

• Question No. 1

What is current repo rate?

**Options :**

1. 6.50%
2. 5.75%
3. 7.25%
4. 7 %
5. 6.25%

Answer : 6.25%

• Question No. 2

What is time period in notice money market on which funds are transacted?

**Options :**

1. 15 to 30 Days
2. 30 Days
3. 2 to 14days
4. Overnight
5. None of these

Answer : 2 to 14days

• Question No. 3

Term money refers to borrowing and lending of funds for a period of -----.

**Options :**

1. More than 14 Days
2. 2 to 14 days

3. Overnight
4. Less than 14 Days
5. None of these

Answer : More than 14 Days

• Question No. 4

What is the minimum maturity period for commercial paper as per RBI regulation ?

**Options :**

1. 8 days
2. 5 days
3. 14 days
4. 7 days
5. 30 days

Answer : 7 days

• Question No. 5

Who became the first woman appointed as the independent director of International Cricket Council (ICC)?

**Options :**

1. Anjum Chopra
2. Kiran Mazumdar Shaw
3. Priya Paul
4. Gina Rinehart
5. Indra Nooyi

Answer : Indra Nooyi

• Question No. 6

Where is the corporate office of Paytm payment bank?

**Options :**

1. Gurgaon
2. Faridabad
3. Noida
4. Chandigarh
5. None of these

Answer : Noida

• Question No. 7

Where is headquarter of Federal bank limited?

**Options :**

1. Kochi
2. Mumbai
3. Chennai
4. Bangalore
5. Pune

Answer : Kochi

• Question No. 8

YONO a mobile app was launched by which bank?

**Options :**

1. BoB
2. BOI
3. SBI
4. PNB
5. None of these

Answer : SBI

• Question No. 9

Which country has topped in The World Happiness Report 2018?

**Options :**

1. Finland
2. Norway
3. Denmark
4. Sweden
5. None of these

Answer : Finland

• Question No. 10

Which Indian cricketer become 1<sup>st</sup> to make a century at his 100<sup>th</sup> ODI match?

**Options :**

1. Virat Kohli
2. Shikhar Dhawan
3. M.S. Dhoni
4. Suresh Raina
5. None of these

Answer : Shikhar Dhawan

• Question No. 11

BBPS i.e. Bharat bill payment system is used for?

**Options :**

1. Integrated payment services
2. Online shopping
3. Cash Withdrawal

4. Money Transfer
5. None of these

Answer : Integrated payment services

• Question No. 12

National Payments Corporation of India (NPCI) has implemented NACH for Banks. What does C stand for in NACH?

**Options :**

1. Clearing
2. Credit
3. Corporate
4. Cash
5. None of these

Answer : Clearing

• Question No. 13

Which is not the feature of small finance bank.

**Options :**

1. Minimum paid up capital 100 crore
2. SFBs are set up for financial inclusion of unorganized sector
3. SFBs have to open 25% of their branches in unbanked areas
4. SFBs are allowed to trade in INR currency derivatives
5. None of these

Answer : Minimum paid up capital 100 crore

• Question No. 14

Which among the following is not a function of RBI?

**Options :**

1. Authorizes to issue currency and coins
2. To serve as issuer of bank notes
3. Serve as banker to central and state governments
4. Serve as debt manager to other banks
5. None of these

Answer : Authorizes to issue currency and coins

• Question No. 15

Name the rate at which bank lend money to one another for a short period?

**Options :**

1. Repo Rate
2. Interbank rates
3. MCLR
4. Reverse Repo Rate
5. None of these

Answer : Interbank rates

• Question No. 16

The rate at which RBI lend money to commercial banks for short period of time in case of shortage of SLR requirement.

**Options :**

1. Reverse Repo
2. CRR
3. MCLR
4. Repo Rate
5. None of these

Answer : Repo Rate

• Question No. 17

Under bank ombudsman scheme, bank ombudsman has given the power to provide compensation up to ----.

**Options :**

1. 10 Lakhs
2. 25 lakhs
3. 15 lakhs
4. 30 lakhs
5. 20 lakhs

Answer : 20 lakhs

• Question No. 18

If a person is unable to pay debts a company can go to NCLT. What is the full form of NCLT?

**Options :**

1. National Corporation legal tribunal
2. National company law tribunal
3. National company legal tribunal
4. National corporation law trust
5. None of these

Answer : National company law tribunal

• Question No. 19

Under IBC 2016, an individual can file case against his debtors to which body?

**Options :**

1. Banking Ombudsman

2. Debt recovery tribunals
3. Civil Court
4. DM office
5. None of these

Answer : Debt recovery tribunals

• Question No. 20

MUDRA scheme is launched to provide loans up to Rs. 10 lakhs maximum to the eligible ----- through the Commercial Banks, RRBS, Cooperative Banks, NBFC and MFI etc.

Options :

1. Micro Enterprises
2. Medium Enterprises
3. SHGs
4. PACs
5. None of these

Answer : Micro Enterprises

• Question No. 21

Dated Government securities are longer term securities and carry a fixed or floating coupon (interest rate) paid on the face value, payable at fixed time periods. Dated securities can be issued for maximum period of -----.

Options :

1. 30 years
2. 25 years
3. 35 years
4. 20 years
5. None of these

Answer : None of these



- Question No. 22

Certificate of deposit is a type of --- .

**Options :**

1. Cheque
2. Bill of Exchange
3. Promissory note
4. Loan Paper
5. None of these

Answer : Promissory note

- Question No. 23

Mortgage comes under which act?

**Options :**

1. Transfer of property act 1882
2. Indian Partnership Act 1934
3. Public Debt Act 1944
4. Banking Regulation Act 1949
5. None of these

Answer : Transfer of property act 1882

- Question No. 24

Bank note of which a portion is missing or which is composed of more than two pieces is called -----.

**Options :**

1. Mutilated notes
2. Soiled Notes
3. Joint Notes

4. Torn Notes
5. None of these

Answer : Mutilated notes

• Question No. 25

In which of the following Country Indian people can move freely without passport due to local culture of the border areas?

**Options :**

1. Nepal
2. Sri Lanka
3. Afghanistan
4. Myanmar
- 5.

Answer : Nepal

• Question No. 26

What is the meaning of Retail Banking?

**Options :**

1. Banking for Businessman
2. Banking for Individuals
3. Banking for Corporates
4. Retail Outlets
5. None of these

Answer : Banking for Individuals

• Question No. 27

Ripple technology tied up with which bank to enhance global payment transactions in and out of India?

**Options :**

1. HDFC Bank
2. IndusInd bank
3. ICICI Bank
4. Axis Bank
5. None of these

Answer : IndusInd bank

• Question No. 28

First woman combat officer commissioned in BSF who is resident of Rajasthan?

