitting third to the right of 20.

Neither roll number 19 nor 20 face 11 and 12. The one which faces 13 is sitting third to the right of 18.

None of the immediate neighbours 12 Faces 20. 13 is sitting third to the left of 16.

Roll number 20 does not face 16. One of the immediate neighbours of 16 Faces 22, which is not sitting at the end of the row.

Roll number 14 is not the immediate neighbour of 13. 17 is sitting on the left of 15 but not on the immediate left.

Roll number 21 does not face 17 and 13. 24 does not face 13. 23 and 24 are immediate neighbours.

Roll number 15 is not sitting at the end of the row. 14 does not face 21.

- Question No. 64

Which of the following combinations is sitting at the extreme end of the row?

Options :

1. 11, 23
2. 21, 15
3. 15, 19
4. 11, 24
5. None of these

Answer : 11, 24

Direction:

Study the information carefully and answer the questions given below.

Fourteen student with roll numbers – 11 to 24 are sitting in two parallel rows such that roll numbers from 11 to 17 are sitting in row 1 facing towards south direction and roll numbers from 18 to 24 are sitting in the row 2 such that all are facing towards north direction. Each student sitting in the row 1 faces the number sitting in row 2.

Roll number 11 is sitting third to the right of 12 such that either 12 or 11 is sitting at the end of the row. 19 is sitting third to the right of 20.

Neither roll number 19 nor 20 face 11 and 12. The one which faces 13 is sitting third to the right of 18.

None of the immediate neighbours 12 Faces 20. 13 is sitting third to the left of 16.

Roll number 20 does not face 16. One of the immediate neighbours of 16 Faces 22, which is not sitting at the end of the row.

Roll number 14 is not the immediate neighbour of 13. 17 is sitting on the left of 15 but not on the immediate left.

Roll number 21 does not face 17 and 13. 24 does not face 13. 23 and 24 are immediate neighbours.

Roll number 15 is not sitting at the end of the row. 14 does not face 21.

• Question No. 65

Which roll number is sitting second to the left of roll number who faces 22?

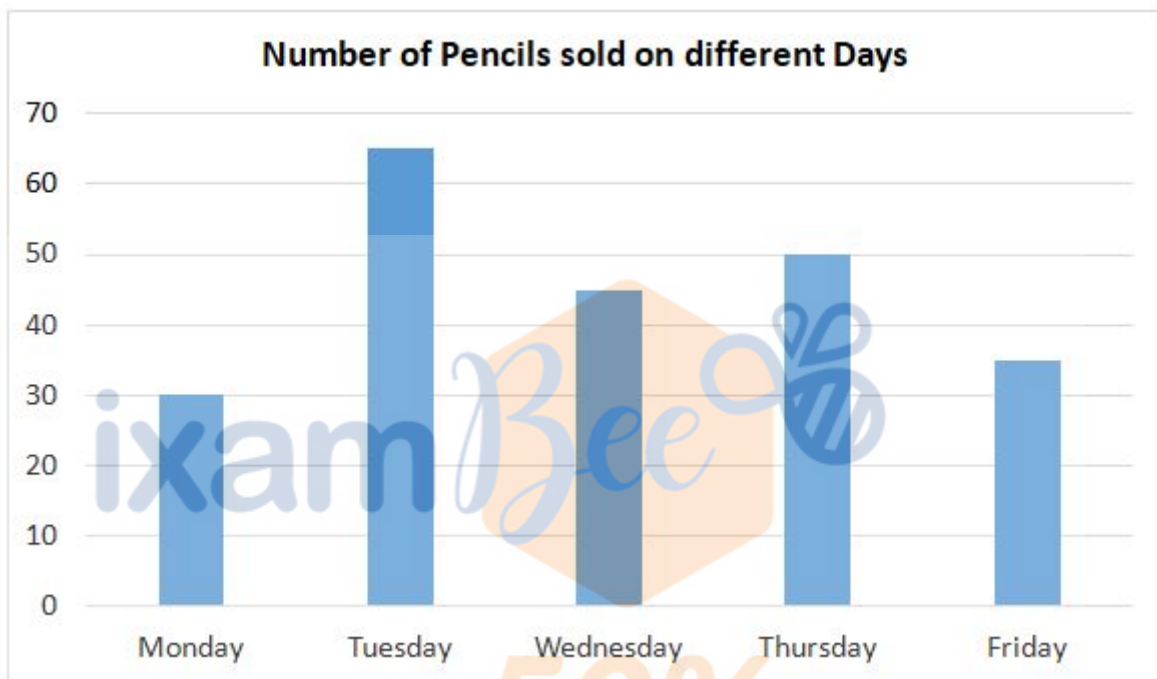
Options :

1. 15
2. 14

- 3. 13
- 4. 11
- 5. None of these

Answer : 13

Direction:



er the

Prepare 50% Faster

• Question No. 66

The ratio of total pencils sold on Friday to total defected pencils sold on Friday is 7:2. Find the total number of non-defective pencils sold on Friday?