**Options :**

1. Tanushree Pareek
2. Bhavna Kant
3. Arunima Sinha
4. Naina Mehta
5. None of these

Answer : Tanushree Pareek

• Question No. 29

World's longest sandstone cave named Krem Puri was discovered in which state?

**Options :**

1. Odisha
2. Assam
3. Meghalaya
4. Manipur
5. Tripura

Answer : Meghalaya

• Question No. 30

Which bank has launched Digital Supply chain financial solution which aims to accelerate working capital loan opportunities for the small and medium enterprises and large corporate clients?

**Options :**

1. SBI
2. Axis Bank
3. PNB
4. BOB
5. HDFC Bank

Answer : BOB

• Question No. 31

Union Government sets up a Committee to simplify income tax act 1961 is headed by whom?

**Options :**

1. Arbind Modi
2. Arvind Subramanian
3. VK Bhasin
4. Akhilesh Ranjan
5. None of these

Answer : Arbind Modi

• Question No. 32

The Government has decided to increase the gratuity ceiling from Rs 10 lakh to ----- on recommendation of 7th pay commission .

**Options :**

1. 15 lakhs

2. 25 lakhs
3. 30 lakhs
4. 18 Lakhs
5. 20 lakhs

Answer : 20 lakhs

• Question No. 33

Cabinet has approved tribunal to solve water dispute between Odisha and Chhattisgarh on which river?

**Options :**

1. Manas river
2. Indravati River
3. Mahanadi
4. Godavari River
5. None of these

Answer : Mahanadi

• Question No. 34

What does R in RDA stand for?

**Options :**

1. Rupee
2. Restriction
3. Regulation
4. Rate
5. Return

Answer : Rupee

• Question No. 35

Finance Minister Arun Jaitley has announced the government's plan to build a tunnel through the Sela Pass, which is located at ----.

**Options :**

1. Tripura
2. Assam
3. Arunachal Pradesh
4. Manipur
5. Nagaland

Answer : Arunachal Pradesh

- Question No. 36

What is the name of satellite launched by ISRO to study the Sun?

**Options :**

1. Bhaskar- L5
2. Aditya-L1
3. Ravi- L7
4. Sun-N9
5. None of these

Answer : Aditya-L1

- Question No. 37

Zoho tie up with which bank to deliver a streamlined digital banking experience to customers using Zoho's cloud accounting software?

**Options :**

1. SBI
2. Bandhan Bank
3. ICICI Bank

4. IndusInd Bank
5. Union Bank of India

Answer : ICICI Bank

- Question No. 38

In SEPA of European Union payment system E stands for ---.

**Options :**

1. Euro
2. Exchange
3. Estimated
4. Electronic
5. None of these

Answer : Euro

- Question No. 39

How much amount for medical care is fixed per family per year under AYUSHMAN Bharat scheme?

**Options :**

1. 3 Lakhs
2. 4 Lakhs
3. 10 Lakhs
4. 5 lakhs
5. None of these

Answer : 5 lakhs

- Question No. 40

Which Indian State govt. to have intergrated multi hazard early warning system?

**Options :**

1. Odisha
2. Tamil Nadu
3. Andhra Pradesh
4. Kerala
5. Goa

Answer : Odisha

• Question No. 41

Which state celebrated Rashtriya Sanskriti Mahotsav under Ek Bharat SHresta Bharat programme ?

**Options :**

1. Karnataka
2. Maharashtra
3. Punjab
4. Bihar
5. None of these

Answer : Karnataka

• Question No. 42

To improve passenger experience, Ministry of Railway decided to upgrade Premium Rajdhani and Shatabdi trains under Project -----.

**Options :**

1. Sudhar
2. Swarna
3. Suvidha
4. Kohinoor
5. Kundan



Answer : Swarna

• Question No. 43

What is the sub-prime lending?

**Options :**

1. Interest rate higher than market rates.
2. Interest Rate lower than market rates
3. loans with additional moratorium period
4. loans to BPL class
5. None of these

Answer : Interest rate higher than market rates.

• Question No. 44

Indian Railways has manufactured its first semi-high speed, 'engine-less' train to replace premium Shatabdi Express. The name of the train is ----.

**Options :**

1. Tejas
2. Train 18
3. Train 1
4. Chetak
5. None of these

Answer : Train 18

• Question No. 45

Supreme Court stayed an order of which state high court which struck down a regulation that tobacco product packages must have a pictorial warning covering 85% of the space (it was hearing an appeal filed by Health for Millions Trust, a non-government organization, seeking an interim stay on the high court ruling, which directed

reduction of the size of the pictorial warning on tobacco products from 85% to 40%) ?

**Options :**

1. Karnatka
2. UP
3. Delhi
4. Bihar
5. None of these

Answer : Karnatka

- Question No. 46

Name the App Launched for Security Related Help of Railway Passengers.

**Options :**

1. R-Mitra
2. R-Sahayak
3. R-Suraksha
4. R-Savdhani
5. None of these

Answer : R-Mitra

- Question No. 47

Name the multilingual knowledge portal launched by MHRD to foster national integration.

**Options :**

1. Bhasha
2. Bharatavani
3. IndiLang
4. VividhBharat
5. None of these

Answer : Bharatavani

- Question No. 48

Which bank joined hands with Delhi Metro to launch Metro Plus debit card?

**Options :**

1. SBI
2. Indusland Bank
3. Canara Bank
4. Bank of India
5. None

Answer : Indusland Bank

- Question No. 49

Name the technology giant which has acquired the US based GIF search platform 'Tenor'?

**Options :**

1. Facebook
2. Google
3. Microsoft
4. Amazon
5. Apple

Answer : Google

- Question No. 50

Multi Commodity Exchange of India (MCX) launched world's first future contract in:

**Options :**

1. Gold

2. Silver
3. Copper
4. Platinum
5. Brass

Answer : Brass

Direction:

**Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits (in the same order) the meaning of the sentence as whole.**

• Question No. 51

The government has enacted legislation to \_\_\_\_\_ a fine and three-year imprisonment for all references that imply the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Polish nation and the state in Nazi war crimes.

Options :

1. levy, compliance
2. drift, complexity
3. impose, complicity
4. imposition, complex
5. elist, collaborate

Answer : impose, complicity

Direction:

**Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits (in the same order) the meaning of the sentence as whole.**

• Question No. 52

India's policy \_\_\_\_\_ is \_\_\_\_\_ and rooted in political realism.