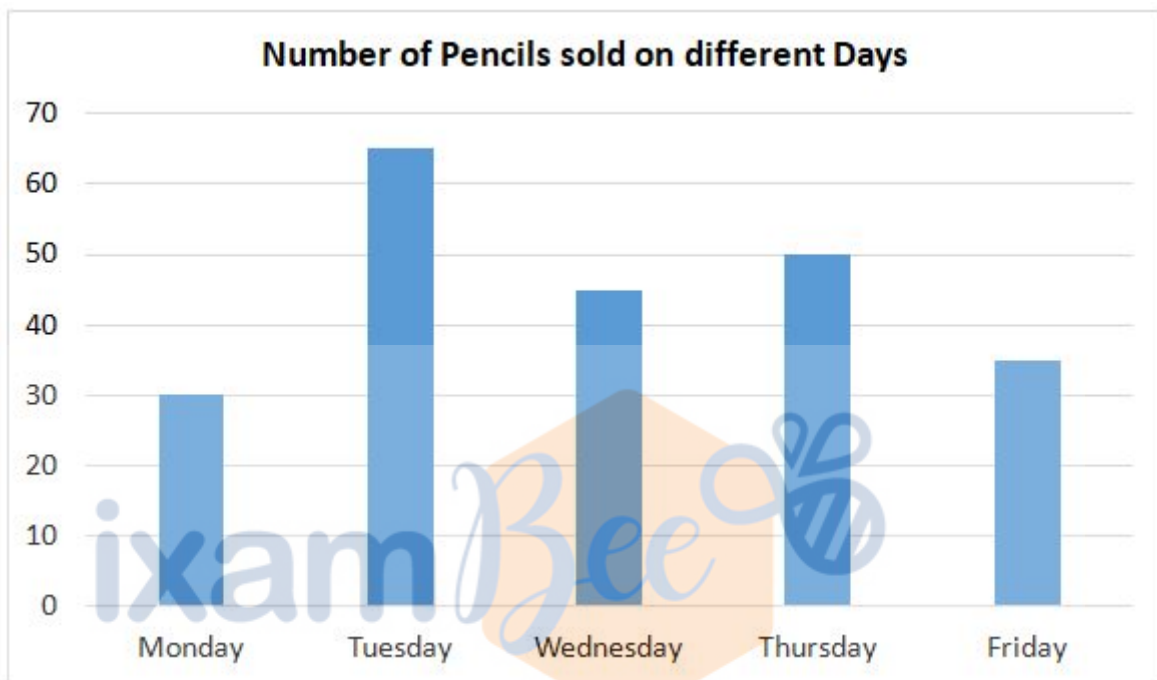
Options :

- 1. 12
- 2. 16
- 3. 25
- 4. 20

5. None of these

Answer : 25

Direction:



er the

Prepare 50% Faster

- Question No. 67

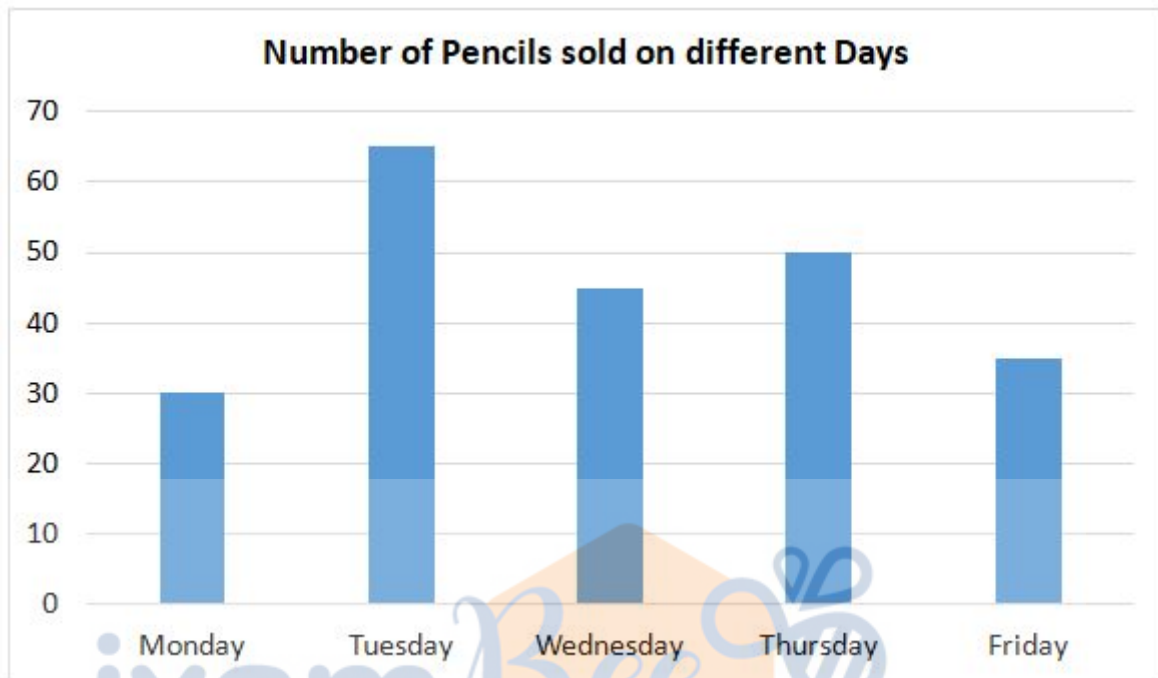
Find the difference between total number of pencils sold on Monday and Thursday together to total number of pencils sold on Wednesday and Friday.

Options :

1. 15
2. 10
3. 20
4. 25
5. None of these

Answer : None of these

Direction:



er the

- Question No. 68

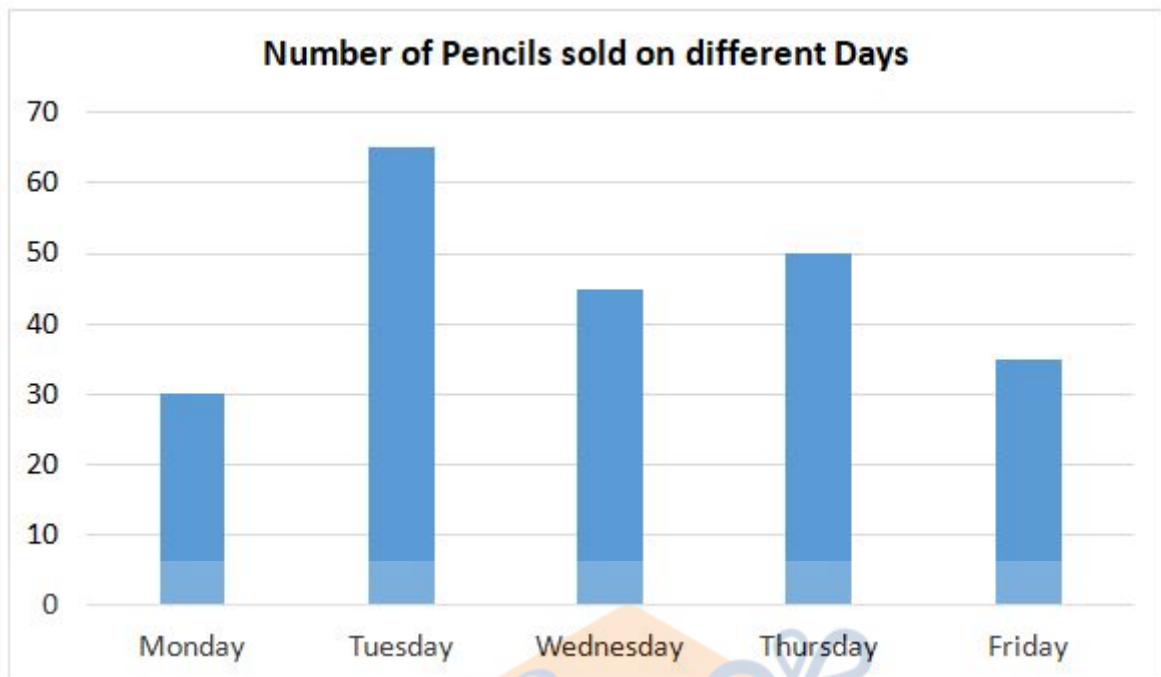
Total number of pencils sold on Thursday are 25% more than the total number of pencils sold on Sunday. Find the total number of pencils sold on Tuesday & Sunday?