Options :

1. aim, clearing
2. tune, shady

3. shady, purpose
4. objective, clear
5. task, duty

Answer : objective, clear

Direction:

**Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits (in the same order) the meaning of the sentence as whole.**

• Question No. 53

India wants to maintain the balance in its relationship with \_\_\_\_\_ Palestine and Israel, and strengthen bilateral ties with \_\_\_\_\_ separately.

Options :

1. two, together
2. both, each
3. only, different
4. also, together
5. all, both

Answer : both, each

Direction:

**Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits (in the same order) the meaning of the sentence as whole.**

• Question No. 54

Forest and tree cover together \_\_\_\_\_ a 1% rise over the previous estimate two years \_\_\_\_\_.

Options :

1. see, before
2. registered, ago
3. saw, since

4. observe, hence

5. note, back

Answer : registered, ago

Direction:

**Each question below has two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits (in the same order) the meaning of the sentence as whole.**

• Question No. 55

Private sector lenders have also been found guilty of pushing troubled assets under the \_\_\_\_\_ until the RBI called \_\_\_\_\_ bluff.

Options :

1. carpet, their

2. bush, there

3. bush, its

4. brush, their

5. wall, its

Answer : carpet, their

Direction:

**.The following questions have two blanks, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the set of words for each blank that best fits in the context of the sentence.**

• Question No. 56

I have \_\_\_\_\_ packs of sour mustard leaves \_\_\_\_\_ a market at a village in the Shan state of Western Myanmar.

Options :

1. buy, of

2. bring, to

3. bought, in

- 4. brought, from
- 5. None of these

Answer : brought, from

Direction:

**Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.**

• Question No. 57

- (a) Newton was a great scientist.
- (b) He was a good person.
- (i) In spite of being
- (ii) Besides being
- (iii) Newton was not only

**Options :**

- 1. Only ii and iii
- 2. Only i
- 3. Both I and ii
- 4. Both i and iii
- 5. None of these

Answer : Only ii and iii

Direction:

**Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.**

• Question No. 58

- (a) GDP measures income but fails to measure poverty, health and quality of life.
- (b) GDP has become the single most important tool for Governments, financial institutions and policymakers.

(i) Nonetheless

(ii) However

(iii) Although

**Options :**

1. Only ii
2. Only i
3. Both I and ii
4. Only iii
5. None of these

Answer : Only iii

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

- Question No. 59

(a) Seema carefully reviewed all the job offers she had received.

(b) She chose the one with the best package.

(i) In spite of

(ii) Despite of

(iii) After

**Options :**

1. Only i
2. Only iii
3. Both I and II
4. Only ii
5. None of these



Answer : Only iii

Direction:

Select the phrase/connector (it must be at the start) from the given three options which can be used to form a single sentence from the two sentences given below, implying the same meaning as expressed in the statement sentences.

• Question No. 60

(a) You must seek his help.

(b) You will not be able to pass the test.

(i) Having sought

(ii) Unless you seek

(iii) Since you seek

Options :

1. Only ii

2. Only iii

3. Only i

4. Both i and iii

5. None of these

Answer : Only ii

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each, A, B, C and D, E, F respectively. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

• Question No. 61

| Column (1)   | Column (2)                          |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| (A) Although they had only told their parents about their engagement | (D) they were expecting the news.   |
| (B) In spite of telling everything                                   | (E) she was prepared for it.        |
| (C) The head of the team the   | (F) the news soon got round village |

**Options :**

1. B-E
2. A-F
3. B-D
4. A-E
5. None of these

Answer : A-F

**Direction:**

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each, A, B, C and D, E, F respectively. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. "None of these" as your answer.

- Question No. 62

| Column (1)                | Column (2)                                   |
|---------------------------|--|
| (A) It was a pleasant her | (D) she got through all exams                |
| (B) What a relief!        | (E) that traded higher than it ought to have |
| (C) It was a great news   | (F) it needed an explanation                 |

**Options :**

1. B-C
2. C-D
3. B-D
4. Both 2 and 3
5. None of these

Answer : Both 2 and 3

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each, A, B, C and D, E, F respectively. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. “None of these” as your answer.

- Question No. 63

Column (1):

(A) You could intervene

(B) Her brother had many weak points

(C) She had to give in

Column (2):

(D) but he was a nice man.

(E) on the demands

(F) did not solve the matter

Options :

1. A-D
2. B-D
3. A-E
4. Both 1 and 3
5. None of these

Answer : B-D

Direction:

In the following questions two columns are given containing three sentences/phrases each, A, B, C and D, E, F respectively. A sentence/phrase from the first column may or may not connect with another sentence/phrase from the second column to make a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. Each question has five options, four of which display the sequence(s) in which the sentences/phrases can be joined to form a grammatically and contextually correct sentence. If none of the options given forms a correct sentence after combination, mark (e), i.e. “None of these” as your answer.

- Question No. 64

| Column (1)                        | Column (2)                     |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (A) It ought to have hurt         | (D) giving up is not an option |
| (B) We should set off before dawn | (E) to get there on time       |
| (C) He should set up before time  | (F) should be arriving         |

**Options :**

1. B-D
2. A- F
3. B-E
4. A-E
5. None of these

Answer : B-E

Direction:

**.Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).**

- Question No. 65

**Options :**

1. It is inconceivable that the
2. country's yearning for peace and
3. normal life could be fulfill in the
4. absence of these minimum prerequisites.
5. No Error

Answer : normal life could be fulfill in the

Direction:

**.Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).**

- Question No. 66

**Options :**

1. The notes hoarded by
2. anti-national and anti-social
3. elements will become just
4. worthless peace of paper.
5. No Error

Answer : worthless peace of paper.

Direction:

**.Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mak "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).**

- Question No. 67

**Options :**

1. Souvenir sales make
2. up large chunk of the
3. revenue of the multi-billion-dollar
4. tourism industry
5. No Error

Answer : up large chunk of the

Direction:

**.Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).**

- Question No. 68

**Options :**

1. In spite of his offer to resign
2. after a series of rail accidents,
3. he was asked to wait and then
4. made Minister for Commerce and Industry.
5. No Error

Answer : In spite of his offer to resign

Direction:

**.Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).**

- Question No. 69

Options :

1. As a Nobel peace prize winner she
2. has failed to exertion of any moral pressure
3. to secure humane treatment and humanitarian
4. assistance for the systematically persecuted tribe.
5. No Error

Answer : has failed to exertion of any moral pressure

- Question No. 70

Read each sentence to find out whether there is any error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. Mark the part with the error as your answer. If there is no error, mark "No Error" as your answer. (Ignore the errors of punctuation).

Options :

1. Since a farmer may get a handsome return
2. for his produce in a short supply scenario,
3. the same commodity may fetch him a
4. poor price during years of bumper production.