Options :

1. 50
2. 66
3. 89
4. 105
5. None of these

Answer : 105

Direction:



er the

- Question No. 69

Total number of pencils sold on Saturday is 20% more than total number of pencils sold on Monday. Find total number of pencils sold on Thursday & Saturday?

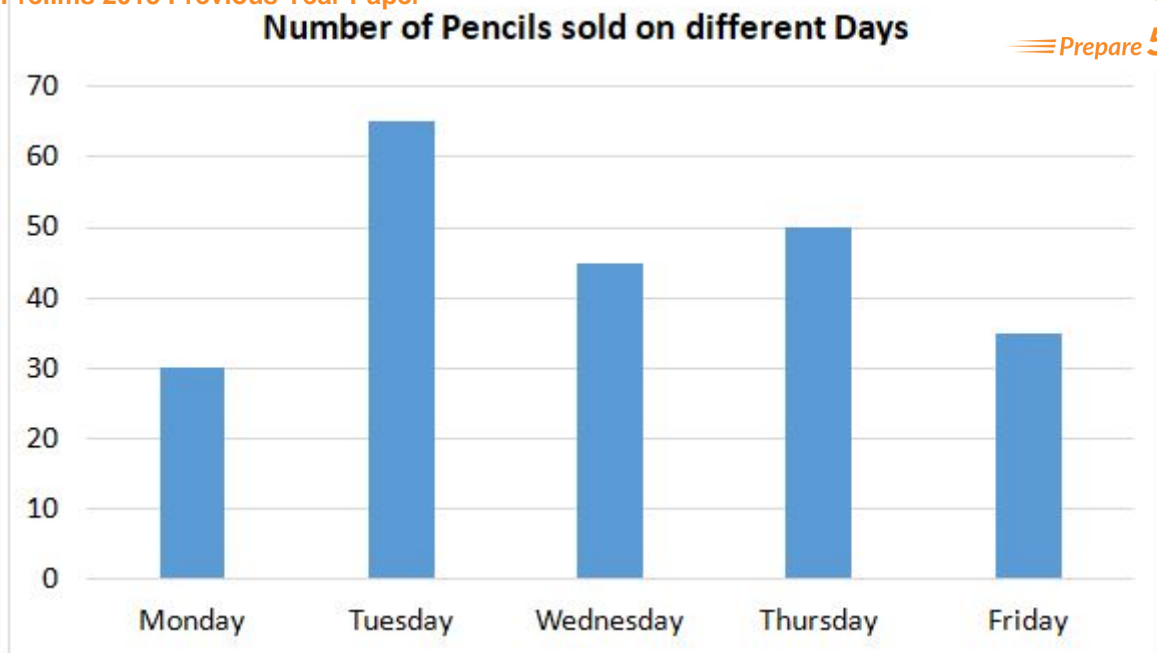
Options :

1. 50
2. 36
3. 86
4. 88
5. None of these

Answer : 86

Direction:

The following Bar graph shows pencils sold by a shopkeeper on five different days. Read the data & answer the questions given below.



• Question No. 70

Out of the total pencils sold on Monday, 40% are green color pencils. Out of remaining, $\frac{1}{3}$ are of pink color pencils & remaining are yellow pencil. What is the difference between number of pink color pencils and yellow color pencils sold on Monday?

Options :

1. 12
2. 6
3. 18
4. 10
5. None of these

Answer : 6

• Question No. 71

If a speed of man in still water is 400% more than the speed of stream.

Quantity I – 'x' : If man can travel a distance of 60 km in 2 hours in downstream then 'x' is the speed of the man in upstream in kmph.

Quantity II - 17 kmph

Options :

1. Quantity I > Quantity II
2. Quantity I \geq Quantity II
3. Quantity I < Quantity II
4. Quantity I \leq Quantity II
5. Quantity I = Quantity II

Answer : Quantity I \geq Quantity II

• Question No. 72

Quantity I. 'x' : $x^2 + x - 12 = 0$

Quantity II. 'y' : $y^2 + 6y + 8 = 0$

Options :

1. Quantity I > Quantity II
2. Quantity I \geq Quantity II
3. Quantity I < Quantity II
4. Quantity I \leq Quantity II
5. Quantity I = Quantity II or Relationship cannot be established between Quantity I and Quantity II.