5. No error

Answer : Since a farmer may get a handsome return

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue the cooperation to build six 1200 MW VVERs at a second site, to be identified by India.

Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be

sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which **envisages** building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

• Question No. 71

Can we infer from this passage that India is sure to secure a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter?

Options :

1. Definitely Yes
2. Definitely No
3. Maybe
4. Data Inadequate
5. Not mentioned in the passage

Answer : Maybe

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality



of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue the cooperation to build six 1200 MW VVERs at a second site, to be identified by India.

Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which **envisages** building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

- Question No. 72

How many nuclear reactors are proposed to be set up in Andhra Pradesh with the partnership of Westinghouse and Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL)?

**Options :**

1. Two

2. Three
3. Five
4. Six
5. ten

Answer : Six

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue the cooperation to build six 1200 MW VVERs at a second site, to be identified by India.

Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which **envisages** building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

• Question No. 73

What is the reason for the delay in construction of the Nuclear reactor in Finland?

Options :

1. The delay in construction of nuclear reactor in Finland is owing to low quality of important forgings
2. The delay in construction of nuclear reactor in Finland is because of the arbitration case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases
3. The delay in construction of nuclear reactor in Finland because of crashing of Uranium market post the Fukushima incident
4. All the above
5. 1 and 2

Answer : The delay in construction of nuclear reactor in Finland is because of the arbitration case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified

manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue the cooperation to build six 1200 MW VVERs at a second site, to be identified by India.

Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which **envisages** building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

- Question No. 74

Which of the following statements/facts is/are true based on this article?

- (A) The cost of power consumption in nuclear reactors is less than from coal
- (B) India has plans of building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now
- (C) Nuclear power remains an important part of the Indian strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

**Options :**

- 1. Only (A)
- 2. Only (B)
- 3. Only (B) & (C)
- 4. Only (A) & (C)
- 5. All of these

Answer : All of these

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the

nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue the cooperation to build six 1200 MW VVERs at a second site, to be identified by India.

Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which envisages building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

- Question No. 75

Which of the following facts/ statements is /are true regarding Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR)?

- (A) Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR) uses enriched uranium as fuel
- (B) Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR) has been designed by Westinghouse and Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL)
- (C) Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) have designed the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR)
- (D) Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR) has a capacity of 1200 MW

**Options :**



1. Only (A) and (B)
2. Only (B) and (D)
3. Only (C) and (D)
4. Only (A) and (C)
5. None of these

Answer : Only (A) and (C)

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

Westinghouse representatives discussing their proposal with Nuclear Power Corporation of India Limited (NPCIL) for setting up six AP1000 reactors in Kovvada, Andhra Pradesh, have said that the new ownership would get sorted out, perhaps within a year or so, and they would continue to be seriously interested in the India project. The U.S. government might facilitate a new owner acceptable to it, and the nuclear business may resume in some modified manner. From an Indian perspective, delays in this project are **inevitable** and the outcome would be uncertain. India has been in discussions with Areva of France on building six EPR reactors of 1600 MW at Jaitapur, Maharashtra. The first such reactor in Finland has been greatly delayed and may go into operation in 2018. There is a pending **arbitration** case between Finland and France regarding who is to bear the resulting cost increases. A second EPR is under construction in Flammanville, France and that has also suffered delays due to questions regarding the quality of important **forgings**. Two EPRs in China were making good progress earlier but they also have to address the question of quality of some forgings made in France. Quite independently of these problems, Areva suffered heavy losses post-Fukushima when the uranium market bottomed. Japan, a big buyer of uranium, went out of the market as most of their reactors were shut down in 2011. Only a few have been allowed to restart. The French government has restructured the nuclear business and asked the Electricite de France to take over the nuclear power plant business and let only the fuel and associated activities to be with Areva. Anticipating some of these difficulties, the nuclear community in India has been looking at other options to expand the nuclear capacity. The fleet of pressurised heavy water reactors (PHWR), of our own design and construction, have performed well. During the last five years, the cumulative capacity factor has been 78%. The reactors have operated continuously for periods exceeding 300 days quite regularly and one of our reactors was on line for 765 days, the second-longest run in the world. The cost of power has been less than from coal in the same region. Given the context, the Union Cabinet's nod for 10 700 MW PHWRs is timely. Indian industry is well placed to supply all the components and materials required for these reactors. Russia is willing to supply two more 1000 MW VVER units for Kudankulam and continue

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Our reactor designers at Bhabha Atomic Research Centre and NPCIL have completed the design of a 900 MW reactor using enriched uranium as fuel, designated as the Indian Pressurised Water Reactor (IPWR). Our industry is keen to mobilise and build up the capacity to make components for this design. Enriched uranium fuel can be sourced from international suppliers, as such reactors can be placed under International Atomic Energy Agency safeguards. By about 2025 or so, India may itself supply enriched uranium from its own enrichment facilities. The government's push for 10 IPWRs will secure India a position of nuclear power plant supplier not only for application in India, but also as a potential exporter. While our earlier plans on expanding nuclear power have not materialised, the alternative plan suggested now, which **envisages** building 28 units with a total capacity of about 25,000 MW in 15 years from now, can still ensure that nuclear power remains an important part of our strategy to minimise carbon emissions in the long run.

• Question No. 76

According to you the writing style of this passage can best be categorized as:

Options :

1. Analytical
2. Critical
3. Descriptive
4. Cavilling
5. Derogatory

Answer : Descriptive

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

• Question No. 77

**Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.**

INEVITABLE



**Options :**

1. Distant
2. Fortuitous
3. Uncertain
4. Imminent
5. None of these

Answer : Imminent

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

- Question No. 78

**Choose the word/group of words which is most similar in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.**

FORGE

**Options :**

1. Raze
2. Fabricate
3. Stop
4. Extirpate
5. None of these

Answer : Fabricate

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

- Question No. 79

**Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.**

ARBITRATION

**Options :**

1. Mediation
2. Compromise
3. Adjudication
4. Dissent
5. None of these

Answer : Dissent

Direction:

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below it. Certain words/ Phrases have been printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of the questions.**

- Question No. 80

**Choose the word/group of words which is most opposite in meaning to the word/group of words printed in bold as used in passage.**

ENVISAGE

**Options :**

1. Consider
2. Confront
3. Ignore
4. Deliberate
5. None of these

Answer : Ignore

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences a, b, c, d, e and f in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- Question No. 81

Which is the FIRST sentence of the paragraph?

**Options :**

1. a
2. f
3. d
4. e
5. c

Answer : d

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences a, b, c, d, e and f in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- Question No. 82

Which is the SIXTH (LAST) sentence of the paragraph?