Answer : Quantity I = Quantity II or Relationship cannot be established between Quantity I and Quantity II.

• Question No. 73

Sum of 8 consecutive odd numbers is S.

Quantity I : Sum of 3rd and 4th number in S.

Quantity II : Sum of 2nd and 5th number in S.

Options :

1. Quantity I > Quantity II
2. Quantity I \geq Quantity II
3. Quantity I < Quantity II
4. Quantity I \leq Quantity II
5. Quantity I = Quantity II

Answer : Quantity I = Quantity II

• Question No. 74

X's efficiency is 20% more than that of Y.

Quantity I: 'a' : X can do 7/9th of total work in 'a' days.

Quantity II: 'b' : Y can do 3/4th of total work in 'b' days.

Options :

1. Quantity I > Quantity II
2. Quantity I \geq Quantity II
3. Quantity I < Quantity II
4. Quantity I \leq Quantity II
5. Quantity I = Quantity II

Answer : Quantity I \leq Quantity II

• Question No. 75

A table is sold at Rs.7200 after giving a discount of 20% on labelled price.

Quantity I – Rs.8900

Quantity II – Labelled price of table

Options :

1. Quantity I > Quantity II
2. Quantity I \geq Quantity II
3. Quantity I < Quantity II
4. Quantity I \leq Quantity II

5. Quantity I = Quantity II

Answer : Quantity I & Quantity II

Direction:

In each of the following giving number series, a wrong number is given. Find out the wrong number?

- Question No. 76

1, 3, 9, 31, 128, 651, 3913

Options :

1. 1
2. 3
3. 9
4. 31
5. 128

Answer : 128

Direction:

In each of the following giving number series, a wrong number is given. Find out the wrong number?

- Question No. 77

291, 147, 75, 39, 22, 12, 7.5

Options :

1. 147
2. 75
3. 39
4. 22
5. 12

Answer : 22

- Question No. 78

Find wrong number in given number series.

26, 27, 34, 58, 106, 186, 306

Options :

1. 26
2. 27
3. 34
4. 58
5. 106

Answer : 27

- Question No. 79

Find wrong number in given number series.

6, 6.1, 6.4, 7.9, 18.5, 112.9

Options :

1. 6
2. 6.1
3. 6.4
4. 7.9
5. 18.5

Answer : 18.5

- Question No. 80

Find wrong number in given number series.

330,80,280,120,250,130,240

Options :

1. 80
2. 280
3. 120
4. 250
5. 130

Answer : 130

• Question No. 81

Sum of X's age and Y's age is 80. X's age 10 years ago is equal to Y's age 20 years ago. Find the age of Y five years hence.

Options :

1. 45 years
2. 55 years
3. 65 years
4. 50 years
5. None of these

Answer : 50 years

• Question No. 82

Sum of Volume of a cone and cylinder is $6510 \pi \text{ cm}^2$ & height of both cylinder and cone is same i.e. 10cm. Find the ratio of radius of cone & that of cylinder if radius of cone is 15cm.

Options :

1. 8:5
2. 3:4
3. 3:5
4. 3:7

5. None of these

Answer : None of these

• Question No. 83

In a bag, there are 7 Black balls, 6 Green balls and X yellow balls. Probability of selecting one yellow ball from the given bag is $\frac{1}{2}$. Then find the sum of number of yellow and green balls.

Options :

1. 19
2. 18
3. 17
4. 16
5. None of these

Answer : 19

• Question No. 84

Shatabdi Train of length 100m crosses a platform of length of 260m in 18 seconds and the ratio of speed of Shatabdi train & Rajdhani Train is 2:3. Then find the length of Rajdhani train if Rajdhani Train can cross a pole in 15 seconds.

Options :

1. 250 m
2. 300 m
3. 350 m
4. 400 m
5. 450 m

Answer : 450 m

• Question No. 85

What is the chances of forming word from letters of the word "RUMOUR" so that all vowels must come together?

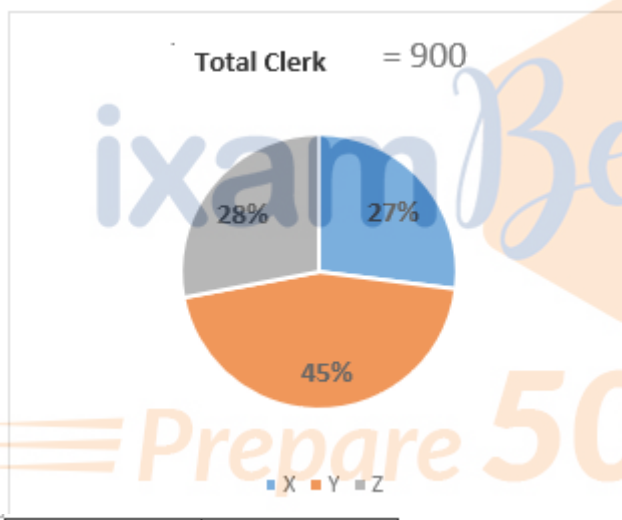
Options :

1. $1/4$
2. $1/5$
3. $1/6$
4. $1/3$
5. None of these

Answer : $1/5$

Direction:

In the given pie chart, total number of clerks in three Banks X, Y & Z is given. In the given Table, ratio between number of officers & clerks is given for all three banks. Read the data given & answer the following questions:



| Bank | Officer: Clerk |
|------|----------------|
| X | 1:9 |
| Y | 1:5 |
| Z | 1:7 |

Note:- Total employee = Officer + Clerk

- Question No. 86

Find the ratio between total number of clerks in bank Y & Z together to total number of officers in bank Y & Z together.

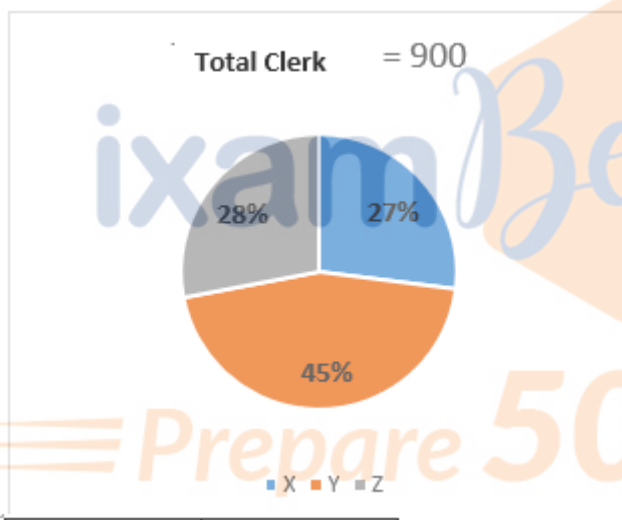
Options :

1. 71:13
2. 73:13
3. 11:12
4. 11:13
5. None of these

Answer : 73:13

Direction:

In the given pie chart, total number of clerks in three Banks X, Y & Z is given. In the given Table, ratio between number of officers & clerks is given for all three banks. Read the data given & answer the following questions:



| Bank | Officer: Clerk |
|------|----------------|
| X | 1:9 |
| Y | 1:5 |
| Z | 1:7 |

Note:- Total employee = Officer + Clerk

- Question No. 87

Total number of officers in bank 'X' is how much % less than that in bank 'Z'?

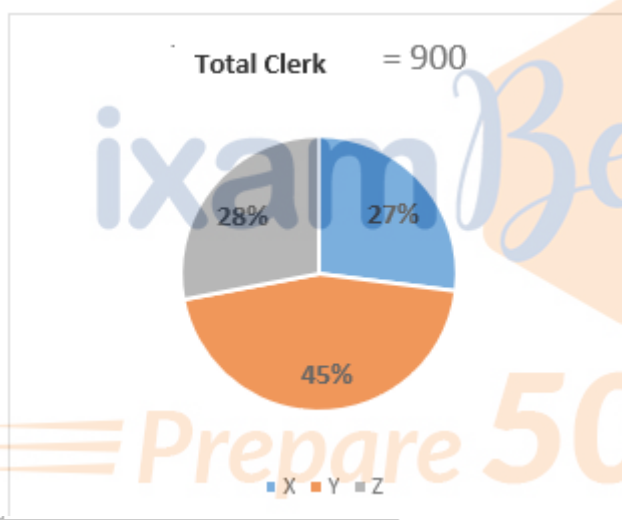
Options :

1. 33.33%
2. 25%
3. 20%
4. 10%
5. None of these

Answer : 25%

Direction:

In the given pie chart, total number of clerks in three Banks X, Y & Z is given. In the given Table, ratio between number of officers & clerks is given for all three banks. Read the data given & answer the following questions:



| Bank | Officer: Clerk |
|------|----------------|
| X | 1:9 |
| Y | 1:5 |
| Z | 1:7 |

Note:- Total employee = Officer + Clerk

- Question No. 88

Total numbers of Clerks in bank 'Y' is approximately how much% more than total number of clerks in bank 'Z'?