**Options :**

1. f
2. b
3. a
4. e
5. d

Answer : b

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences a, b, c, d, e and f in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- Question No. 83

Which is the THIRD sentence of the paragraph?

**Options :**

1. f
2. e
3. d
4. c
5. b

Answer : f

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences a, b, c, d, e and f in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- Question No. 84

Which is the FIFTH sentence of the paragraph?

Options :

1. f
2. e
3. a
4. d
5. c

Answer : e

Direction:

Rearrange the following six sentences a, b, c, d, e and f in the proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph; then answer the questions given below them.

- Question No. 85

Which is the SECOND sentence of the paragraph?

Options :

1. c

2. d

3. e

4. a

5. b

Answer : a

Direction:

**In the following question, a sentence / a part of the sentence is in bold. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is required, choose "No Improvement" option.**

- Question No. 86

The potential of India's district hospital system to dramatically expansion accessing for quality secondary and tertiary health care has never really been realised.

Options :

1. expansion access for quality
2. expand accessing to quality
3. expand access to quality
4. expanding access in quality
5. None of these

Answer : expand access to quality

Direction:

**In the following question, a sentence / a part of the sentence is in Bold. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is required, choose "No Improvement" option.**

- Question No. 87

The majority of patients today using of facilities created mostly by for-profit urban hospitals.

Options :

1. using the facilities

2. use the facilities
3. use of facilities
4. using in the facility
5. None of these

Answer : use the facilities

Direction:

**In the following question, a sentence / a part of sentence is underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is required, choose "No Improvement" option.**

- Question No. 88

Contracting out services of the virtual unregulation and largely commercial private system is fraught with risks.

Options :

1. in a virtual unregulation
2. of virtually unregulate
3. in a virtually unregulated
4. for a virtual unregulated
5. None of these

Answer : in a virtually unregulated

Direction:

**In the following question, a sentence / a part of the sentence is in bold. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is required, choose "No Improvement" option.**

- Question No. 89

In consonance **in the goal of provide** health for all under the National Health Policy, care should be universal, and free at the point of delivery.

Options :

1. in the goal to provide

- 2. with the goal to provide
- 3. in a goal to providing
- 4. with a goal for provide
- 5. None of these

Answer : with the goal to provide

Direction:

In the following question, a sentence / a part of sentence is underlined. Below are given alternatives to the underlined part which may improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case no improvement is required, choose "No Improvement" option.

- Question No. 90

A market-driven approaching for provide district hospital beds for only those with the means would defeat the objective.

Options :

- 1. approaching to providing
- 2. approaching for providing
- 3. approach to provide
- 4. approach of provide
- 5. None of these

Answer : approach to provide

Direction:

**In the following passage, some of the words have been left out, each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.**

India's macroeconomic threats lie exposed as it grapples \_\_\_\_\_(91)\_\_\_\_\_ the rupee's slide. The currency \_\_\_\_\_(92)\_\_\_\_\_ to a closing low of 68.07 \_\_\_\_\_(93)\_\_\_\_\_ the U.S. dollar two days back, its lowest level in 16 months, \_\_\_\_\_(94)\_\_\_\_\_ recovering slightly the next day. The rupee, already one of the worst performing Asian \_\_\_\_\_(95)\_\_\_\_\_, has now weakened 6.2% in 2018. The rise in crude oil prices through this year, \_\_\_\_\_(96)\_\_\_\_\_ rising geopolitical tensions in West Asia and dwindling global supply, have obviously hurt the rupee and the trade balance. Meanwhile, \_\_\_\_\_(97)\_\_\_\_\_ a depreciating currency, India's merchandise

exports are stumbling instead of \_\_\_\_\_(98)\_\_\_\_\_ from the opportunity. April clocked a sharp decline in exports from employment-intensive sectors such as readymade garments and gems and jewellery, according to official data. The trade deficit has consequently \_\_\_\_\_(99)\_\_\_\_\_ to \$13.7 billion in April, compared to \$13.25 billion in the same month in 2017. The value of oil and petroleum product imports increased by 41.5% from last year to hit \$10.4 billion. U.S. sanctions following Washington’s withdrawal \_\_\_\_\_(100)\_\_\_\_\_ the Iran nuclear deal and a June 22 meeting of OPEC should drive oil price trends hereon. Oil prices apart, the tightening of U.S. monetary policy has almost always spelled trouble for emerging market economies hooked to Western capital inflows. This time it is no different; capital outflows are scuppering the currencies of many emerging market economies.

• Question No. 91

Find the appropriate word?

Options :

1. of
2. with
3. from
4. to
5. start

Answer : with

Direction:

**In the following passage, some of the words have been left out, each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.**

India’s macroeconomic threats lie exposed as it grapples \_\_\_\_\_(91)\_\_\_\_\_ the rupee’s slide. The currency \_\_\_\_ (92)\_\_\_\_\_ to a closing low of 68.07 \_\_\_\_ (93)\_\_\_\_\_ the U.S. dollar two days back, its lowest level in 16 months, \_\_\_\_\_(94)\_\_\_\_\_ recovering slightly the next day. The rupee, already one of the worst performing Asian \_\_\_\_\_(95)\_\_\_\_\_, has now weakened 6.2% in 2018. The rise in crude oil prices through this year, \_\_\_\_\_(96)\_\_\_\_\_ rising geopolitical tensions in West Asia and dwindling global supply, have obviously hurt the rupee and the trade balance. Meanwhile, \_\_\_\_\_(97)\_\_\_\_\_ a depreciating currency, India’s merchandise exports are stumbling instead of \_\_\_\_\_(98)\_\_\_\_\_ from the opportunity. April clocked a sharp decline in exports from employment-intensive sectors such as readymade garments and gems and jewellery, according to official



data. The trade deficit has consequently \_\_\_\_\_(99)\_\_\_\_\_ to \$13.7 billion in April, compared to \$13.25 billion in the same month in 2017. The value of oil and petroleum product imports increased by 41.5% from last year to hit \$10.4 billion. U.S. sanctions following Washington’s withdrawal \_\_\_\_\_(100)\_\_\_\_\_ the Iran nuclear deal and a June 22 meeting of OPEC should drive oil price trends hereon. Oil prices apart, the tightening of U.S. monetary policy has almost always spelled trouble for emerging market economies hooked to Western capital inflows. This time it is no different; capital outflows are scuppering the currencies of many emerging market economies.

- Question No. 92

Find the appropriate word?

Options :

1. drop
2. down
3. sunk
4. rose
5. fly

Answer : sunk

Direction:

**In the following passage, some of the words have been left out, each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.**

India’s macroeconomic threats lie exposed as it grapples \_\_\_\_\_(91)\_\_\_\_\_ the rupee’s slide. The currency \_\_\_\_ (92)\_\_\_\_\_ to a closing low of 68.07 \_\_\_\_ (93)\_\_\_\_\_ the U.S. dollar two days back, its lowest level in 16 months, \_\_\_\_\_(94)\_\_\_\_\_ recovering slightly the next day. The rupee, already one of the worst performing Asian\_\_\_\_\_ (95)\_\_\_\_\_, has now weakened 6.2% in 2018. The rise in crude oil prices through this year, \_\_\_\_\_(96)\_\_\_\_\_ rising geopolitical tensions in West Asia and dwindling global supply, have obviously hurt the rupee and the trade balance. Meanwhile, \_\_\_\_\_(97)\_\_\_\_\_ a depreciating currency, India’s merchandise exports are stumbling instead of \_\_\_\_\_(98)\_\_\_\_\_ from the opportunity. April clocked a sharp decline in exports from employment-intensive sectors such as readymade garments and gems and jewellery, according to official data. The trade deficit has consequently \_\_\_\_\_(99)\_\_\_\_\_ to \$13.7 billion in April, compared to \$13.25 billion in the same month in 2017. The value of oil and petroleum product imports increased by 41.5% from last year to hit

\$10.4 billion. U.S. sanctions following Washington’s withdrawal \_\_\_\_\_(100)\_\_\_\_\_ the Iran nuclear deal and a June 22 meeting of OPEC should drive oil price trends hereon. Oil prices apart, the tightening of U.S. monetary policy has almost always spelled trouble for emerging market economies hooked to Western capital inflows. This time it is no different; capital outflows are scuppering the currencies of many emerging market economies.

• Question No. 93

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

- 1. like
- 2. against
- 3. down
- 4. with
- 5. way

Answer : against

Direction:

**In the following passage, some of the words have been left out, each of which is indicated by a number. Find the suitable word from the options given against each number and fill up the blanks with appropriate words to make the paragraph meaningfully complete.**

India’s macroeconomic threats lie exposed as it grapples \_\_\_\_\_(91)\_\_\_\_\_ the rupee’s slide. The currency \_\_\_\_ (92)\_\_\_\_\_ to a closing low of 68.07 \_\_\_\_ (93)\_\_\_\_\_ the U.S. dollar two days back, its lowest level in 16 months, \_\_\_\_\_(94)\_\_\_\_\_ recovering slightly the next day. The rupee, already one of the worst performing Asian\_\_\_\_\_ (95)\_\_\_\_\_, has now weakened 6.2% in 2018. The rise in crude oil prices through this year, \_\_\_\_\_(96)\_\_\_\_\_ rising geopolitical tensions in West Asia and dwindling global supply, have obviously hurt the rupee and the trade balance. Meanwhile, \_\_\_\_\_(97)\_\_\_\_\_ a depreciating currency, India’s merchandise exports are stumbling instead of \_\_\_\_\_(98)\_\_\_\_\_ from the opportunity. April clocked a sharp decline in exports from employment-intensive sectors such as readymade garments and gems and jewellery, according to official data. The trade deficit has consequently \_\_\_\_\_(99)\_\_\_\_\_ to \$13.7 billion in April, compared to \$13.25 billion in the same month in 2017. The value of oil and petroleum product imports increased by 41.5% from last year to hit \$10.4 billion. U.S. sanctions following Washington’s withdrawal \_\_\_\_\_(100)\_\_\_\_\_ the Iran nuclear deal and a June 22 meeting of OPEC should drive oil price trends hereon. Oil prices apart, the tightening of U.S. monetary

policy has almost always spelled trouble for emerging market economies hooked to Western capital inflows. This time it is no different; capital outflows are scuppering the currencies of many emerging market economies.

• Question No. 94

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. forward
2. beneath
3. before
4. after
5. ahead

Answer : before

Direction:

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- Question No. 95

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. monetary
2. money
3. currency
4. currencies
5. amounts

Answer : currencies

Direction:

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- Question No. 96

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. amidst
2. along
3. together
4. combined
5. middle

Answer : amidst

Direction:

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- Question No. 97

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. togetherwith
2. therefore
3. through
4. inspite
5. despite

Answer : despite

Direction:

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- Question No. 98

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. falling
2. down

- 3. gaining
- 4. losing
- 5. high

Answer : gaining

Direction:

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- Question No. 99

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

- 1. projected
- 2. reduce
- 3. launched
- 4. begun



5. widened

Answer : widened

Direction:

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- Question No. 100

Find the appropriate word?

**Options :**

1. give
2. by
3. of
4. from
5. to

Answer : from



- Question No. 101

Cash Management Bills are issued for?

**Options :**

1. 91 days
2. Less than 91 days
3. More than 91 days
4. Less than 182 days
5. Less than 365 days

Answer : Less than 91 days

- Question No. 102

Venture capital is

**Options :**

1. Capital invested in a project in which there is a substantial element of risk, typically a new or expanding business
2. Capital invested in a project in which there is low risk, typically in an established business
3. Capital invested in form of debt with moderate risk, typically in MSME businesses
4. Capital invested in a project as a bridge funding till equity is raised for the project
5. All of the above

Answer : Capital invested in a project in which there is a substantial element of risk, typically a new or expanding business

- Question No. 103

The return on equity is more than that of Debt capital because

**Options :**

1. Equity has a fixed obligation attached

2. Equity dividend is tax deductible
3. Equity is riskier than debt
4. Equity is traded on stock markets while debt is not
5. All of the above

Answer : Equity is riskier than debt

• Question No. 104

Cost of the assets is Rs.5,00,000 salvage value after 5 year is Rs.50,000. If straight line method of depreciation is followed, what will be the written down value of asset at the end of 2<sup>nd</sup> year.

Options :

1. 1,80,000
2. 2,00,000
3. 3,00,000
4. 3,20,000
5. None of the above

Answer : 3,20,000

• Question No. 105

If cost of equity is 15% with weight 1/3 and cost of debt is 10% with weight 2/3, calculate weighted average cost of capital. Rate of tax is 32%?

Options :

1. 12.27%
2. 11.67%
3. 9.53%
4. 7.93%
5. 7.13%

Answer : 9.53%

- Question No. 106

The cost of an asset on 01-01-2002 is 5,00,000 and its life is 10 years with salvage value is zero. If it is sold on 31-12-2008 for 50,000 than calculate the net profit/loss realized

**Options :**

1. Net profit of 1,35,000
2. Net loss of 1,35,000
3. Net profit of 1,00,000
4. Net loss of 1,00,000
5. Net Profit of 1,50,000

Answer : Net loss of 1,00,000

- Question No. 107

Which inventory valuation method is used to reduce tax liability during inflationary period?