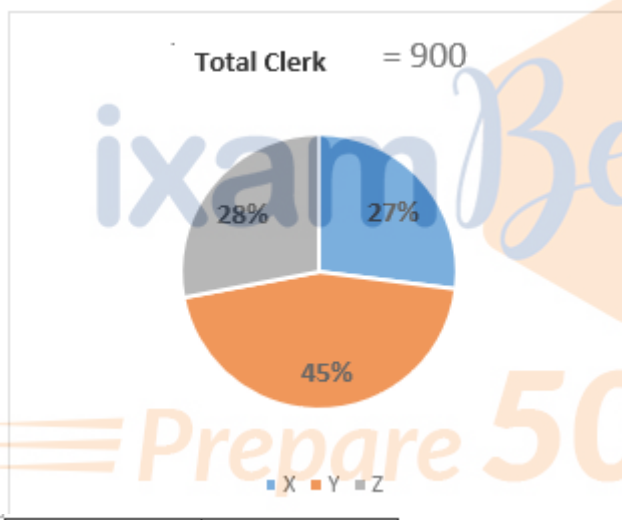
Options :

1. 50%
2. 61%
3. 71%
4. 80%
5. None of these

Answer : 61%

Direction:

In the given pie chart, total number of clerks in three Banks X, Y & Z is given. In the given Table, ratio between number of officers & clerks is given for all three banks. Read the data given & answer the following questions:



| Bank | Officer: Clerk |
|------|----------------|
| X | 1:9 |
| Y | 1:5 |
| Z | 1:7 |

Note:- Total employee = Officer + Clerk

- Question No. 89

Total number of officers & clerks in bank A is 100/9% and 100/3% more than the total number of officers and clerk in bank X respectively. Find the total number of employees in bank A?

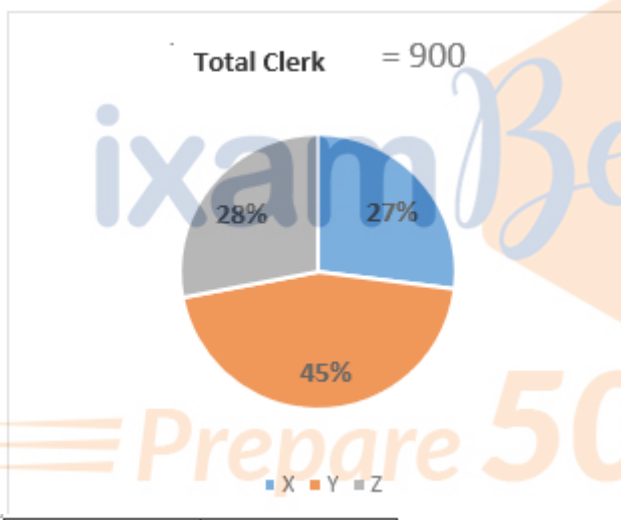
Options :

1. 293
2. 354
3. 313
4. 323
5. None of these

Answer : 354

Direction:

In the given pie chart, total number of clerks in three Banks X, Y & Z is given. In the given Table, ratio between number of officers & clerks is given for all three banks. Read the data given & answer the following questions:



| Bank | Officer: Clerk |
|------|----------------|
| X | 1:9 |
| Y | 1:5 |
| Z | 1:7 |

Note:- Total employee = Officer + Clerk

- Question No. 90

What is ratio of number of clerks in bank X to number of officers in bank Y?

Options :

1. 2:1
2. 3:1
3. 4:1
4. 5:1
5. None of these

Answer : 3:1

- Question No. 91

Find the approximate value of (?) in the given question.

$$2^? = 31.99 \div 127.98 \times 1024.02 \div 8.03$$

Options :

1. 3
2. 4
3. 5
4. 6
5. 7

Answer : 5

- Question No. 92

Find the approximate value of (?) in the given question.

$$340.1/? = \sqrt{144.12} + \sqrt{63.99}$$

Options :

1. 23
2. 4
3. 35
4. 17

5. 46

Answer : 17

- Question No. 93

Find the approximate value of (?) in the given question.

$$31.99\% \text{ of } 660.03 \div ? = 329.99 \div 30.01$$

Options :