**Options :**

1. FIFO (first in first out)
2. LIFO (last in first out)
3. Weighted average cost
4. A or B
5. A or C

Answer : LIFO (last in first out)

- Question No. 108

4000 kgs of raw material were bought at Rs.2 per kg and 10% is normal waste. If recovery value of the normal waste is Rs.1.1 per kg, then find the cost of 600 units which consumes 1.5 kg unit material?

**Options :**

1. 1800

2. 1890
3. 2000
4. 1980
5. 2090

Answer : 1890

- Question No. 109

Provision for bad and doubtful debts is based on the principle of

**Options :**

1. Full disclosure
2. Materiality
3. Conservatism
4. Consistency
5. Objectivity

Answer : Conservatism

- Question No. 110

A person can be a director of how many companies simultaneously?

**Options :**

1. 10
2. 15
3. 20
4. 25
5. no limit

Answer : 20

- Question No. 111

If you have sufficiently large amount of fund i.e. unlimited capital then how will you select the two projects with equal NPV?

**Options :**

1. Invest in both project if NPV is zero
2. Invest in both projects if NPV is positive
3. Invest in both projects if NPV is negative
4. Invest in any one project as NPV is same
5. Reject both projects

Answer : Invest in both projects if NPV is positive

- Question No. 112

The firm which use Debt with the equity capital is known as

**Options :**

1. Levered firm
2. Unlevered firm
3. Under-levered firm
4. Over-levered firm
5. None of the above

Answer : Levered firm

- Question No. 113

What is the selection criterion of project under IRR method?

**Options :**

1. When  $IRR = k_0$  select the project
2. When  $IRR > k_0$  select the project
3. When  $IRR < k_0$  select the project
4. When  $IRR > 0$  select the project

5. When  $IRR = 1$  select the project

Answer : When  $IRR > k_0$  select the project

• Question No. 114

Which cost is relevant even if it does not require additional funds when we add more investment?

**Options :**

1. Fixed Cost
2. Variable Cost
3. Sunk Cost
4. Opportunity cost
5. All of the above

Answer : Opportunity cost

• Question No. 115

If an individual is unable to pay back the overdraft taken by him it is known as

**Options :**

1. Market Risk
2. Credit risk
3. Interest rate risk
4. Operational Risk
5. Liquidity Risk

Answer : Credit risk

• Question No. 116

An asset is sold for Rs.2,50,000 whose written down value was 2,00,000. How will it be recorded in the books?

**Options :**

1. Revenue profit and revenue receipt
2. Revenue profit and capital receipt
3. Capital profit and capital receipt
4. Capital profit and revenue receipt
5. None of the above

Answer : Capital profit and capital receipt

• Question No. 117

Calculate the cast flow if profit is Rs.13 and Depreciation is Rs.3 and tax is 30%.

Options :

1. Rs.7
2. Rs.10
3. Rs.13
4. Rs.16
5. none of the above

Answer : Rs.10

• Question No. 118

Cash Budget is prepared for the purpose of

Options :

1. Capital Structuring
2. Inventory Management
3. Cash Management
4. Dividend decision-making
5. Capital Budgeting

Answer : Cash Management

- Question No. 119

In cash flow statement Repayment of loan is shown as a

**Options :**

1. Opening cash
2. Operating activity
3. Investing activity
4. Financing Activity
5. Closing cash

Answer : Financing Activity

- Question No. 120

Calculate ROI if Asset turnover is 5 times and Net margin is 3%.

**Options :**

1. 15%
2. 16.67%
3. 8%
4. 0.6%
5. Incomplete information

Answer : 15%

- Question No. 121

If current ratio is 0.5 : 1, D/E ratio is 2 : 1, Total Assets are Rs.20,00,000 and Equity shares Capital is Rs.4,00,000, then find out the current assets.

**Options :**

1. Rs.4,00,000
2. Rs.8,00,000



3. Rs.10,00,000

4. Rs.12,00,000

5. Rs.16,00,000

Answer : Rs.4,00,000

• Question No. 122

If discount rate is increased at increasing rate then NPV will

**Options :**

1. Increase at increasing rate

2. Increase at a decreasing rate

3. Decrease at decreasing rate

4. Decrease at increasing rate

5. Any of the above

Answer : Decrease at increasing rate

• Question No. 123

Social cost benefit analysis of a project comes under

**Options :**

1. Financial Analysis

2. Economic Analysis

3. Competitive analysis

4. Business Analysis

5. Market Analysis

Answer : Economic Analysis

• Question No. 124

STRIPS let investors hold and trade the individual interest and principal components of eligible Treasury notes and bonds as separate securities. What is the minimum face amount needed to strip a fixed –principal note or bond in USA?

**Options :**

1. \$10 and multiple of \$10
2. \$100 and multiple of \$10
3. \$100 and multiple of \$100
4. \$1000 and multiple of \$100
5. All of the above

Answer : \$100 and multiple of \$100

- Question No. 125

Which of the following ratio measure banking sector's ability to absorb shock arising from financial and economic stress?

**Options :**

1. Liquidity Coverage Ratio
2. Net stable funding Ratio
3. Capital adequacy ratio (CAR)
4. Leverage Ratio
5. None of the above

Answer : Capital adequacy ratio (CAR)

- Question No. 126

Break Even Point (BEP) is the level of EBIT at which

**Options :**

1. EBIT is equal to fixed costs
2. EBIT is equal to fixed costs and fixed financial cost

3. EBIT is equal to fixed financial cost, which include interest only
4. EBIT is equal to fixed financial cost, which include interest and preference dividend
5. None of the above

Answer : EBIT is equal to fixed financial cost, which include interest and preference dividend

• Question No. 127

Yield to maturity is

**Options :**

1. The rate of coupon earned to current bond price
2. The difference between the current price and face value of bond
3. The difference between the current yield of bond and the 10-year bond yield
4. The rate at which current bond price is equal to present value of all future cash flows
5. The rate at which the face value of bond is equal to present value of all future cash flows

Answer : The rate at which current bond price is equal to present value of all future cash flows

• Question No. 128

IRR is a rate at which

**Options :**

1.  $PV \text{ of cash inflow} / PV \text{ of cash outflow} = 1$
2.  $PV \text{ of cash inflow} / PV \text{ of cash outflow} > 1$
3.  $PV \text{ of cash inflow} / PV \text{ of cash outflow} < 1$
4.  $PV \text{ of cash inflow} / PV \text{ of cash outflow} = 0$
5. None of the above

Answer :  $PV \text{ of cash inflow} / PV \text{ of cash outflow} = 1$

• Question No. 129

Calculate the operation cycle from the given data

1. Duration of Raw material stage
2. Duration of work in progress stage
3. Duration of Finished goods stage
4. Duration of account receivables
5. Duration of account payables

**Options :**

1.  $1+2+3+4+5$
2.  $1+2+3+4 - 5$
3.  $3+4+5$
4.  $3+4 - 5$
5.  $1+2+3 - 4 - 5$

Answer :  $1+2+3+4 - 5$

- Question No. 130

Calculate Break Even sales for given data

|               |       |
|---------------|-------|
| Selling Price | Rs.80 |
| Variable cost | Rs.48 |
| Fixed Cost    | 32000 |

**Options :**

1. 400 units
2. 500 units
3. 666 units
4. 750 units
5. 1000 units

Answer : 1000 units

- Question No. 131

The calculation

$$\frac{[(\text{Current Value of Investment} - \text{Cost of Investment}) / (\text{Cost of Investment})] \times 100}{}$$

represents which of the following?