1. 20
2. 40
3. 60
4. 80
5. 100

Answer : 20

- Question No. 94

Find the approximate value of (?) in the given question.

$$(? \div 8.99) \times 12.99 = 29.98\% \text{ of } 1429.96$$

Options :

1. 200
2. 400
3. 600
4. 300
5. 500

Answer : 300

- Question No. 95

Find the approximate value of (?) in the given question.

$$(\% \text{ of } 181.01)^2 = 14.99^2 + 8.02^2 + \sqrt{1224.9}$$

Options :

1. 20
2. 40
3. 60
4. 30
5. 10

Answer : 10

Direction:

There are three persons X, Y & Z who started two different business B1& B2.

X invested Rs.50000 for 3 years in B1and Rs.40000 for 5 years in B2.

Y invested Rs.25000 for 4 years in B1but he invested nothing in B2.

Z invested Rs.60000 for 5 years in B1and Rs.80000 for 1 years in B2.

So finally, Total profit received from B1is Rs.33000 & from B2is Rs.14000. But Y gets an extra profit of Rs. 5000 in B2 because he was advisor in B2.

- Question No. 96

Profit of X in B1 is what% of profit of X in B2?

Options :

1. 70%
2. 80%
3. 90%
4. 85%
5. None of these

Answer : 90%

Direction:

There are three persons X, Y & Z who started two different business B1& B2.

X invested Rs.50000 for 3 years in B1and Rs.40000 for 5 years in B2.

Y invested Rs.25000 for 4 years in B1but he invested nothing in B2.

Z invested Rs.60000 for 5 years in B1and Rs.80000 for 1 years in B2.

So finally, Total profit received from B1is Rs.33000 & from B2is Rs.14000. But Y gets an extra profit of Rs. 5000 in B2 because he was advisor in B2.

• Question No. 97

What is the ratio of profit received by X to profit received by Z in business B1?

Options :

1. 1:2

2. 1:3

3. 1:4

4. 2:3

5. None of these

Answer : 1:2

Direction:

There are three persons X, Y & Z who started two different business B1& B2.

X invested Rs.50000 for 3 years in B1and Rs.40000 for 5 years in B2.

Y invested Rs.25000 for 4 years in B1but he invested nothing in B2.

Z invested Rs.60000 for 5 years in B1and Rs.80000 for 1 years in B2.

So finally, Total profit received from B1is Rs.33000 & from B2is Rs.14000. But Y gets an extra profit of Rs. 5000 in B2 because he was advisor in B2.

• Question No. 98

If the total sum of profit of X & Y in B1 is invested at CI @30% p.a. then calculate the net CI in 2 years.

Options :

1. Rs.13000
2. Rs.13200
3. Rs.13800
4. Rs.14000
5. None of these

Answer : Rs.13800

Direction:

There are three persons X, Y & Z who started two different business B1 & B2.

X invested Rs.50000 for 3 years in B1 and Rs.40000 for 5 years in B2.

Y invested Rs.25000 for 4 years in B1 but he invested nothing in B2.

Z invested Rs.60000 for 5 years in B1 and Rs.80000 for 1 years in B2.

So finally, Total profit received from B1 is Rs.33000 & from B2 is Rs.14000. But Y gets an extra profit of Rs. 5000 in B2 because he was advisor in B2.

- Question No. 99

What is the average of profit of Z earned from B1 and profit of Z from B2?

Options :

1. 11000
2. 11500
3. 12000
4. 13000
5. None of these

Answer : 11000

Direction:

There are three persons X, Y & Z who started two different business B1 & B2.

X invested Rs.50000 for 3 years in B1 and Rs.40000 for 5 years in B2.

Y invested Rs.25000 for 4 years in B1 but he invested nothing in B2.

Z invested Rs.60000 for 5 years in B1 and Rs.80000 for 1 years in B2.

So finally, Total profit received from B1 is Rs.33000 & from B2 is Rs.14000. But Y gets an extra profit of Rs. 5000 in B2 because he was advisor in B2.

• Question No. 100

If X had invested his capital at SI for 3 years @ P% p.a. in B1 and Z had invested his capital at SI for (P+10)% p.a. for 2 years in B2 & the gap in their interest is Rs. 17,000. Then find the value of P%.

Options :

1. 10%
2. 15%
3. 20%
4. 5%
5. 13%

Answer : 10%

[Attempt Mock Test Now](#)

All ixamBee Mock Test are FREE @ www.ixamBee.com