**Options :**

1. Internal Rate of Return
2. Economic Rate of Return
3. Compounded Annual Growth Rate
4. Average Rate of return
5. None of the above

Answer : Economic Rate of Return

- Question No. 132

Calculate Return on Equity from the following data

|                     |             |
|---------------------|-------------|
| EBITDA              | Rs.50,000   |
| Interest            | Rs.15,000   |
| Tax                 | Rs.5,000    |
| P.A.T.              | Rs.25,000   |
| Capital             | Rs.50,000   |
| Reserve and Surplus | Rs.1,50,000 |

**Options :**

1. 12.5%

- 2. 15.0%
- 3. 20.0%
- 4. 25.0%
- 5. 50.0%

Answer : 12.5%

• Question No. 133

Calculate budget cost for 60,000 units. Following data is for 1,00,000 units.

|   |          |
|---|----------|
| Direct material                               | Rs.90000 |
| Direct Labour                                 | Rs.75000 |
| Manufacturing overhead (60% is fixed)         | Rs.50000 |
| Administrative overhead (50% is fixed)        | Rs.42000 |
| Selling and distribution overhead (70% fixed) | Rs.30000 |

Options :

- 1. 172200
- 2. 129000
- 3. 215000
- 4. 201000
- 5. 287000

Answer : 201000

• Question No. 134

Calculate the Debtors, if Debtor receivable period is 73 days and total Sale is Rs.5 lakh of which cash sales is Rs.2 lakh. (Consider 365 days in a year)

**Options :**

1. 40,000
2. 60,000
3. 100,000
4. 1,40,000
5. 1,60,000

Answer : 60,000

• Question No. 135

Calculate interest coverage ratio if profit before tax is Rs.175000 and interest is Rs.75000.

**Options :**

1. 0.30
2. 0.43
3. 1.33
4. 2.33
5. 3.33

Answer : 3.33

• Question No. 136

Which of the following is **NOT** the feature of Discounted cash flow Analysis?

**Options :**

1. It uses a discount factor to calculate the present value of expected returns
2. It is less affected by the accounting practices and assumptions as it is focused on cash flows of a project
3. It takes into account both the future cash flows from a project and the returns generated in the past
4. All of the above
5. None of the above

Answer : It takes into account both the future cash flows from a project and the returns generated in the past

- Question No. 137

Depreciation is charged as per which principle?

**Options :**

1. Prudence
2. Going Concern
3. Consistency
4. Matching
5. Dual Aspect

Answer : Matching

- Question No. 138

When the goods are sold on credit, the following happens:

**Options :**

1. Inflow of Cash
2. Increase in Creditors
3. Decrease in Creditors
4. Increase in Debtors
5. Increase in the Closing Inventory

Answer : Increase in Debtors

- Question No. 139

Which of the following best describes the Working Capital?

**Options :**

1. Total Assets – Liabilities
2. Capital contributed by the owners
3. Current Assets – Current Liabilities



4. Cash and Inventory

5. Current Assets

Answer : Current Assets – Current Liabilities

- Question No. 140

If initial investment is Rs.10000 and Cash Inflows are Rs.4000 every year till 5 years, what is the payback period?

**Options :**

1. 2.0

2. 2.5

3. 3.0

4. 3.5

5. 4.0

Answer : 2.5

- Question No. 141

Dividend yield is calculated as:

**Options :**

1. Dividend /Face value

2. Dividend/market value

3. Dividend/ net profit

4. Dividend/networth

5. Dividend /sales

Answer : Dividend/market value

- Question No. 142

Ability of a company to pay its short term liabilities can be judges with the help of \_\_\_\_\_

**Options :**

1. Profitability ratios
2. solvency ratios
3. liquidity ratios
4. turnover ratios
5. valuation ratios

Answer : liquidity ratios

• Question No. 143

Which of the following is not a fixed cost?

**Options :**

1. Depreciation
2. Rent on building
3. Salary of Manager
4. Price of raw Material
5. None of the above

Answer : Price of raw Material

• Question No. 144

Working capital turnover measures the relationship of working capital with:

**Options :**

1. Fixed assets
2. Stock
3. Purchases
4. Sales
5. Debtors

Answer : Sales

- Question No. 145

Authorized share capital of the firm is greater than

**Options :**

1. Issued share capital
2. Paid up share capital
3. Subscribed share capital
4. A and C
5. A, B and C

Answer : A, B and C

- Question No. 146

Which one of the following would be an unsystematic risk for a company?

**Options :**

1. Inflation
2. Interest rate fluctuation
3. Depreciation of currency
4. Shortage of raw material with supplier of company
5. Drought

Answer : Shortage of raw material with supplier of company

- Question No. 147

Which of the following is false about capital budgeting

**Options :**

1. Capital budgeting decisions are long term in nature
2. Capital budgeting considered time value of money
3. Capital budgeting decisions are reversible in nature

4. Allocated overhead costs are not relevant for capital budgeting
5. None of these

Answer : Capital budgeting decisions are reversible in nature

• Question No. 148

The various forms of capital that can be raised by a company is equity capital, preference share capital, debt capital, etc. The cost of which of these is adjusted for tax?

**Options :**

1. Cost of equity shares
2. Cost of retained earnings
3. Cost of debentures
4. A and C
5. All of these

Answer : Cost of debentures

• Question No. 149

Inventory is generally valued at lower of

**Options :**

1. Cost or net realisable value
2. Cost or sale value
3. Market value or replacement value
4. Replacement value or sale vale
5. None of the above

Answer : Cost or net realisable value

• Question No. 150

For a bank, Loans and advances given to a project company is a:

**Options :**

1. Long term asset
2. Current asset
3. Long term liability
4. Current liability
5. Provision

Answer : Long term asset

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